Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIV. PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY, JUNE 10, 1869. NU MBER

FIRST EDITION.

TWELVE O'CLOCK, M.

THE CAPITAL.

Sons of Temperance Call on the President—Removal of Treasury Clerks—The Situation in Cuba—Letter from A. H. Stephens on the Danger of Imperialism—Indian Depredations in Arizona.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, June 9, 1869.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

The representatives of the National Division of the Sons of Temperance of North America, are now in session in this city. Many, accompanied by members of their families, proceeded to-day to the East Room, in accordance with previous arrangement. The visitors, about two hundred and fifty in number, formed in a semi circle, when the President entered the room and was addressed by Robt. M. Faust, of Pennsylvania, Most Worthy Patriarch of the organization, who said those present were from all parts of the Union and British Provinces, and they came to pay their profound respects to the Chief Magistrate of the nation. In granting this interview they looked upon the President as recognizing their motives in the interests of humanity. Dr. Lee, of England, was introduced. He expressed the hope that the President's Administration would have the effect of strengthening the friendship between the two greatest nations of the earth, that the cause of freedom as well as temperance and morality may be preserved. The President bowed, but made no verbal reply. The visitors then approached in line and were introduced and shook hands, and as the ceremony was completed he retired.

LETTER FROM A. H. STEPHENS.

Alexander H. Stephens, of Georgia, has a letter in one of the Washington papers to-day, in reply to some criticisms on his history of the rebellion. He takes a very gloomy view of the situation and argues that we are drifting to consolidation and empire. Nothing, he says, can prevent the final establishment of Imperialism but a determined effort on the part of the people to preserve free institutions. The remedy he says is not in secession; that was tried and found insufficient. It must be at the ballot box. He calls upon the people of the several States to seriously consider whether they will maintain free institutions or accept Imperialism.

CLERKS REMOVED.

Several of the most prominent clerks connected with the Secretary's office, in the Treasury Department, were removed this morning. Among them were S. C. Marsh, F. V. Robinson, B. F. Duane and Samuel Curtis, of the Warrant Division. The two former have been in charge of the general account and public debt statement for a number of years. The two warrant offices have been consolidated into one division, under J. H. Saville, who will hereafter prepare the public debt statement. Chas. C. Waldron, of the Warehouse Division of the Secretary's office, has been removed, and W. A. Shannon, chief of that Division, has resigned.

INDIAN OUTRAGES IN ARIZONA.

Delegate McCormick, of Arizona, to-day laid before Gen. Sherman and Secretary Rawlins a full statement of recent Indian outrages in Arizona, and the great losses suffered by citizens. He made a fresh appeal for more troops and the matter has been referred to Gen. Thomas, commanding the Pacific Department.

Gen. Sherman has favorably endorsed the memorial of the Legislature of Arizona, requesting that arms and rations be issued to citizens where they can effectively co-operate with troops against hostile Indians.

THE SITUATION IN CUBA.

Information from reliable sources in Havana has been received, which shows the Cubans are making offensive movements and were never in better spirits or more sanguine of success. Telegrams from Havana deny the report that any number of Cubans or any officer of Cuban forces had surrendered to Valmaseda.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Preparations are now being made to resume work in the printing division of the Treasury Department in July, when about two hundred male and as many female employes recently suspended will be reinstated.

LEFT FOR NEW YORK.

President Grant and family, accompanied by Consul Cramer and wife, left Washington to night for New York.

Politics in Alabama.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MONTGOMERY, Ala., June 9.—The Democratic Convention at Troy yesterday nominated A. N. Worthy, of Pike county, for Congress, in the Second District. His disabilities have been removed by act of Congress. The Republicans met in the city yesterday and nominated C. W. Buckley as their candidate.

The Republican Convention to nominate for the Third District met at Opelika, yesterday. There is a wide split in the Convention. A special dispatch says that up to four o'clock this afternoon no organization had been effected and that a break was imminent. The fight is against Norris, the late incumbent.

The Tragedy at Jackson, Miss.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

JACKSON, June 9.—The body of Colonel Crane left for Dayton, Ohio, this morning. The Board of Aldermen of this city passed resolutions condemning his murder and sympathizing with the family of the victim, and closed as follows: "We but reflect the prevailing sentiment of all classes in deprecating the crime."

Georgia Legislator Murdered.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

AUGUSTA, June 9.—A letter from Sandersville, Washington county, to the *Chronicle*, states that Col. R. W. Flourners, Democratic Representative to the Legislature, was murdered in his own field yesterday by a negro man in his employ. The negro has been committed to jail.

The Typographical Convention.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ALBANY, June 9.—The Typographical Convention met this morning. The proxy representation question was re-opened, on motion for reconsideration, and elicited a long discussion, which finally terminated in the adoption of the following resolution by a vote of 48 to 31.

Resolved, That all those delegates who were excluded from this body yesterday be admitted to their seats, as an act of courtesy, not as a right, and in future this Union is of opinion that proxies not actually elected by the Union they represent should not be admitted to seats in the National Union.

The following protest was sent up: To the National Typographical Union: The undersigned, as a delegate from Montgomery, Alabama, protests against the action of your body on his admission as a member, and most respectfully appeals from its decision.

CORNELIUS HALLERAN.

Mr. Hart, on behalf of the Burlington (Iowa) Union, also protested against the action and withdrew from the Convention.

The Chair then announced the Standing Committees.

The Springfield (Illinois) difficulty was settled by recognizing the Union represented by Mr. Hudson, but admitting both Hudson and Higgins.

Mr. Bodwell presented the petition of the Woman's Typographical Union of New York for a charter, which was referred to the Committee on Subordinate Unions.

On motion of Mr. Flynn, a special Committee of seven on the proposed amendments to the Constitution was ordered.

The Chair announced the Committee on Constitutional Amendments as follows: Messrs. Flynn, McGill, Young, Gerickline, Barfield, Halpin and McMurray.

Propositions of business for reference were then received.

The Committee on Credentials reported in favor of admitting Mr. Troup as a delegate from the Montreal Union.

Mr. Troup declined, as he was opposed to proxy representation.

After discussion the matter was indefinitely postponed.

A proposition for the organization of District Unions was referred.

Adjourned until to-morrow evening.

Woman's Rights in Indiana.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

INDIANAPOLIS, June 9.—In the Woman's Rights Convention, to-day, after considerable debate, resolutions were adopted that, *Whereas*, possession of any God-given faculty presupposes right to its use, and *Whereas*, men and women are created equal in mental and moral powers, therefore their right to use these powers are equal and legal restrictions unnecessary and wrong; that one class cannot properly represent the interests of another, and to secure justice to all, all must have a voice in making and enforcing laws; that wherever woman has had opportunity she has shown herself man's equal, a refining influence superadded, that will in all honorable ways labor to remove legal disabilities that now trammel woman's efforts; and that we are proud of all representatives in Congress who favor the Sixteenth Amendment, feeling that women are quite as competent as negroes to judiciously exercise the elective franchise. The Convention will be addressed by Mrs. Livermore this evening on both sides of the woman question.

Affairs in Arkansas.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, June 9.—Arkansas papers give encouraging accounts of the crops in that State, despite an unfavorable start at the beginning of the season.

Hot Springs is filled to overflowing with invalids. A paper styled the *Courier* has been started there, which advocates the Government taking possession of the Springs.

Judge Caldwell, of the United States District Court, in session at Van Buren, Arkansas, has ruled that Indians and residents in the Indian Territory can be taken as bail in criminal cases in the District Court as security on bonds in the same; also that the possession of spirituous liquors in the Indian country is *prima facie* evidence of its having been introduced by the parties in possession, and unless sufficiently explained is sufficient to work conviction.

Nova Scotia and the Union Question.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HALIFAX, June 9.—In the Assembly to-day the Attorney General alluded to the subject of the repeal of the union act, and said the British Legislature had not the power to tax Nova Scotia, and, therefore, has not the power to alter her Constitution. The Province must be liberated from the union. Mild measures had already been taken for the attainment of the object, and now they were about to try stronger measures. He moved that the Attorney General of Nova Scotia be authorized to obtain in the higher English courts a judicial opinion as to her forced union with Canada, and stated that if, after all, the freedom of the Province could not be secured, they would have to take resource to extreme steps. He did not, however, intimate what the steps should be. The debated attracted little interest.

Central American Advices.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, June 9.—The steamer Henry Chauncey brings $75,212 specie and the following news:

Bogota advices to the second of May report serious trouble throughout the Republic. It is thought the Union will soon break up. The Presidential election resulted in favor of the Government. A row occurred in the streets of Bogota in which one man was killed and five wounded badly.

The elections for Senators and Representatives at Panama resulted in favor of the Ministerial party.

The Ariquipa road is progressing rapidly.

Among the passengers by the Chauncey is General Hovey, Minister to Peru.

The Peace Jubilee at Boston.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BOSTON, June 9.—President Grant will attend the opening ceremonies at the Peace Jubilee, and be the guest of the city the first and second days. Governor the occasion. The city government will give the President a grand banquet during his stay.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

NEWS BY CABLE.

Arrest of a Printer at Cork for Fenianism—Emigration—Bishops in the House of Lords Counselled Not to Oppose the Irish Church Bill—Banquet to Irish Deputations—Serious Disturbances in France—The Bayonet Required to Repress the People—Church Difficulty in Austria.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, June 9.—Dispatches received from Cork mention that one Johnson, printer, was arrested in that city, charged with being connected with the Fenian organization, and circulating documents of a treasonable character among the soldiers.

LIVERPOOL, June 9.—Emigration to America is setting in very strongly. Eight thousand people left this port during last week.

LONDON, June 9.—The Arch Bishop of Canterbury has counselled the Bishops in the House of Lords not to oppose the Irish Church Bill.

A banquet was given to-night to the deputations from Ireland, now in this city, bearing petitions against the Irish Church Bill. Many Tory Peers and Clergymen of the Established Church were present.

It is said that twenty-five Conservative Peers will decline to follow the policy of rejection announced by the majority at their meeting last Saturday.

The Postoffice Department has completed the arrangements for the purchase of the lines of telegraph in the United Kingdom, in accordance with the bill passed by Parliament last year.

FRANCE.

PARIS, June 9.—The following are the official returns of the recent elections: Government, 30; Opposition, 28; unknown, 1. The general result is pretty accurately known. The next Corps Legislatif will be composed as follows: Government, 213; Independent, 42; Radical, 35.

PARIS, June 9.—The Marquis De La Vallette, Minister of Foreign Affairs, at his official reception to-day, thanked the Prussian Charge D'Affairs for the favorable tone of the Berlin journals in regard to the elections in France.

PARIS, June 9—*Evening*.—The Emperor has issued a decree convening the Corps Legislatiff on the 23d inst.

The election riots at Nantes were more serious than the first dispatches represented. The troops were called out and were obliged to use the bayonet in dispersing the mob. Many rioters were wounded and a large number arrested. At last advices order had been restored and the city was quiet.

A telegram to-night states that large and tumultuous crowds assembled again in the Mont Martre District, and that troops were called out to suppress disturbance.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, June 9.—Cardinal Ranscher, the Arch Bishop of Vienna, has intervened to protect Bishop Leins from the secular power, but the Ministry assert that they are unable to interfere with the course of justice. In consequence of the affair a coldness is manifesting itself in the relations between the Cardinal and the Imperial Government.

HINDOSTAN.

BOMBAY, June 8, *via* LONDON, June 9.—Advices from Cabool report that Azim and Rahman have given up all hope of overthrowing Sheere Aali, and have gone to Teheran. Sheere Aali has introduced many reforms in his government. He had remodeled his army, established a police force, and forbidden citizens from carrying arms.

SPAIN.

MADRID, June 9.—The project for Regency was debated at great length in the Cortes yesterday. It was at last referred to a committee. During the discussion Olazaga stated that the election of a King at present was impossible.

AUSTRALIA.

LONDON, June 9.—Advices from Melbourne report that several members had been expelled from the Parliament of Victoria for bribery, and proceedings against them were pending.

TURKEY.

VIENNA, June 9.—The reported treaty has been concluded by a Commission appointed by the Turkish and Persian Governments, to arrange a boundary between the two countries.

MARINE NEWS.

LONDON, June 9.—The steamship Fulton, from New York, arrived yesterday at Cowes. The steamship Hansa, from New York, arrived at Southampton this morning.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, June 9—*Evening*.—Consols for money, 92⅝, for account 92¾. Five-twenty bonds at London, 80⅝; at Frankfort firmer but not higher at 86¾. Stocks: Eries, 18¾; Illinois, 94½; Atlantic and Great Western, 25.

LIVERPOOL, June 9.—Cotton market quiet; middling uplands, 11¾; Orleans, 12; sales of 10,000 bales. California white wheat, 9s 6d; red western, 8s 6d. Flour, 21s 6d. Corn, 27s 9d. Oats. 3s 4d. Barley, 5s. Peas, 36s 6d. Pork, 99s. Beef, 90s. Lard, 71s. Cheese, 79s. Bacon, 62s. Spirits petroleum, 8d; refined, 1s 7½d. Tallow, 44s. Spirits Turpentine, 25s 6d.

LONDON, June 9.—Tallow, 43s 6d. Sugar, 39s 6d@40s on spot; afloat easier at 28s 9d@29s. Turpentine, 28s 9d. Petroleum at Antwerp 48fr.

—The cricket match between the first eleven of the Philadelphia Cricket Club and St. George Club commenced yesterday at Hoboken. One inning was played on each side, the Philadelphians scoring one hundred and the St. Georges one hundred thirty-seven. The match is to be continued to-day. After the play a silver tankard was presented to Samuel Wright, veteran St. George Cricketer, by a committee of St. George Club, with a purse of $350, on the occasion of his retiring from a professional service of thirty-two years. The Philadelphians united in congratulating him.

News from Cuba.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HAVANA, June 9.—The fact is now established beyond a doubt that the filibusters who landed in the Bay of Nipe have effected a junction with the forces of Quesada. The troops have had several skirmishes with insurgents recently near Trinidad.

Havana is quiet.

The Sugar market is heavy, and sales were made to-day on a basis of 8¾@8⅞ reals Arrobe for No. 12 D. S.

NEW YORK, June 9.—A special dispatch from Havana states that the emigration of Cubans from the Island has again commenced and large numbers are leaving.

The Commission of Volunteers met yesterday, but adjourned without taking action.

It is reported that Minister Roberts has telegraphed from Washington to the authorities at Havana, warning them there of their precarious position.

Advices from Trinidad have been received. A revolutionary movement was on foot at that place. The volunteers had attempted to depose the Governor, who resisted and was killed.

Gen. Lesca, with the Vasque volunteers, has gone to Cuico Villas. The Nuevitas Railroad has again been cut. The government has received information that two slave ships are expected here.

The Indian Excitement in Kansas.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, June 9.—A dispatch from Ellsworth, Kansas, says Captain Whitney, from Saline River, says the Indians have disappeared from the settlements, and the settlers are in better spirits since the arrival of the scouts. No Indians have been seen in that vicinity to-day, though a number of bands were reported going south yesterday. A large number of settlers from Elkhorn and other places came in to-day for arms, but could not get any from the Government or State authorities.

The passenger traffic on this end of the road is almost double what it was before the Indian excitement, that having apparently given a spice to travel.

Governor Harvey has applied for three regiments of cavalry to serve one year against the Indians.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—Hon. Robert Schenck sailed for Europe, in the Java, yesterday.

—A rumor is afloat of the loss of the steamer City of Paris—undoubtedly a canard.

—One hundred and twenty five persons are confined in the Missouri penitentiary for military offences.

—Extensive arrangements for celebrating the Fourth of July are being made at San Francisco.

—Gen. Canby has appointed Judge Advocate H. B. Burnham to be Judge of the Virginia Court of Appeals.

—Gen. Halleck, Tuesday night, was the recipient of a handsome gold badge from veterans, at San Francisco.

—The vote in Cleveland on the Methodist lay delegation question resulted in their admission by a large majority.

—Thomas A. Beale and Charles Pressell have been arrested at Altoona, Pa., as incendiaries, and confessed their guilt.

—Judge Blatchford, at New York, has granted the motion to bond the Quaker City, and appointed appraisers to make a valuation.

—The saw and planing mill of D. Cole & Son, at Havana, New York, was burned yesterday morning. Loss $20,000; no insurance.

—Senator Casserly, of California, arrived at San Francisco, Tuesday night, and was formally welcomed by the Democratic clubs.

—The prohibitory liquor bill, excepting the cider clause, has passed the Massachusetts House of Representives by a vote of 152 to 67.

—The tannery of T. K. Butler and machine shop of P. C. Curtiss, at Utica, N. Y., were burnt yesterday. Loss $12,000; only partial insurance.

—Pullman's Palace Hotel and sleeping cars left Promontory, Utah, yesterday morning, for Sacramento, by special train on the Central Pacific.

—The New York hotel waiters' strike has ended in a victory for the proprietors, who have taken back less than twenty of the strikers.

—Memorial day was observed in Petersburgh, Va., yesterday. Business was generally suspended and many buildings were draped in mourning.

—A St. Paul dispatch says forty-four million feet of logs have passed Sauk Rapids this year, and about twelve million feet are yet to come.

—A colony of Japanese, recently arrived in California, have purchased land in El Dorado county, and contemplate the culture of tea and silk.

—About a dozen carts, the advance guard of the annual Red river fur train, passed through St. Cloud on Monday afternoon. The main train will be along in a few days.

—Arizona advices to May 22d, state it is rumored that Berry Dodson and party, who started from Prescott for the Eastern States, via New Mexico, were murdered by Indians.

—General Pope, commanding the Department of the Lakes, announces Brevet Brigadier General Louis H. Pelouze as Assistant Adjutant General of that Department.

—Returns from eight counties in Washington Territory give Garfield, Republican, four hundred and twenty-one majority, indicating his election by a majority of five hundred.

—The newly organized Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, in Philadelphia, commenced operations yesterday by arresting city car drivers for overloading their cars.

—Colonel Thomas J. Kelly, who was rescued at Manchester, England, by Larkin, Gould and O'Brien, has been appointed Superintendent of one of the New York City Sub-Postoffices.

—Patrick Bulkley, long confined in jail at Ottawa, Canada, on suspicion of being an accomplice in the murder of D'Arcy McGee, has become insane and has been placed in a lunatic asylum.

—The last deposits of five hundred dollars in the match between Mike McCool and Thomas Allen have been made at St. Louis. The fight is to take place on the 15th, but where is not announced.

—At the German Workingmen's Festival, which took place at Jones' Woods, New York, on Monday and Tuesday, immense crowds were present. The proceeds of the festival were for the *Arbeiter Union*, a new German labor paper.

—The Executive Committee of the Second Advent Society of the United States has decided to hold the next National Camp Meeting on grounds near Springfield, Massachusetts, beginning August 28th and continuing over two Sundays.

—The harness makers had a picnic in the vicinity of Newark, N. J., yesterday, at which Senator Sprague attended and spoke about half an hour, advising the people to organize for their own protection against the monopolizing power of individuals of large wealth.

—At Lodi, New Jersey, Tuesday, five men employed at the Print Works, who had been in the habit of drinking a beverage composed of oil of vitriol and alcohol, were poisoned by taking arsenic in their mixture, mistaking it for vitriol. Four of them died within a few hours.

—The New York *Express* ascertains, it says, from a reliable source, that the Committee of the Central Cuba Junta are in treaty with the owner for the charter of a fast screw vessel of seven hundred tons to convey three hundred men and a large supply of arms to Cuba. It is said the vessel will start in a few days.

—H. C. Burchard, the Republican candidate, has been elected to Congress from the Third District of Illinois in place of Hon. E. B. Washburne, appointed Minister to France. Mr. Burchard's majority will probably be four to five thousand. There was no Democratic candidate in the field. Hon. John V. Eustace, also Republican, was the only opposing candidate. He received the concerted support of no party and in several towns received no votes.

—Lieutenant General Sheridan, accompanied by Brevet Major General Rucker, Brevet Brigadier General J. W. Forsyth, Brevet Major M. J. Arch, Surgean, and his staff, left Chicago for Omoha and Salt Lake City, the latter city being located at the extreme western boundary of the Lieutenant General's Military Division. General Sheridan's object in making this tour is to look after the various posts and stations along the line of the Union Pacific Railroad, and ascertain by personal observation what distribution of troops may be necessary in order to secure better protection from Indians for those points. He expects to be absent ten or twelve days.

—In the American Institute of Homeopathy, at Boston, yesterday, Dr. Helmouth, of St. Louis, read a paper on the extirpation of the lower jaw, defending his statement against Dr. Franklin's criticism. Dr. Hale, of Chicago, also read an interesting paper. The Committee on Credentials reported fifteen State Societies, forty-five local or county Societies, seventy-eight hospitals, twenty-four dispensaries, eight colleges, and twelve medical journals represented by one hundred and twenty-two delegates. In the afternoon the members of the Institute went on an excursion in the harbor, and in the evening enjoyed a social levee and collation as guests of the city.

—A National Convention of master car builders assembled in Chicago yesterday, J. Van Houten in the chair. About forty representatives were in attendance from various eastern and western cities. The chief object of the meeting is to secure as far as practicable more uniformity in the construction of railroad cars. The first and principal business transacted was the election of officers of the Association for the ensuing year. The election resulted in the choice of J. W. Van Houten, of Pa. Central Railroad, President; Hugh Grey, of the Chicago and North Western Railroad, Vice President; J. W. Davis, of Pa. Central Railroad, Secretary, and A. Steinback, of Philadelphia and Reading Railroad, Treasurer. Communications from officers of various railroads, tendering the compliments of their roads to delegates, were received and referred to a special committee. After an informal discussion of some minor matters, on motion a Committee of Three was appointed to revise the articles of the Constitution of the Association. The question of appointing a Committee on Patents was raised and discussed at length, resulting in a decision not to appoint such a committee. A number of communications from patentees, however, were read. They related to the warming, heating, ventilating and upholstering of cars. It was moved and carried that parties wishing to do so might present their patents to the Association for inspection.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Brewers' Convention.

A meeting of the brewers and beer sellers of Allegheny county was held yesterday afternoon at Wackers' Hall, at the foot of Troy Hill, relative to the repeal of the Sunday liquor law.

The meeting was organized by calling Mr. Hagleman to the chair, the election of Mr. J. G. Walter Secretary, and J. Wacker Treasurer.

The Chairman stated the object of the meeting, after which the following gentlemen were appointed a committee to draft resolutions, expressive of the sense of the meeting relative to the matter under consideration: Messrs. Zeisler, Ott, Walther and Narrer.

The Committee, after a brief absence, reported resolutions condemning the Sunday liquor law as odious and tyrannical; but the Committee believed, with General Grant, that the surest and most speedy way to repeal an odious law was by strictly enforcing it, and, therefore, recommended a strict enforcement of the law.

It was also resolved to hold another meeting at Turners' Hall, Sixth street, Wednesday evening, June 16th, to which all free thinking Germans are invited.

The resolutions were adopted, the Committee continued, and authorized to provide ways and means for carrying out the spirit of the resolutions.

A society is to be organized for the purpose of having the Sunday law strictly enforced, expecting thereby to make it so odious to the people that they will demand its repeal.

Adjourned.

Lincoln Avenue and Grant Avenue Property at Auction.—On Tuesday, June 15th, at two o'clock, that double brick dwelling of ten rooms on Grant avenue, near Western avenue. On the same day at three o'clock, that vacant lot, 100 by 140 feet, on Lincoln avenue, opposite the Orphans' Home.

A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer,
159 Federal Street, Allegheny.

An Elopement—Almost.

From the developments of yesterday it would seem that for some time past a youthful benedict of our sister city has been dividing his loving attention between the society of his affectionate wife and two young children, and that of an attractive young lady in another quarter of the town from his home. With considerable skill and tact he so arranged matters that his connubial partner supposed, at least, until within a few days since, that she was the sole object of his heart's affections, while the young lady had equally as positive a view that it was she who alone commanded his warmest attention. Matters went along very smoothly until finally the loving husband and fond lover placed his heart and hand at the disposal of the single lady. She of course accepted. Arrangements were accordingly made for a trip and a marriage. Yesterday morning the husband stated on leaving home that he intended making a business trip, and his wife must not be alarmed if he did not return for a day or two. The good woman, however, was alarmed almost immediately after he had left the house. Something in her liege's manner, coupled with several suspicious circumstances of the previous few days, led her to think. As a result of the deliberation she started for the Union Depot. Arriving there a young lady, of prepossessing appearance, who was evidently waiting for a friend attracted her attention. In a short time, by some magnetic attraction perhaps, the two women became acquainted, conversation ensued. The young lady was expecting a gentleman friend who was to accompany her on a trip to Greensburgh. She wore his likeness in a large breastpin. The married lady examined the article of jewelry and found a remarkable resemblance between the picture and the features of her husband. Explanations followed, the plot was revealed and the two women, arm in arm, left the Depot to investigate further the villainy of the deceiver. They returned in a short time and patiently waited his appearance, but waited in vain. He came not. Doubtless he had concluded not to make the trip, and returned to his own fireside. "The best laid plans o' mice and men aft gang aglee."

Suicide—An Unknown Man Jumps From a Boat-House into the Allegheny River.

Yesterday evening about six o'clock a singular case of suicide occurred near the Allegheny Suspension Bridge, in the Allegheny river, the victim most probably being a stranger in the city, as no person appeared to know who he was or where he came from, and the body not having been recovered, there appears to be no means of identifying him. At the time stated, a middle aged, well dressed and rather large man was observed standing on the bow of the boat-house of the Undine Boat Club, which is moored on the south side of the Allegheney river, a short distance above the suspension bridge, apparently in a deep study. His manner and rather peculiar actions attracted the attention of a gentleman and lady who were crossing the bridge, and they stopped for a moment to look at him, when just at that instant he plunged headforemost into the water and disappeared. A moment later he came to the surface, and almost instantly sank to rise no more. A slight effort only was made to recover the body by several persons who were attracted to the place by the report, but it was unsuccessful. Many conjectures and rumors were in circulation as to the identity of the unfortunate man, but they all appear to be without foundation. A man answering the description as given by the gentleman who witnessed the rash act, was observed about half an hour prior to the occurrence, apparently in a mood of abstraction, walking back and forth along Duquesne Way, in the vicinity of the Hand street bridge.

The End of the Wife Murderer.

A most shocking homicide, a partial account of which we published yesterday morning, occurred in South Huntingdon township, Westmoreland county, about eight miles from West Newton, Monday morning last.

It appears that Samuel Morrow, the perpetrator of the horrible crime, has, for some time past been insane on the subject of religion, and at one time became so violent that his friends were compelled to restrain him with chains to prevent him from injuring his family. Subsequently, however, he became more calm, and it was thought had recovered entirely from the malady. Sunday morning he again evinced some evidences of insanity, but was not violent. Monday morning he called his family into the room and engaged in family worship. His wife it appears, was busy milking and did not attend worship, and when the husband came out she was at the spring house straining milk. He, on seeing her there armed himself with a heavy club, and immediately made an attack upon her, the details of which we published yesterday. His oldest son interposed to save his mother, and was felled to the ground by a blow from the club. A younger son then interposed, and the father made an assault upon him. The son fled, and was followed for over half a mile by his father, whom he managed to elude. Tuesday morning, some men searching for Morrow, found his dead body hanging to a tree by a strip of hickory bark, in the woods about half a mile from his house. Thus ends the double tragedy.

American Bank.

This institution, located at No. 80 Fourth avenue, although only a short time in operation, is in a most flourishing condition. It has attained already almost to the *status* of some of our oldest banking establishments. The amount of transient deposits which it receives daily is almost unprecedented for a bank of its age. Its worthy President, John Floyd, Esq., although in some respects in a new business as to practical details, is nevertheless perfectly at home in monetary negotiations. He has been an officer for many years in some of our most substantial banks, and has long been accustomed to handle large sums of money, as he has indeed, since we became acquainted with him, been a banker for a great many country merchants within a large circle of the surrounding neighborhood. William Floyd, Esq., being a shrewd and experienced financier, makes a first class Cashier. The American Bank is managed with consummate ability. There is no safer or more reliable institution in this vicinity.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

WHAT THE ENGINES SAID.

The *Overland* for June crosses the continent on the completed Pacific Railroad. As there are few readers who have not been told before that it is the "greatest work of the age," they will, perhaps, overlook the omission here of much of the popular rhetoric in regard to "indissoluble ties," "wedding of the East to the West," &c. But some who remember to have read that "the two locomotives moved up until their pilots rubbed together, symbolic of the friendly salute of their respective owners," did not perhaps hear

WHAT THE ENGINES SAID.

What was it the engines said,
Pilots touching—head to head
Facing on the single track,
Half a world behind each back!
This is what the engines said,
Unreported and unread!

With a prefatory screech,
In a florid Western speech,
Said the Engine from the West:
"I am from Sierra's crest;
And, if altitude's a test,
Why, I reckon, it's confessed
That I've done my level best."

Said the Engine from the East:
"They who work best talk the least;
'Spose yo whistle down your brakes,
What you've done is no great shakes;
Pretty fair—but let our meeting
Be a different kind of greeting.
Let these folks, with champagne stuffing,
Not their Engines, do the puffing.

Listen! Where Atlantic beats
Shores of snow and summer heats;
Where the Indian autumn skies
Paints the woods with wampum dyes;
I have chased the flying sun,
Seeing all he looked upon—
Blessing all that he has blest—
Nursing in my iron breast
All his vivifying heat.
All his clouds about my crest;
And before my flying feet
Every shadow must retreat."

Said the Western Engine, "Phew!"
And a long, low whistle blew.
"Come now, really that's the oddest
Talk for one so very modest—
You brag of your East! *You* do?
Why, I bring the East to you!
All the Orient—all Cathay—
Find through me the shortest way,
And the sun you follow here
Rises in my hemisphere.
Really—if one must be rude—
Length, my friend, ain't longitude."

Said the Union: "Don't reflect, or
I'll run over some Director."
Said the Central: "I'm Pacific
But when rifled, I'm quite terrific.
Yet to-day we shall not quarrel
Just to show these folks this moral,
How two Engines—in their vision—
Once have met without collision."

That is what the Engines said,
Unreported and unread,
Spoken lightly through the nose,
With a whistle at the close.
—*Overland Monthly.*

EPHEMERIS.

—Belle Boyd is married again.

—Cincinnati has a floating bath house.

—Ratazzi and his wife have quarreled.

—Texan farmers have cut their wheat.

—The Duke of Edinburgh is to visit Japan.

—Mrs. Scott Siddons is coming back in September.

—Mosquitoes are becoming great bores in Boston.

—A woman's rights store is the latest Boston idea.

—Sister Patrocino has started a nunnery in France.

—Green-corn is enjoyed very much by Charlestonians now.

—The grass hopper pest is becoming alarming in Missouri.

—Western farmers offer a reward for a useful grasshopper trap.

—Miss Maggie Mitchell's mother died in New York on Sunday.

—A gentleman of New York recently bequeathed $50,000 to Yale College.

—The New York hotel waiters have given in, and the strike is at an end.

—Mme. Rossini has sold the unpublished music of her husband for $30,000.

—A farmer in Georgia has found human bones mixed in with his guano.

—Strawberries sell, in some parts of Southern Illinois, at two cents a quart.

—A picture of Bierstadt's took the first prize at the last art exhibition in Berlin.

—Two unknown dead bodies were found in the river at Cincinnati on Monday.

—A Cincinnati bar keeper absconded on Monday with $75 belonging to his employer.

—The cap makers have struck in New York, so hats will probably be more worn than ever.

—Twelve acres of the Regent's Park, in London, are to be fenced in and used as a cricket ground.

—A colony of Poles is to settle in South Carolina, where it has procured 50,000 acres of land.

—A fifteen ton steam roller has been added to the stock of gardening utensils in use at Central Park.

—Mr. Burlingame and his mandarins are going now to St. Petersburg, where they are to be magnificently received.

—More than seventeen million dollars worth of property have been destroyed by fire in this country since January 1st.

—A farmer in Vermont has been feeding this spring to his cattle, hay which he has had stored away for thirty-four years.

—A company of Englishmen has been granted a large tract of land in the Empire of Morocco for the purpose of raising cotton.

—The clerk of a county in Indiana has been sued by the parents of a young lady under age, to whom he issued a marriage license.

—The Queen of Madagascar, together with her Cabinet Ministers, were baptized recently in the English Missionary Chapel.

—The bark Ernst and Bruno, from Havana, put into New York harbor on Tuesday in distress, having yellow fever on board.

—Mr. George Peabody arrived in the Scotia, at New York, on Tuesday morning, in better health than when he left Liverpool.

—One hundred and fifty persons were arrested in Chicago one day last week for leaving horses standing unhitched in the streets.

—In Syracuse, New York, a child, eleven years old, has been arrested for poisoning another child and setting fire to a dwelling.

—A row of three story buildings in Bronson, Michigan, fell on Thursday last, burying three men, who were subsequently rescued.

—There is still living in England an old man, one hundred and six years of age, who fought on the British side in the American Revolution.

—Strawberry festivals are common now in Cincinnati. Another week and our time will come, if we can get any weather warm enough to enjoy them.

—At Springfield, Ohio, on Sunday, a number of boys were playing on a turntable. One was caught between the table and the wall, and crushed to death.

—Fechter wears a blonde wig when he plays Hamlet. As he can hardly think Hamlet wore a wig, he probably does it to show his opposition to the realistic drama.

—On Monday night the office of R. L. Smith, Esq., at Lysander, Onondaga county, New York, was entered by burglars, who stole more than $20,000 worth of bonds and mortgages.

—When Carlyle was taking tea with Victoria the other day, he grumblingly remarked, "There is nothing but wealth, wealth," and the latter replied, "there is some poverty, Mr. Carlyle."

—Maximilian's inland estate in the Adriatic has been sold. The well-kept forests will be cut down to give place to lime-kilns, and the castle, built by Richard Cœur de Lion, will be made a bathing house.

—The assassins of State Senator Atkins, of Georgia, will probably be arrested. The Sheriff of Warrenton has been granted a military escort and troops have been sent to assist him in arresting the criminals.

—Wm. H. Beard, the artist, has printed a companion picture to his "old woman who lived in a shoe." It is entitled "Gulliver's foot," and is said to be very humorous and excellently conceived and executed.

—The New York *Post* says: Eliza J. Bevens, who caused the arrest of Kate Fisher, the actress, on a charge of larceny, and was herself subsequently served with a writ of *habeas corpus* to give up a child retained by her, has fled from the city.

—A married man who eloped from Mississippi has just written to his deserted wife to educate his three children respectably, as he hopes to meet them in heaven, if circumstances over which he has no control should forbid their meeting again on earth.

—On Sunday four men, two women and a child went out in a skiff, from Crown city, below Gallipolis, upon the Ohio, to ride upon the swell of a passing steamer. The skiff was too heavily laden and sunk, drowning all of the seven persons on board.

—A Philadelphia paper, in speaking of a prominent lecturess, says she lost her temper while speaking in that city, and a Boston paper replies that is all a mistake, as she showed it when she lectured in Boston, afterwards.

—Northern capital is rapidly investing in Southern real estate. A New York gentleman has just bought 14,600 acres of rice and timber lands in South Carolina for $40,000, and 2,400 acres of plantation land in the same State for $28,000.

—A report at the War Office, received from the Plains, says that the immediate cause of the late Indian troubles in Kansas was the firing upon a squaw by some settlers. Eleven white persons are known to have been killed in retaliation for this outrage.

—The King of Denmark has the reputation of being the best match maker in Europe, but he has secured a husband for his next marriageable daughter, the Princess Thyra, who is not so great a catch, by far, as those of his elder daughters. He is the Prince Ernst, eldest son of the ex-King of Hanover.

A Hair in a Watch.

A good story is told of two boys living in Western New York, many years ago, whose father, on returning from a visit to the East, brought them as a present a silver "bull's eye" watch. There was a warm discussion as to which of the boys should carry it, but it was finally decided that one boy should carry it one day, and the other the next; and that the one not carrying the watch should always have the key in his possession. This watch was the only one in the settlement, and the display of even the key was an enviable ornament. One day the elder of the brothers was to make a journey to the city, to be gone two days; and, after a long and serious consultation, it was determined that he must maintain the dignity of the family by wearing the watch; but the younger was to retain the key. So they bethought them to give it a good winding, that it might run for twice its usual period of twenty-four hours. The key was applied and twisted vigorously for fifteen minutes, when they found to their consternation that the little machine no longer "ticked." They shook it and thumped, but no signs of life appeared. So a diagnosis was determined upon. After careful inspection of the interior mysteries, the elder brother exclaimed, "I have it, Joe! Don't you see that fine hair curled up in there? that's what stops it." "Fact," said Joe, "that must be it. Can't we yank it out?" A pin was at once bent up into a hook, and "the hair" was "yanked" out. The watch didn't go any better when relieved of it; and to this day the boys have not been permitted to forget about the watch with the hair in it.

An entirely new style of engine boiler has just been made in Detroit. It is of steel, 5-16th of an inch thick, single shell, 20 feet long and 4 feet in diameter, and is intended to stand upright upon a five-foot square furnace. In its center is a flue 36 inches in diameter at the base, and tapering to a diameter of 16 inches 12 feet from the base. For the remainder of the way, where it is above water, it is 24 inches in diameter and surrounded by fire brick.

The Plight of the American Stage.

In an article on the general aspect of theatrical affairs, the New York *Tribune* presents some strictures which are worthy of a general application. It says:

Now, as often heretofore, "the almighty dollar" is the chief object of pursuit. Various persons are engaged, according to such intelligence as they possess, in the business of conducting what they call theaters; but the idea that they have assumed anything more than a mercantile responsibility seems, for the most part, to be utterly absent from their minds. Little or no heed is given to the drama. Acting, as an art, may here and there find a practical advocate; but, in the main, the especial object for which the stage was devised—the soul of truth and power whereby it has lived and flourished, and may claim consideration as one of the forces influencing the education of mankind—is altogether ignored. This is not a new state of facts. It has existed for a long time. True, the monotony of this coarse spectacle, of money grubbing under false pretenses, has been occasionally varied by a spurt of honest dramatic effort and enterprise. A few persons, consecrated to the player's art, have tried to act good plays well, and therein to keep faith with their calling, to maintain the stage in dignity and usefulness, and to justify intellect and refined feelings in their advocacy of the drama as a beneficial and honorable institution. But, temporarily at any rate, the false pretenses have the best of the battle. Next week only one theatre in New York—that of Edwin Booth—will present the drama. The rest will be devoted to bosh, which will be presented under the *disguise* of drama. This is neither more nor less than mercantile subterfuge. What we have so often said before, therefore, is now in order, to be said again. The theatre is not merely a place for the sale of merchandise. It is one thing to buy and sell goods, and another thing to administer the arts. The keeper of a theater is a man of business, indeed—but he is also a preceptor of the public mind, and he sustains a responsibility scarcely less grave than that of the clergyman himself. Such a preceptor has no right to trifle with his trust. If he cannot fulfill his duty, and keep his theater open, on the basis of good plays well acted, he had better close that theater and resort to some simpler vocation. To say that the public will not *pay* for good plays well acted is not to the purpose. If the public, indeed, will not sustain decent theaters, then it is best that those theaters should disappear. Their conductors surely can turn to something else, less exacting morally and financially, and therefore more profitable. It is a simple alternative. The Cumberland sunk with her colors flying at the mast-head. Failure is not ignoble in a good cause. But to pretend to keep a theater, and yet to turn it into a dance-house or something worse, is to be guilty of imposture—is to defame the drama by degrading its surroundings, and to defraud society of the benefits which it ought to receive from a noble and beautiful art. Nor is it a defense to say that society repudiates art, and prefers female calf, tinsel and red fire. The allegation is untrue. In every community, of course, there are fools and beasts who, instead of the drama; would prefer a ratfight or a show of model artists. But that is no good reason why a theatrical manager should give them what they want. His concern is with the drama. In every community there are wise, refined, tasteful persons in sufficient numbers to sustain decent, high-toned theatres in a sufficiently liberal way. To discard these, the pander to the mob, is willfully to do wrong for the sake of gain. The plea that the public will have this, and wont have the other, &c., has come to be as disgusting as it is trite. The public should be made to follow, and not forever be permitted to lead. It is pitiful, indeed, if intellectual men must stoop to scent out a taste for carrion, and feed vultures because the dirty business pays. This practice of concession to the assumed appetites of the hydra-headed mob has rotted the stage nearly to its foundation. Another ominous evil combines with it, too, in the influx, into the dramatic world, of a horde of outside barbarians—utterly foreign to the stage—who come to speculate in theatres as they do in cotton and in pork. These men, be it here said, know no more about the drama, and care no more about it, than the man in the moon. Looking about upon the theatres of New York, at the present time, it is easy to see how these influences work. The stage is overwhelmed with mummers and dancing girls, variously ridiculous or vulgar, who are striving, with all the little gifts they have, to win the reward of prosperity by pandering to the sensual instincts of the people. And this medley of bombast and dirt proclaims itself as the drama; while, in more than one theatre roués and courtesans, sometimes consorting with the manager himself, flaunt in the boxes, in their gilded trappings of brazen vice. It is a revel of Cyprians, on the money of prosperous counter-jumpers. This state of facts, we remember, was lately made the occasion of a somewhat hasty and irritated protest, in public speech and letter, by Miss Olive Logan; and we observe that the lady has been pretty soundly abused for what is called an attack on "the profession." *What* profession, we should like to know, is insulted by such a protest? Nobody attacks the stage in attacking a brazen imposture, reeking with vice, that has mendaciously assumed the stage's form and function. Acting is an honorable art, and the people who worthily pursue it and live by it are honorable people; and it is in their interest, and not against it, that that rebuke of all this frivolity and vice is directed. The bare-legged women who tramp over the boards in burlesque and kick up their heels in the can-can, have, with here and there an exception—no more title to be regarded as members of the dramatic profession than they have to be regarded as members of the French Academy. They are a sort of fungus upon the stage, and the fungus has now become excessive and intolerable. We do not mean to say that, in all this flock of pantomimes, burlesques, and ballets, existent or yet to come, features of merit may not be found. Nonsence has its graces and its rights, as well as sense. But it is needful to remind theatrical managers that there is such an institution as The Drama, for the development of which theatres exist, and that intelligence, taste, refinement, and morality—matters of great import to the welfare of society—have rights that theatrical greed cannot safely violate. Licentiousness and reckless thirst for gain have gone very far, of late days, to ruin the American stage as a vehicle of art and a school of acting; and strong measures are justifiable to combat the evil.

GAS FIXTURES.

WELDON & KELLY,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Lamps, Lanterns, Chandeliers,
AND LAMP GOODS.
Also, CARBON AND LUBRICATING OILS,
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se9:n22 Between 5th and 6th Avenues.

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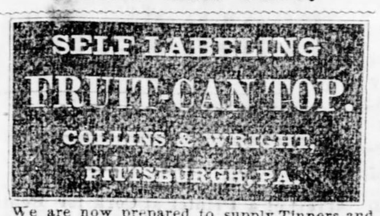

We are now prepared to supply Tinners and Potters. It is perfect, simple, and as cheap as the plain top, having the names of the various Fruits stamped upon the cover, radiating from the center, and an index or pointer stamped upon the top of the can.
It is Clearly, Distinctly and Permanently LABELED,
by merely placing the name of the fruit the can contains opposite the pointer and sealing in the customary manner. No preserver of fruit or good housekeeper will use any other after once seeing it. mh26

WATER PIPES,
CHIMNEY TOPS
A large assortment,
HENRY H. COLLINS,
ap14:h87 2d Avenue, near Smithfield St.

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WALL PAPER
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WINDOW SHADES,
OF
New and Handsome Designs,
NOW OPENING AT
No. 107 Market Street
(NEAR FIFTH AVENUE,)
Embracing a large and carefully selected stock of the newest designs from the FINEST STAMPED GOLD to the CHEAPEST ARTICLE known to the trade. All of which we offer at prices that will pay buyers to examine.
JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.
mh23:g41

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THE OLD PAPER STORE IN A NEW PLACE,
W. P. MARSHALL'S
NEW WALL PAPER STORE,
191 Liberty Street,
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SPRING GOODS ARRIVING DAILY. mh6

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Copper Distilled Pure Rye Whiskey.
Also, dealers in FOREIGN WINES and LIQUORS, HOPS, &c. mh28:n89

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FINE VASES,
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NEW STYLES,
DINNER SETS,
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A large stock of
SILVER PLATED GOODS
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PEARL MILL Three Star Green Brand, equal to
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This Flour will only be sent out when especially ordered.
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A Beautiful Line.
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At Reduced Prices.
New Puffed Collars and Cuffs,
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CORSETS, a Complete Stock.
GENTS' SUMMER UNDERWEAR,
In Merino, Gauze and Cotton.
WHITE AND STRIPED MESLIN SHIRTS.
Our Stock of
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Defies Competition.
EMBROIDERIES,
LACES,
HANDKERCHIEFS.
MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,
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Dress Trimmings and Buttons.
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Agents for "Harris' Seamless Kids."
Spring and Summer underwear,
Sole Agents for the Bemis Patent Shape Collars, "Lockwood's" "Irving," "West End," "Elite," &c; "Dickens," "Derby," and other styles.
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WEST COMMON
Machine Stone Works,
Northwest corner of West Common Allegheny.
FRED'K ATWATER & CO.
Have on hand or prepare on short notice Hearth and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brewery Vaults, &c. Head and Tomb Stones, &c. Orders promptly executed. Prices reasonable.

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CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL private diseases. Syphilis in all its forms, all urinary diseases, and the effects of mercury are completely eradicated: Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness and Impotency, resulting from self-abuse or other causes, and which produces some of the following effects, as blotches, bodily weakness, indigestion, consumption, aversion to society, unmanliness, dread of future events, loss of memory, indolence, nocturnal emissions, and finally so prostrating the sexual system as to render marriage unsatisfactory, and therefore imprudent, are permanently cured. Persons afflicted with these or any other delicate, intricate or long standing constitutional complaint should give the Doctor a trial; he never fails.
A particular attention given to all Female complaints, Leucorrhea or Whites, Falling, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Womb, Ovaritis, pruritis, Amenorrhoea, Menorrhagia, Dysmenorrhoea, and Sterility or Barrenness, are treated with the greatest success.
It is self-evident that a physician who confines himself exclusively to the study of a certain class of diseases and treats thousands of cases every year must acquire greater skill in that specialty than one in general practice.
The Doctor publishes a medical pamphlet of fifty pages that gives a full exposition of venereal and private diseases, that can be had free at office or by mail for two stamps, in sealed envelopes. Every sentence contains instruction to the afflicted, and enabling them to determine the precise nature of their complaints.
The establishment, comprising ten ample rooms, is central. When it is not convenient to visit the city, the Doctor's opinion can be obtained by giving a written statement of the case, and medicines can be forwarded by mail or express. In some instances, however, a personal examination is absolutely necessary, while in others daily personal attention is required, and for the accommodation of such patients there are apartments connected with the office that are provided with every requisite that is calculated to promote recovery, including medicated Vapor baths. All prescriptions are prepared in the Doctor's own laboratory, under his personal supervision. Medical pamphlets at office free, or by mail for two stamps. No matter who have failed, read what he says. Hours 9 A.M. to 8 P.M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P.M. Office, No. 9 WYLIE STREET, (near Court House,) Pittsburgh, Pa.

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FULL LINE OF
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DISSOLUTION.

DISSOLUTION.
The partnership between the subscribers as Boiler Makers, &c., under the name of WM. BARNHILL & CO., was dissolved by agreement on May 8th, 1869. The books and debts owing to the late firm will be settled and collected only by Mr. GEO. N. ARMSTRONG, at the office of the late firm, No. 26 Penn street, who is hereunto duly authorized, and claims against the firm will be presented to him.
WM. BARNHILL,
LEVI BRENNEMAN.
PITTSBURGH, June 3, 1869. je4 k27

OFFICE WEST POINT FOUNDRY, May 10, 1869.
DISSOLUTION.
The firm of EDWARDS, SMITH & CO., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The business will hereafter be conducted under the style of SMITH & WARRICK.
R. EDWARDS,
L. H. SMITH,
WM. WARRICK,
Having disposed of my interest in the West Point Foundry to Messrs Smith & Warrick, I take great pleasure in recommending the new firm to the confidence and patronage of the business community.
je2:k11 RICHARD EDWARDS.

DYER AND SCOURER,
H. J. LANCE,
DYER AND SCOURER.
No. 3 ST. CLAIR STREET,
And Nos. 135 and 137 Third Street,
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BY THE
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Lying along the line of their road, at
$1,00 TO $5,00 PER ACRE,
And on a CREDIT OF FIVE YEARS.
For further particulars, maps, &c., address
JOHN P. DEVEREUX,
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HATS,
ALL THE NEW STYLES.
AT THE LOWEST PRICES, AT
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CARD ENGRAVING,
MONOGRAMS, ARMS, ILLUMINATING &c.
Orders by mail receive prompt attention. Send for samples.
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my6:177-THS&T

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, June 9, 1869.

The oil market was moderately active to-day the sales in the aggregate being larger than yesterday, and with a stronger feeling prices, if anything, were a shade higher. As a general thing, buyers took hold with less hesitation, while sellers, on the other hand, were not so anxious about selling, being apprehensive that prices might go still higher to-morrow. The advices from the east were very conflicting, scarcely any two telegrams being of the same import, though, as already intimated, the general tone of the market was increased firmness and higher prices.

CRUDE.

The sales of Crude were large aggregating some 18,000 bbls, and compared with yesterday, the market was stronger, and prices, if anything a fraction higher, though without important change. Sale 6,000 bbls for September at 15; two lines of 500 each July to December at 15; 1,200 June (40@45) at 14½; 2,000 on Vally cars at Oil City (40@45) at $5,50; and 3,000 on cars at Venango City at same figure.

REFINED

Firm and moderately active, but without quotable change. Sales 1,000 June at 32½; 500 July at 32½; 500 August last half 33; 500 do first half, at 32½; 500 first half July at 32; and three lines of 500 each July to December at 33.

LUBRICATING OILS.

Eclipse Winter Lubricating oil	40c
Eclipse Railroad Axle	35c
Eclipse Machinery	75c
Eclipse Spindle	80c

RECEIPTS OF CRUDE OIL.

Fisher & Bro	270 bbls.
J. Munhall	440 "
J. N. M'Cutcheon	480 "
Total	1.640 bbls.

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Lockhart, Frew & Co. 628 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co. Philadelphia.

Braun & Wagner 200 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Montzheimer Kohler & Co. 203 bbls ref. to Waring King & Co., Philadelphia.

Fawcett, L. & S. 200 bbls refined to W. P Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

McKelvy & Bro., 150 bbls refined to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Total Refined..... 1381

OIL SHIPPED EAST FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT.

Brooks, Ballentine & Co. 54 bbls ref. to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Hutchison Oil & Refining Co., 452 bbls to Warden, Frew & Co, Philadelphia.

Brooks Ballentine & Co., 50 bbls lubricating oil to E. B. Hubley, Phila.

Total shipments Refined..... 506

Total Lubricating..... 50

OIL SHIPMENTS PER WEST PENNA. R R.

Arnold Hertz & Co., 500 bbls refined Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Total shipments Refined..... 500

LIVE STOCK MARKETS

PENN'A CENTRAL STOCK YARDS, WEDNESDAY, June 9, 1869.

SHIPMENTS.

The following are the daily shipments of live stock from these yards during the week ending Tuesday, June 8th.

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.	Horses.
Wednesday,....	475	1,529	4,308	60
Thursday,.....	312	2,267	3,700	62
Friday,.....	958	2,713	1,379	130
Saturday,.....	131	3,357	259	17
Monday,.....	264	3,894	3,197	15
Tuesday,.....	764	3,741	2,463	49
Total.....	2,904	17,501	15,306	333
Last week.....	2,794	19,843	19,085	487

CATTLE.

The supply of Cattle was considerably larger this week than last, but with a pretty full attendance of buyers, and a brisk demand, prices were fully sustained; indeed, some operators thought that the market was even stronger than last week. The cattle on sale were mainly from Illinois, Kentucky, Missouri and Iowa, and consisted mostly of good fat steers, suitable for the eastern markets; and as we have already intimated sold at full prices. Four car loads of extra Illinois steers, brought 8¼; considered an outside price and it is said that no one except the parties who bought would have paid that price. Prime shipping steers may be fairly quoted at 7¾@8; and good to medium at 6@7½. The number of cattle from Missouri was said to have been unusually large, some fifty car loads having arrived here from St. Louis, and the supply was much larger than last week. There was a sale of two cars of light stockers at $38 per head.

WEDNESDAY, June 2.—L & J Shamberg to Waley 6, weighing 7,125, at 7½; same to Kelly 17, weighing 22,480, at 7,85; Boulter to Landis 16, weighing 18,675 at 7½.

THURSDAY, June 3.—Holmes, Lafferty & Co. for Morris to Hines 11 bulls, weighing, 16,325, at 6; and 4 steers, weighing 5425, at 7; same for Quick to Klemen, & Maynes 62, weight 72,550, at 7,40; same for Hadden to Beach & Bray 75, weighing 96,850, at 8, and $50 off; Berry to Klemen & B. 31, weight 36,275, at ——; Holmes; Lafferty & Co. for Morris to Hull 11, weighing 10,400; Bosh for Moran to Huntsberger 48, weighing 65,075; Divous to Smith 16, weighing 19,750; Holmes, Lafferty & Co. for Morris to Klemen & Maynes 13, weighing 9,525.

FRIDAY, June 4.—Holmes, Lafferty & Co. for Brown & Co. to Kelly 18, weighing 18,550, at 7¼, same for Simpson to McMahon 17, weighing 19,525; same for Roberts to same 17, weighing 19,175; same for Tate to Klemen & Mayne 24, weighing 36,050; J Brown to B. W. Gillett & Co. 98, weighing 122,175, at 7,90.

SATURDAY, June 5.—Holmes, Lafferty & Co. for Brown & Co. to McMahon 17, weighing 17,775, at 7.

MONDAY, June 7.—Greenwald & Kahn Runion 16, weighing 20,650.

TUESDAY, June 8.—Holmes, Lafferty & Co. for Webb to Young 16 weighing 19,900, at 8; same for Morris to Ackers 20 weighing 22,400; same for L. B. Doud & W. Hedges 29 weighing 37,725; Haas & Trauerman to Beach & Bray 84 weighing 115,900, at 8; Bradley to Seits & Hoover 16 weighing 21,500, at 7¾; Stafford to Beach & Bray 35 weighing 44,400, at 7¾; Holmes, L. & Co. for M'Fadden & Seitz & Hoover 16 weighing 15,725; same for Morris to Beach & Bray 97 weighing 117,625, at 7¾; same for same & same 48 weighing 68,225, at 8—$1 per head off.

WEDNESDAY, June 9.—Bartholomew & Case & Thacher 35 weighing 34,775, at 7½; Hazlewood & Blackstock for same to Lamb & Musselman 60 weighing 84,675, at 8¼—$20 off; same for same & Fritz 16 weighing 19,625, at 7,55; Bartolomew to Case & Thacher 51 weighing 63,050, at 7,70; Orr & Williams to Beach & Bray 18 weighing 19,635; Marin to Metzer 18 weighing 19,050; Hedges & Taylor for Munhall to Fritz 33 weighing 36,125, at 6,45; Hazlewood & Blackstock 44 head light stockers at $38 per head; same to Roddy Maynes 166 head good Illinois steers averaging 1,350, at 7,80.

SHEEP.

The arrivals yesterday and to-day were large and with only a fair demand the market was rather dull to-day, and prices drooping and lower than during the early part of the week. One single deck of fancy brought 6½, but this is an outside figure and is no criterion of the market. Good to prime shipping Sheep sold at 5 to 5½@6, and there was a pretty full supply of this grade on sale. Pidcock & Erisman bought over 8,000 for New York, indeed this firm bought more Sheep thus far than all the balance of the buyers put together. The following is a condensed report of their purchases: Monday—1,500 head averaging 84, at 5¼; 500 averaging 99, at 6½; 1,000 averaging 80, at 5. Tuesday—1,000 averaging 92, at 5½; 500 averaging 78, at 4¼; 500 averaging 86, at 5½. Wednesday—1,000 averaging 76, at 4; 1,600 averaging 86, at 5; 500 averaging 82, at 4,80; 800 averaging 80, at 4¾; and 400 averaging 94, at 5½. The daily sales were as follows:

Wednesday,.....	2474
Thursday,.....	1896
Friday,.....	533
Saturday,.....	259
Monday,.....	3145
Tuesday,.....	2217

HOGS.

The market for this class of stock has undergone but little change since the date of our last report. With light arrivals and a short supply, prices have been sustained, notwithstanding the markets are dull east, and the demand insignificant. New York Hogs may be quoted at 8¼@8¾ and Philadelphia Hogs at 9½@9¾. Following is a daily report of the sales:

Wednesday,.....	1124
Thursday,.....	921
Friday,.....	852
Saturday,.....	1074
Monday,.....	2090
Tuesday,.....	1328

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, June 9.—Cotton firmer; sales of 5,700 bales at 31¼ for middling uplands. Flour—receipts, 6,151 barrels; favors buyers; with moderate export and home trade demand; sales of 8,900 bbls at $4,80@5,20 for superfine, State and western, $5,80@6,25 for extra State, $5,50@6,30 for extra western, $6,35@7,40 for white wheat extra, $5,85@6,90 for round hoop Ohio, $7@8 for extra St. Louis, $9@11 for good to choice do.; included in sales are 2,200 barrels for export at $5,80 for extra western, and $6@6,15 for extra State. Rye Flour without change. Cornmeal is quiet. Whisky heavy; sales of 50 barrels of western at 96 free. Receipts—wheat, 44,957 bushels. Wheat better, good export and moderate home demand; sales of 6,000 bushels at $1,37½ for No. 3 spring, $1,41@1,44 for No. 2 in store to arrive and afloat, chiefly at $1,43 to arrive, $1,48 for No. 1 do, $1,57 for choice amber Michigan, $1,46@1,58 for white Canada, inside price in bond, $1,55@1,70 for white Michigan, $1,70 for white California, $1,75 for white Genesee. Rye lower; sales of 7,000 bus western at $1,15@1,16. Receipts—Corn, 15,059 bus. Corn 1@2c better with a good home trade and a moderate export demand; sales of 54,000 bus at 68@92c for new mixed western via canal; 92@95c for do., via railroad; 84@89c for kiln-dried; 97c for old do. delivered; 83@90c for new white western; 98c for white southern. Receipts—Oats, 6,100 bus. Oats firmer; sales of 37,000 bus at 80@82 for western afloat. Leather active and firm. Coal; domestic held at $6@7 per ton by cargo. Wool dull and in buyers favor; sales 140,000 lbs at 51c for domestic fleece; 36½c for unwashed; 50@90c for scoured; 23@42c for pulled. Rice firm. Coffee quiet. Sugar firm; Cuba 11@15c. Molasses quiet and firm. Hops quiet at 6@14c for American. Petroleum dull at 17c for crude; 32c for refined. Linseed oil dull and drooping at $1,05@1,07. Spirits Turpentine heavy at 44½@45c. Metals—sheathing copper steady at 33c; ingot do. very dull at 33½c. Pig Iron firm at $40@45 for scotch and $36@42 for American. Sheet Iron quiet and steady at 11¾@13½c in gold for Russia; bar $85@90 for refined English. Nails dull at 4¾@4¾c for cut; 6¼@6¾ for clinch. Pork steady; sales of 430 bbls at $31,50@31,75; new mess; closing at $31,50 cash; $33,37 for old do.; $25,00@26,00 for prime; $28,00@28,50 for prime mess. Beef steady with moderate sales. Cut meats steady; sales of 200 pkgs at 12¾@14c; shoulders, 15½c. Hams middles steady and quiet; sales of 130 bxs Stratford, Staffordshire and long cut hams at 16@16½c. Lard steady; sales 540 tierces at 17½@19½c, chiefly 19c for steam; 19¼@19¼c for kettle rendered; also 750 tierces steam seller and buyer July at 19½@19⅝c; 250 tierces do. seller August at 19¼c Butter quiet at 20@31c for Ohio. Cheese quiet at 11@21c. Freights to Liverpool dull. Shipments: 30,000 bush wheat at 4¾ per sail, and 6d per steam: 75.000 bush corn at 5½d per steamer, and 2,000 bbls flour at 1s 1½d per sail and 1s 7½d for steam.

Latest.—Flour closed steady for fresh low grades, with a moderate export demand, and dull and heavy for all other kinds. Wheat very firm for spring, with a fair export demand, at $1,43@1,43½ for No. 2 and $1,48@1,48½ for No. 1. Rye dull and heavy, at $1,15@1,16 for western. Oats steady, at 81¼@82c for western afloat. Corn firm, at 87@92c for very good to choice canal and 93@95c for railroad. Pork decidedly firmer: sales of 750 bbls new mess at $31,75@31,87, and 250 bbls, buyer all this month, at $32. Beef steady and in moderate demand. Cut Meats quiet. Bacon steady, with a trifling inquiry. Eggs steady at 17@19c.

CHICAGO, June 9.—Eastern exchange dull, par selling. Flour dull at $5@6 for spring extra. Wheat active and firmer, No. 1 1½@2c higher, and No. 2 advanced 1¾@2½c; sales of No. 1 at $1,12½@1,14; No. 2 at $1,10@1,11, closing at $1,11@1,11¼ cash, and $1,10¾ seller the month; this afternoon No. 2 was irregular; sales at $1,10½@1,10¾ seller time. Corn in fair demand; No. 2 rejected advanced ½@¾c; No. 1 steady, sales at 67¼c; No. 2 57¾@58¼c; rejected 51@52c; no grade at 42c, closing at 67½c for No. 1, and 58¼ for No. 2; sales of No. 2 since 'change at 58@58¼c. Oats quiet and firmer, ¼@½c higher; sales of No. 1 at 59¾@60; rejected at 54@54¼c, closing at 60c for No. 2. Rye quiet; 96@98½c for No. 1, closing at inside price. Barley dull and nominal, $1,45@1,50 for No. 1 in store. Highwines dull and nominal at 90@93c. New Orleans Molasses at 90c@$1. Sugar at 12@12½c for fair to choice. Mess Pork firm, holders generally ask $32 cash and $32 bid buyers for month; sales at $31,75 cash. Lard held firmly at 18¼@18½c. Bulk Meats active; short rib middles at 16c; loose dry salted shoulders at 12c cash, 12½c buyer the month. Receipts for past twenty-four hours—flour 5,878 bbls; wheat,112,673; corn 165,882; oats 48,520; rye 702 bush; hogs 8,224. Shipments—flour 9,250 bbls; wheat 120,350; corn 101,614; oats 79,903; rye 2,770 bush; hogs 3,110. Freights steady at 8@9c on corn to Buffalo, and 13½c on wheat to Oswego.

ST. LOUIS, June 9.—Tobacco steady and unchanged. Cotton; middling held at 29c. Hemp dull at $1,25@1,40 for prime undressed, and $1,60 for choice do. Flour active and firm for low grades at $1@5 for spring to fall super, $5,50 for extra, $6@7 for double extra, and $8@9,75 for choice treble extra to fancy. Wheat active but unchanged at $1,07@1,09 for good to choice No. 2, $1,10@1,11 for No. 1, $1,30@1,35 for low prime to strictly prime red fall, and $1,40@1,55 for choice to strictly choice. Corn buoyant and higher for choice and fancy white; other grades unchanged; mixed and good white in bulk sold at 59@60c; choice yellow in sacks 68c; mixed white 69@71c; white 74@76c, and fancy do 77@80c. Oats firmer and a shade better at 60c in bulk, and 64½@66c in sacks. Barley; nothing doing. Rye quiet at 93@95c. Whisky firm at 94c. Groceries extremely dull at 20@25½c for common to choice Coffee, and 13½@15c for prime to choice Louisiana Sugar. Pork stiff at $32,50. Bacon firmer at 13¾@14c for shoulders, and 18@18¼c for order lots clear sides. Lard quiet at 18¼c for choice kettle. Cattle quiet with a moderate demand at 3¼@7c. Hogs in fair request at 7@8½c. Receipts—2,000 bbls flour, 15,000 bush wheat, 11,200 bush corn, 9,300 bush oats, 200 bush rye.

CINCINNATI, June 9.—Flour and grain unchanged; family flour at $5,50@5,75. Red wheat at $1,75@1,76. Corn dull at 61@62c for ear. Oats less firm but unchanged at 69@72c. Rye dull at 98c@$1. Cotton firm but quiet at 29c for middling. Tobacco active with a large demand; sales 293 hhds at $3,50@22. Whisky unsettled and prices lower; held at 94c, but at the close sales of magnitude could not have been made at better than 92c. Mess Pork advanced to $32, with a moderate demand. Bulk meats held at 13c, 15¾c, 16¼c and 17c for shoulders, sides, clear rib and clear sides, but no sales. Bacon sold at 14@17¼c and 17¾c for shoulders, clear rib and clear sides, being a further advance. Sugar Cured Hams 18½@19½c. Lard dull and held at 18¾c. Butter in fair demand at 23@26c. Eggs declined to 16c. No change in Oil. Gold 138¾ buying. Exchange firm at ½, 10 to 50 per cent. discount.

TOLEDO, June 9.—Flour dull and heavy. Wheat dull; amber $1,32; No. 1 white $1,55; white regular lc better and business very light. Corn—No. 1 a shade lower and quiet at 68c; No. 2 unchanged at 66½c; yellow 70@70½c; condemned 46c. Oats steady at 65½@65¾c for No. 1 and Michigan, and No. 2 64c. Rye dull and nominally unchanged. Barley dull. Receipts—5,400 bbls flour, 14,000 bu wheat, 15,600 bu corn, 7,100 bu oats. Shipments—1,200 bbls flour, 2,200 bu wheat, 8,100 bu corn, 4,100 bu oats, 300 bu rye.

CLEVELAND, June 9.—Flour dull and inactive. Wheat dull and heavy; No. 1 red offered at $1,27½; do. sold at $1,14 and demand very light. Corn dull and unchanged; No. 1 mixed held at 69c. Oats dull but unchanged; No. 1 State held at 65c. Rye very dull; No. 1 held at $1,10@1,15 in small lots; No. 2 at $1,05. Barley—nothing doing and nominal. Petroleum excited, unsettled and lower; refined held at 27½@28½c for June, July and August in large lots.

MILWAUKEE, June 9.—Flour dull and nominally unchanged. Wheat firm, $1,15 for No. 1, and $1,11½ for No. 2. Oats firm, 59@60c for No. 2. Corn dull and nominally unchanged. Rye dull and lower, 95c for No. 2. Barley entirely nominal. Grain in lots firm and unchanged. Receipts—2,000 bbls flour, 128,000 bush wheat, 50 bush oats. Shipments—4.000 bbls flour, 16,000 bushels wheat.

BALTIMORE, June 9.—Flour dull and declined 25@50c; western superfine $5@5,50; extra $5,50@7,00; family $7,50@8,50. Wheat weak but prices unchanged. Corn firm and higher; white 90@92c; yellow 87c. Oats firm at 70@76c. Rye nominal at $1,30@1,35. Mess Pork firm at $32. Bacon active and advancing; rib sides 17½c; clear rib 18¼c; shoulders 14¾c; hams 20@21c. Lard quiet at 19¾c. Whisky very flat at $1.

PHILADELPHIA, June 9.—Flour dull and drooping. Wheat more steady; red and amber unchanged; white $1,65@1,75; Rye steady at $1,30. Corn active and higher; Pennsylvania yellow 92c; western do. 89c; mixed 83@88c. Oats quiet at 72@75c. Provisions and Petroleum unchanged. Whisky 95c@$1,00; contraband selling largely.

LOUISVILLE, June 9.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat; red and white $1,10@1,20. Corn; shelled 66c. Oats 70 Rye $1,25. Leaf Tobacco active; sales at $3,75@5,20@15,75. Provisions advanced. Pork $32. Bacon; shoulders 14c; clear rib 17¼c; clear sides 18c. Hams 19c. Lard 19c.

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, June 9.—There has been an effort made by a few interested parties to advance prices of heavy brown sheetings and other styles of cotton goods, and some large sales have taken place to leading out of town firms at an advance of ½c per yard, but sharp buyers could until to-day obtain all goods they required at old prices in other houses. To-day all the leading makes of Standard Sheeting firm at 16c, and the Pequot A are held at 16½, still first class goods can be had at 15½. The Graniteville A A 44, sell at 15; do E E do. at 14½; Lawrence F do. at 13½; Cabot A at 15: Dwight A at 13½; Sherbrook A at 12; International C at 10½; Suffolk K at 10. To-day the market was less active, and yet a fair business doing. Bleached goods are also looking up.

RIVER NEWS.

The river continues to recede steadily with six feet three inches in the channel by the Monongahela marks last evening. Weather cool and pleasant Mercury at 5 P. M. 76; wind from the south.

The Grey Eagle, from Parkersburg, is the only arrival we have to report. She had a big trip and departed again as usual. By the way, it is reported that Capt. Brennan contemplates building a new boat for this trade.

The Lawrence departed last evening with an excellent trip, having all the freight she could take and quite a number of passengers. Pilots—Mulrine and Horn.

The Lorena, Capt. Sam Shuman, is announced to depart for St. Louis and the Upper Mississippi to-day. She is an excellent boat and in tip-top condition for business.

The Glasgow, Capt. Andy Robinson, Jr., is filling up steadily for the Upper Mississippi, and passengers and shippers can rely on her going through, clear up to St. Paul. Capt. Robinson has been there twice this season, and this will make his third trip.

The Ida Stockdale, passed Fort Sully, May 28th, en route for Fort Benton, with 280 tons, the biggest trip of the season.

The Maggie Hays from St. Louis, and the Kate Putnam from Cincinnati, are among the first boats due.

The Sam Roberts succeeded in getting off White's Ripple without much difficulty. The Wm. Stone, also, got aground at the same place, but she, too, succeeded in getting over.

The Mary Davage and Tom Farrow, from St. Louis, with tows of iron ore, should reach here soon.

—The Judge Fletcher was sold at auction in New Orleans on the 5th inst.

—The Welcome has entered the Bayon Sara and Coast trade. She left New Orleans on the 3d inst.

—The attempt to raise the sunken steamer Leni Leoti, in Arkansas River, was unsuccessful, on account of a sudden and heavy rise in the river.

—The Arkansas River Packet Company have already contracted for a boat to be built as soon as the Cairo Docks are completed.

—The Portland Steam Packet Company have run their steamers between Portland and Boston for the last twenty-five years, making 15,000 passages and running 1,800,000 miles. They have transported 1,600,000 passengers and 3,500,000 tons of freight.

—Sam Bell, a white deck hand, fell from the guard of the Romeo, as she was passing the Tennesse Rolling Mills on Sunday, and was drowned. He swam some distance towards the shore, when he suddenly threw up his arms and disappeared. He was about nineteen years old, and was from St. Louis.

—On Monday night the steamer Eu Claire, Captain Shewmaker, in attempting to pass the railroad bridge at Terre Haute, struck a pier, but at the time it was supposed she had received no serious damage. When she reached Fort Harrison, four miles above, it was discovered that she was in a sinking condition, and she soon settled down in deep water, her smoke-stacks only being visible yesterday morning. It is believed she will prove a total loss, and it is said she was not insured. The Eu Claire was a small side-wheel boat, owned by Captain U. Shewmaker, and valued at $3,000.

—The St. Louis *Republican* of Sunday, says: Capt, Henry Adkins has fairly assumed his new duties as Superintendent of the Sectional Docks. The Nick Wall has just been thoroughly repaired under his supervision. The Wauanita will reload immediately for Pittsburgh. The John Kilgour has laid up at the "Island" for repairs. The Nick Wall will begin receiving for Fort Benton tomorrow. The Messenger has iron engagements at Sulphur Springs. The Wauanita reshipped 200 tons of freight on the Northern Line packets.

—A St. Louis telegram under date of Monday says: The Great Republic will leave here to-morrow for New Orleans with the heaviest freight carried this season. Capt. Vanhook, her new commander, is winning golden opinions here.

—The body of a female, supposed to be one of the victims of the United States and America disaster, was found in the river at Log Lick, on Sunday morning.

—Capt. W. P. Fuller has gone to Louisville, to testify in the case of Pine Varble vs. The Bridge Company. The suit is brought to recover the value of the towboat T. D. Horner, which was destroyed by striking one of the piers of the bridge in an attempt to pass over the falls.

—The Annie Laurie, sunk in the Kanawha River, is reported in a critical condition, with little hope of raising her.

—The Madison *Courier*, says Dan David, of the Dumont, is making arrangements to pilot a beautiful craft on the river of matrimony.

—The New York reshipped her Pittsburgh freight at Cincinnati on the Kate Putnam, and will lay up and refit for the summer campaign.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, June 9.—10 cars metal, Nimick & Co; 3 do do, Bryan & Caughey; 3 do do, Superior Iron Co; 2 cars wheat, Scott & Gisal; 2 cars shoulders, E H Myers & Co; 30 bbls highwines, Schmidt & Friday; 25 do do, S H Watson; 200 bbls flour, owner; 10 bxs crackers, Kramer & Bohn; 1 car stone, J Hinchiff; 1 do do, C Millar; 2 bbls eggs, 6 pails butter, 1 keg apple butter, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 73 sks barley, 21 do rye, 30 kgs lard, 7 bbls eggs, H Rea Jr; 1 car stone, J L L Knox; 10 bxs cheese, W Haslage; 20 bbls plaster, W W Wallace; 12 sks rags, Godfrey & Clark; 10 bxs cheese, W M Gormly; 85 do do, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 12 do do, E Heazleton; 20 do do, Dressel & Robinson; 27 do do, Geo Boon; 18 sks rags, Christy & Benham; 25 doz brooms, S Ewart & Co; 3 pkgs tobacco, E Megraw & Co; 12 kegs butter, W H Graff & Co; 2 bbls eggs, Woodworth & Davison; 26 bgs oats, J Henderson & Bro; 15 sks potatoes, Watt, Lang & Co; 1 car oats, McHenry & Hood.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, June 9.—3 cars rye, Culp & Shepard; 4 do limestone, Bryan & C; 2 do stone; J L L Knox; 1 do do, P Woll; 6 do limestone ore, Rees, Graff & D; 6 do do, M'Knight, P & Co; 2 do do, Zug & Co; 433 cakes copper, Hussey & Co; 1 car potatoes, Meanor & H; 2 do do, Voigt, M & Co; 1 do turnings, Moorhead & Co; 1 do lime, H H Hamilton; 66 bbls copper, P & B Mining Co; 63 sks wheat, Scott & Gisal; 15 bxs cheese, H Riddle; 35 do do, Watt, L & Co; 10 bbls beer, J Klepner; 10 do do, J Kessler; 8 bxs scales, Fairbanks, M & Co; 12 pkgs fire crackers, 2 bbls torpedoes, P H Hunker; 324 bxs do, E & C Maginn; 1 bx wool, J W Morrison; 6 do do, Pickersigll, L & Co; 1 car oats, 92 sks do, 24 do rye, M'Henry & H; 68 do oats, H Schnelbach; 15 bbls oil, E & P R R Co; 6,217 ft lumber, Creighton & Co; 28 sks rags, Godfrey & Clark.

PITTSBURGH CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, June 9.—10 bdls hoes 2 do forks, J M'Cutcheon; 10 bxs starch, Miller & Co; 2 do tools, Logan, G & Co; 1 mowing machine, Wilson & Co; 20 bbls fish, Little & B; 20 do do, W M Gormly; 34 sks rags, Christy & B; 84 bdls snathes Whitmore, W D & Co; 15 sks rags, 6 do oats, Rankin & Bro; 9 cases lard, 6 bxs candles, D Haworth; 20 tcs hams, G Mitchell; 15 do do, Watt, L & Co; 8 do do 8 hhds bacon, J H Parker; 30 pkgs tobacco, C D Arensthal; 8 do do, Means & C; 1 car hams, Meyers & Co; 1 do corn, Keil & Ritchart; 10 bbls oil, Arbuckels & Co; 15 tcs hams, J Kohen; 25 bbls eggs, Consignees.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, June 9.—480 bbls oil, Fisher & Bro; 440 do do, J Munhall & Co; 1 car lime, D L Reynolds & Co; 2 bbls eggs, E Heazleton: 21 bgs oats, Stewart & Co; 240 bbls oil, Fisher & Bro; 480 do do, J N McCutcheon; 2 cars metal, Totten & Co; 1 do do, Painter & Co; 1 do do, Woodsides & Co; 1 car oats, Scott & Gisal; 2 cars metal, John Moorhead.

ALLEGHENY STATION, June 9.—100 bbls flour, R Knox & Son; 100 do do, Geo Stewart; 2 cases tobacco, W H Park; 3 cks cheese, J Baldinger; 1 car metal, Lindsay & McCutcheon; 1 bbl tallow, Lappe & Weise: 1 car cooperage, J M Hemphill; 100 hides, A & J Groetzinger; 1 car stone, Forrester, & Megraw; 19 bdls paper, Frazier & Metzgar; 1 car stone, J P & R H Knox.

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RIVER PACKETS.

UPPER MISSISSIPPI.

FOR KEOKUK, GALENA, DUBUQUE and ST. PAUL direct—The steamer

GLASGOW..... Capt. ANDY ROBINSON, Jr.,

Will leave as above on THURSDAY, the 10th inst.

For freight or passage apply on board or to

je7 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

FOR ST. LOUIS, KEOKUK, BURLINGTON, DUBUQUE and ST. PAUL—The steamer

LORENA .....Capt. S. SHUMAN,

Will leave for the above and intermediate ports THIS DAY, the 10th inst., at 4 P. M.

For freight or passage apply on board or to

JOHN FLACK, or

je7 J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

1869.

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PITTSBURGH, WHEELING AND PARKERSBURG LINE.—Leave Company's Wharf Boat, foot of Wood Street, daily at 12 M., WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS,

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Nearly opposite Post Office, Pittsburgh.

MISCELLANEOUS.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE, TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

COLLECTOR'S NOTICE.

OFFICE COLLECTOR INTERNAL REVENUE, 23d Collection District of Pennsylvania, No. 67 Water St., Allegheny City, May 18, '69.

Notice is hereby given that the annual lists of SPECIAL TAXES, formerly termed LICENSES, and of the taxes on

Incomes, Carriages, Watches, Silver Plate,

&c., are now in this office, where payment will be received thereon by the Collector on and after the 1st DAY OF JUNE, 1869.

These taxes, having become due, must be paid before the 25th DAY OF JUNE, 1869; otherwise, additional expenses will be incurred by the taxpayer.

E. BUFFINGTON, Esq., Deputy Collector of the county of Armstrong, and EDWIN LYON, Esq., Deputy Collector for the county of Butler, will be ready to receive, after the 1st of June, for their respective counties, and will post notices designating the times and places, when and where they will be prepared to receive the taxes collectable by them.

Taxes payable only in greenbacks or national currency.

Office hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

JOHN M. SULLIVAN,

my18:j51 COLLECTOR.

LEGS!

LEGS!!

The Artificial Limb Manufacturing CO.

CHARTERED BY THE STATE OF PENNA.

All Shareholders are Men Wearing the Limbs Made by the Company.

To those requiring a limb we would say that our own experience has induced us to establish a factory here that would make a comfortable and durable limb for a *reasonable price*. After trying a number of solid socket and padded socket legs, we have each found more comfort and usefulness in this "ADJUSTABLE LACING SOCKET" than in any other made in the country. One of our number, a skilled mechanic, has charge of the shop. We have bought the right to use two of the best patents, and by our experience we hope to improve in every way that will add to the comfort, durability or appearance of the limbs we make. We have put the price of our new legs at $80. Persons from a distance are only detained in the city while the measure and a cast of the injured limb is taken.

The saving to purchasers, as compared with Eastern prices, is from $20 to $95 in the price of legs; at least $26 railroad fare, hotel bills and other traveling expenses, and then we are satisfied that our limb *will give better satisfaction than any one made in New York or Philadelphia.* If we can get orders, we can maintain our factory at the above price, and we therefore ask an examination before going elsewhere.

We make to order and keep on hand a supply of stockings, braces, and appliances for injured or deformed limbs, also, crutches, trusses, shoulder braces, &c. For further information or circular, containing many testimonial letters from those who have worn our artificial limbs, address ARTIFICIAL LIMB MANUFACTURING CO., No. 503 PENN STREET, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth, Pittsburgh, Pa. ap13:h35 TTHT

SEWARD & BENTLEY'S ALISMA FOR THE HAIR

Restores gray and faded Hair to its ORIGINAL COLOR, removes Dandruff,

CURES ALL DISEASES OF THE SCALP,

Prevents BALDNESS, and makes the hair grow Soft, Glossy and Luxuriant.

$1,00 and $1,50 per Bottle. Each Bottle in a Neat Paper Box.

Prepared by SEWARD, BENTLEY & CHENEY, Druggists, Buffalo, N.Y. Sold by all Druggists.

MARSHALL'S ELIXIR.

MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE HEADACHE.
MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE DYSPEPSIA.
MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE COSTIVENESS.

Price of Marshall's Elixir, $1.00 per bottle. Depot, 1301 Market street. M. MARSHALL & Co., Druggists, Proprietors. For sale, wholesale and retail, by GEO. A. KELLY, Pittsburgh. fe4:d99-T:TH S

GOOD NEWS.

CHEAP BREAD IN DEAR TIMES.

Enquire for WARD'S Bread.

The largest and best. The initials "H. W." on every loaf. Take none else. au4:TTS

WHITE LIME.—300 barrels Fresh White Lime, for sale by J. B. CANFIELD.

RAILROADS.

1869.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. W. and CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R.

From May 9th, 1869, trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, north side, Pittsburgh city limits, as follows:

Leave.		Arrive.	
Chicago Ex..	3:08 a m	Chicago Ex..	1:58 a m
Erie & Ygn Ex.	7:25 a m	Chicago Ex..	12:03 p m
Cl. & Wh'g M'l	6:15 a m	Wheeling Ex	10:48 a m
Chicago Mail.	6:58 a m	St. Louis Ex	7:08 p m
Chicago Ex..	9:42 a m	Chi'go Ex & Mail	4:08 p m
Cl. & Wh'g Ex	2:08 p m	Cleveland Ex	3:53 p m
Chicago Ex..	2:23 p m	Erie & Yg'n Ex	5:38 p m
W'e & Erie Ex	4:38 p m	Cl. & Wh'g Ex	6:53 p m
Depart from Allegheny.		*Arrive in Allegheny.*	
Beav'r Falls Ac.	8:38 a m	Leetsdale Ac..	6:58 am
Leetsdale "	10:03 a m	Beav'r Falls "	8:38 am
" "	11:58 a m	New Castle "	10:23 am
Rochester "	1:28 p m	Enon "	9:13 am
Enon "	3:58 p m	Leetsdale "	1:08 pm
Leetsdale Acc	5:13 p m	Beav'r Falls "	2:43 pm
Beav'r Falls "	6:13 p m	Leetsdale "	4:33 pm
Leetsdale "

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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THURSDAY, JUNE 10, 1869.

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE DISTRICT COURT,
JOHN M. KIRKPATRICK.

ASSISTANT LAW JUDGE, COMMON PLEAS,
FRED'K. H. COLLIER.

STATE SENATE,
THOMAS HOWARD.

ASSEMBLY,
MILES S. HUMPHREYS,
ALEXANDER MILLAR,
JOSEPH WALTON,
JAMES TAYLOR,
D. N. WHITE,
JOHN H. KERR.

SHERIFF,
HUGH S. FLEMING

TREASURER,
JOS. F. DENNISTON.

CLERK OF COURTS,
JOSEPH BROWNE.

RECORDER,
THOMAS H. HUNTER.

COMMISSIONER,
CHAUNCEY B. BOSTWICK.

REGISTER,
JOSEPH H. GRAY.

CLERK OF ORPHANS' COURT,
ALEXANDER HILANDS.

DIRECTOR OF POOR,
ABDIEL McCLURE.

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second page: Poetry, "What the Engines Said," Ephemeris, The American Stage, A Hair in a Watch. Third and Sixth pages: Commercial, Finance and Trade, Markets, Imports and River News. Seventh page: Washington Items, Interesting Clippings, Amusements.*

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 86¾.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 48f.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 138¾.

EX-SECRETARY SEWARD is on his way to California by rail. He is accompanied by his son and the wife of the latter. The party may proceed to China and Japan.

THE French elections have resulted in a large majority for the government. The slight increase in the opposition strength has given, to the ill-wishers of the Emperor, a larger encouragement than the figures really warrant.

SHALL woman be admitted into the Typographical Unions is the question of most importance to be considered by the National Convention of printers now in session at Albany, New York. If competent and respectable we cannot see how the craft can refuse them fellowship.

THE Society of the BURNSIDE Expedition and of the Ninth Army Corps will hold its regular annual meeting at Rocky Point, near Providence, R. I., on the 7th proximo. All the officers and men who served in the Ninth Army Corps or in the Burnside Expedition are invited to attend.

MATTERS of taste and matters of discipline elicited an interesting discussion in the Episcopal Convention yesterday. The difficulty evidently lay in fixing the precise line of demarcation dividing those matters from each other, and in adhering to that line in all particulars, whether essential or otherwise.

SENATOR SPRAGUE presents the part of JACK CADE wherever he can secure an audience. His last performance was at Newark, N. J., where he achieved his first triumph, in stirring up bad blood among his hearers, and awakening a disorderly spirit, which he might find dangerous to his own interests, were it to extend to Rhode Island.

THE *Commercial* has an inexhaustible fertility in falsehood. Cornered in one fabrication, it takes refuge always behind another. It is a journal which is simply incapable of uttering the truth, except by an accident or an oversight,—usually the first, which its chronic stupidity easily accounts for. Nothing but a stroke of lightning could let in a gleam of honesty or common sense upon its managen ent.

THE Armstrong *Republican*, in commenting on the reckless conduct of the *Commercial* in endeavoring to indiscriminately fasten the odium of dishonesty on our leading Republicans, savs:

The efforts of the *Commercial* to bring into disrepute all who do not follow in its lead, is meeting with its just reward, and we hope to see justice meted out to it to the fullest extent. Let it be taught that the character and reputation of honest and deserving citizens are not to be trifled with.

THE FOURTH OF JULY, falling on Sunday this year, neither the day previous nor one following can be regarded as a legal holiday, unless the Governor issues a special proclamation to that effect. If a week day is to be designated for its observance, by all means let us have Monday. The banks can better afford to lose one day's interest on their money than can those having obligations to meet lose two, and besides making legal the day substituted for the holiday, is more to accommodate the bankers than other classes of citizens.

A BILL in equity is before the Supreme Court, at Philadelphia, to test the constitutionality of the new Registry law. The objections for which relief is prayed, relate to the general provisions of the law, as well as to those affecting only that city. The law is protested against as providing an additional qualification for voters; as depriving qualified voters of their opportunity to exercise the right; as preventing all elections from being free and equal, and as imposing upon judicial officers duties not of a judicial character. The hearing was fixed for yesterday.

THE Titusville *Herald* republishes its monthly petroleum report, for May, making no alterations, however, in the figures, which showed a heavy decrease in the production. Neither does it pay any attention to the charges made by some dealers that a gross error was made in making up the table, which, they say, should have developed an increase, instead of diminution, in the stock of petroleam. We are anxious that the report be carefully revised and all doubt put at rest, as it is a matter of importance to know whether, notwithstanding the liberal amount of labor and capital being steadily applied and expended towards further development, the great interest is on the rapid decline.

THE CASE OF GEORGIA.

We were gratified to observe the statement, current a day or two since, that the President had called upon the Attorney General for an opinion on the present political relations of the people of Georgia to the Union. Here, we thought, would be at once discovered some effective method for dealing with the disorderly condition of affairs in that State, so that, at least, outrages should be checked by the strong hand of some vigilant government. Deploring, as we always have, the interregnum which commits Georgia to an anomalous position where an illegitimate, because not yet legitimated, domestic authority is not respected, and where the Federal power is held in abeyance, and practically unknown to her people, we have always been equally clear in the opinion that, under existing legislation, the *State of Georgia has never been legally taken out of the proper operation of the several acts providing a temporary government for the rebel States*, so long as she should fail to complete her own restoration to the Union.

The discordant action of the XLth Congress was really an embarrassment to that body alone. It was like any other incomplete legislative action which, being incomplete, must be counted as no action whatever. The disagreement of the two branches upon the question of Georgian restoration worked a result exactly the same as would a disagreement upon any other measure within the scope of their legislative discretion. It left the case where it was first found—unaltered in all particulars. Under the constitutional rights of the House to judge of the qualifications of its members, it had committed itself, by the admission of the State delegation, to the same results in that regard as if the entire restoration of Georgia had been recognized in all the forms of legislation, and by the sanction of all departments of the government. But neither the Senate nor the President did concur formally in that sanction; the first expressly declined to do so, and the second had no opportunity either to approve or veto any bill expressive finally of the Federal sanction.

It is as difficult to perceive any substantial ground upon which the people of Georgia should be entitled, in this state of facts, to claim their release from the operation of the laws for their provisional government, as it is to understand why the Administration has hesitated so long, to deal with a situation which no legal formality has varied since those laws were first enacted. Unless our government is to be administered with a tender regard for what should be the law, instead of for what actually is and remains the unchanged law to this hour, we are unable to appreciate the seeming reluctance of the President to enforce that law to its sharpest verge, and with the same color of authority now as in 1867.

The attempt of the last Congress to perfect Georgian reconstruction was a failure. Why is it not to be so regarded? What perfected Federal recognition can her people claim, for their exemption from the operation of the existing laws for their temporary government? Had the two Houses of Congress agreed in the admission of her delegations to membership, her case would be otherwise. Had both Houses also agreed, and with the President's approval, in the further declaration of her fully restored rights in the Union, that would leave no room for controversy now. But the record shows nothing of either sort; it simply shows that the effort for her reconstruction did not succeed.

And, so, by the plainest legal consequence, the Federal status of Georgia is the same as it would have been with no such effort whatever.

Why, then, the President should hesitate to require an opinion from his legal adviser upon these facts, or why the Attorney General should hesitate to declare that opinion promptly and frankly, giving the question the go-by on some collateral point, or why, in short, there should be entertained, in any quarter, a plausible doubt as to the exact Federal position of the Georgians now, is a mystery which passes our comprehension. If the action of the last House—and that is the only existing element for supporting any doubts which have been raised—was embarrassing to itself, the embarrassment died with it, for its successor, the present House, has left the Georgian applicants in the lobby. And the Senate has again done the same. If the last Congress disagreed upon this question, the present Congress has not—and the President can find nothing in the action of either of them to restrain his convictions of duty. If the last House was a little too fast, the Georgians themselves have been still faster, in setting the wheels of their State government in motion in advance of a perfected Federal sanction—and it is high time that they should be checked in what is clearly an usurpation of State rights.

Divested of misunderstandings, and stripped of its false pretenses, this case of Georgia is a plain one. We have only to look at what it is, and not to what it should be, and there would be no difficulty in discovering the plain duty of the Administration in the premises. There are, at present, indications that the case is so regarded at Washington. When this view shall be practically adopted, we shall once more see the existing laws enforced in Georgia, and her people brought squarely up to the perception of how much they have yet to do, for the re-establishment of all their "practical relations" to the Union.

STEUBENVILLE LETTER.

Brilliant Wedding and Reception—Female Seminary—Gazette Agent.

[Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

STEUBENVILLE, Ohio, June 9, 1869.

A most brilliant affair came off in this place last evening. It was no less than the celebration of a marriage ceremony between J. B. Dorrington, Esq., Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis R. R., of Pittsburgh, who has been long known as one of the best railroad officials in the country, and a most energetic, accommodating and accomplished gentleman, and Miss Agnes J. McDonald, one of the fairest and most highly educated and refined daughters of Steubenville.

The ceremony was performed by Revs. A. M. Reid, J. R. Kerr and John Douglas, in the First United Presbyterian Church, the pulpit of which and the furniture in the immediate neighborhood were decorated most profusely and tastily with flowers, the fragrance of which, as it diffused itself through the large audience chamber, was truly refreshing. The church was well filled with as brilliant an assemblage of ladies and gentlemen as we have seen for some time, and, we may as well say it here, Steubenville has something to boast of in the matter of ladies. Whether it is because they live beneath the shades of the oldest Female Seminary west of the mountains, we will not say, but we know that in politeness of manners, gracefulness of movement, dignity of deportment, ability in conversation and skill and taste in the display of costumes, they will compare favorably with any we have met in any other place.

About half past nine o'clock the bride and groom entered the church and took a position immediately in front of the pulpit. We never saw our friend Dorrington more self-composed, or looking better. Miss McDonald was equally at ease and dignified in her bearing. She was dressed most beautifully, and, as all the ladies testified with whom we have had the pleasure of conversing, with great chasteness. The ceremony did not occupy five minutes in its performance, and at its close the happy couple, without receiving any formal congratulations, retired to the residence of the bride's mother.

The reception ceremonies commenced at Mrs. McDonald's a little after ten o'clock, and from that till two in the morning a constant stream of the *elite* of the city kept pouring up and down the stairways and through the parlors. Where all looked so charming and fascinating it might be considered invidious to particularize, but we know that we will be pardoned when we say that, prominent among the gay and splendid throng of Madames and Mademoiselles were the beautiful, refined and accomplished daughters of the Hon. T. L. Jewett, President of the P. C. & St. L. R. R. Prominent among the railroad officials we noticed our excellent friend John Musgrave, Esq., of the C. & P. R. R., and W. W. Card, Esq., Superintendent of the P. C. & St. L. R. R. Although we have known Mr. Card well by reputation for some time, we never had the pleasure of meeting him till last evening. Our expectations were more than realized. He is a thorough gentleman, and his capacity for his present position is evidenced sufficiently by the present excellent condition of the "Pan Handle Road," of which he is the worthy Superintendent. There could not, we think, have been less than between three and four hundred persons present at the reception. We must refrain therefore from further personal notices.

With the exception of the apartment which contained the "bridal presents," which were at once numerous, costly and useful, none were more extensively patronized than those in which refreshments were served. Upon these we will not dilate. Suffice it to say they *have* purveyors in Steubenville, who know both the quantity and quality of refreshments necessary for a party of the numbers and character mentioned above.

In company with Rev. J. R. Kerr and his amiable and interesting wife we spent the balance of the night, and this morning, most pleasantly, in the Female Seminary, where we were entertained most sumptuously and hospitably by Rev. A. M. Reid, the Principal, and his affable and interesting lady. We were glad to learn that the Seminary, which can boast, we believe, that the sun never sets on young ladies trained and educated within its walls, is still in a very flourishing condition. It being vacation, its spacious halls were comparatively deserted. But this was compensated for by the excellent music which Miss Grayson discoursed, and the lively and eloquent conversation of Miss Phillips, who is as celebrated for her conversational powers, as she is for her ability as an authoress. This is a first-class Institution and is well patronized.

We should add that Mr. and Mrs. Dorrington left this morning at seven o'clock for Cleveland, whence they purpose making a bridal tour to the Falls of Niagara, Quebec and Montreal. May they have a safe and prosperous journey, and happiness and felicity always attend them.

The agent for the GAZETTE in this place, Mr. John Palmer, is a very worthy gentleman, and is extending its circulation rapidly.

THE COURTS.

United States Court—Judge McCandless.

WEDNESDAY, June 9.—The Court ordered a *venire* to be issued for this morning of the usual number of Grand and Traverse Jurors for the July term of the District Court, commencing at Erie, Monday, July 12. Also for the usual number of jurors for the Circuit Court returnable at Erie same date.

Informations in *rem* were filed in the fellowing cases, attachments ordered and monitions issued returnable at Williamsport on the third Monday of June, in the following cases:

United States vs. two cases of leaf tobacco, a lot of cigars, &c., owned by Halstead & Miller, of Carbondale.

United States vs. the distillery of E.J. Boyer, wooden still, &c.

United States vs. the distillery of Jas. Nelm, Sr., one copper still, &c.

United States vs. William McKim, Wm. J. Friday and George W. Smith, partners, doing business under the firm name of McKim & Co. Action in debt, to recover one thousand dollars penalty for an alleged violation of the revenue law. The defendants are engaged in the business of distilling, and in December of last year started a new distillery on Thirty-eighth street, this city, plans and specifications of which were, previous to starting the establishment, submitted to the Revenue Department at Washington, D. C., and approved. The distillery was put in operation on Christmas day, and about the first of February the Supervisor of Internal Revenue visited the establishment and found, as he alleges, that the apparatus did not fill the requirements of the law. The regulations of the Department stipulate that the apparatus shall be so constructed as to allow the government officers an opportunity of detecting any fraud that might be perpetrated or attempted, and provides that the receiving cisterns, of which there shall be two, shall be located in a building provided for the express purpose, and that the United States Gauger shall carry the key of the same; that they shall be constructed in such a manner as to prevent the possibility of them being tapped and the spirits abstracted without the knowledge of the gauger. This regulation, it appears, was fully complied with, but the Supervisor discovered, as he supposed, a violation of the law in another part of the apparatus. The highwine tub which is situated at the terminus of the still, and is used for the purpose of ascertaining the quantity and quality of the liquor, was so constructed that liquor *might* be abstracted before reaching the receiving cistern, that is it has an aperture at the top, about 12 by 14 inches, which was made for the purpose of having access to the liquor to ascertain its quality. The defendants held that this was no infraction of the law, that the law did not contemplate the construction of the apparatus so that spirits could not be abstracted, but that it should be so constructed and situated that by proper vigilance the revenue officers, the storekeeper and guager, would be enabled to detect any attempted fraud.

The plaintiff held that it was a violation of the law, but did not charge the defendants with fraud, or an attempt to perpetrate fraud, but merely with a violation of one of the provisions of the law made to prevent fraud.

The case was opened by District Attorney Carnahan on behalf of the United States, and defendants were represented by David Reed and A. M. Brown, Esqs.

Alex. P. Totten, sworn—I am Supervisor of Internal Revenue; have been since November, '68; visited the distillery of McKim & Co. in the early part of February. The distillery is situated in this city on the Allegheny river. The distillery was in operation; I found at the outlet of the worm two cisterns, the high-wine and low-wine tubs, into which they run the spirits; the highwine tub had an opening in the top ten by twelve inches, allowing free access to the spirits manufactured before it reached the cistern; by attaching a hose at this opening all the spirits could be taken away before it reached the cistern room; it was not only possible but an easy manner to take away all the spirits before it reached the cistern; there were pipes connecting this tub with the cistern; the cistern room is about twenty-five feet from the highwine tub; I do not know how long the distillery has been running. Mr. McKim was present when I inspected the premises.

Cross-examined—I was there in the early part of February, in the afternoon. Mr. McKim went through the building with me. There was a storekeeper there also. It is customary to keep a storekeeper present all the time the distillery is running. Mr. McKim said he could not run the distillery with the aperture referred to open. I do not know that it is necessary to have a hole of that kind. There are cocks attached to the pipes of all distilleries; the liquors might be extracted by unscrewing the cock; or it might be done by drilling a hole in the pipes. It was not necessary to have a highwine tub at this distillery; most or all distilleries have low wine tubs, but a very few have highwine tubs; they run their highwines direct to the cistern room. I think in this Congressional district the distilleries all have highwine tubs. I have not visited over fifteen or twenty distilleries in the district. I don't know of any liquor having been extracted from the aperture described.

Christian Leazure, sworn.—I am Clerk for the Supervisor of Internal Revenue. I visited McKim & Co.'s distillery about the 5th of February with Mr. Totton. I think the distillery is on Thirty-eighth street. I found an opening between the end of the worm and the receiving cistern, in the highwine tub; the tub was a large copper vessel, and had an opening about one foot squre. The worm connected with this tub. This highwine tub was about one or two feet from the worm tub. The cistern was lower than the still, so that the spirits would run directly from the worm to the cistern. The aperture was such as to allow access to the spirits before they reached the receiving room. I visited the establishment in January, and found Mr. McKim there both times, and the distillery in operation both times. I think the liquor was running from the worm when we were there. The distillery was in operation.

Cross-examined — It is customary, to have a highwine tub, and where the spirits are separated as they are at this distillery, it is necessary to have a man to watch the high wine tub, and turn off the lowwines. I think at my first visit that there was an artificial light, so as to tell the quality of the liquor.

The testimony for the plaintiff here closed.

David Reed, Esq., opened the case for defendants. He held that if this opening had been made by defendants for the purpose of defrauding the Government by abstracting the liquor, then the offence would be complete and defendants would be liable, but the opening having been made to correct a defect in the distillery, which was new, and to regulate its workings, no offence or violation of the law had been committed, and defendants were not therefore liable.

Mr. Carnahan desired to state the position plaintiffs would maintain before counsel for defendants proceeded to examine witness for defence. He held that the matter of the aperture being in the tub was a matter of fact for the jury and that they would maintain that it was a violation of the law, whether there was an intent to defraud the Government or not. Plaintiffs did not charge the defendants with fraud, but only with a violation of the provisions of the law.

William McKim, sworn—I am one of the defendants. The firm is composed of Mr. Friday, Mr. Smith and myself. The distillery was put in operation first on Christmas day. The distillery is located on Thirty-eighth street. We run steady until February, exeept a few days, when we stopped for repairs. I was the managing partner. I am a practical distiller. The distillery was erected under my supervision. (Witness here gave a detailed description of the construction of the aparatus and the process of manufacturing whisky.) He stated further: That at the terminus of the worm there was a "three way cock," by means of which the liquor could be thrown into either the highwine or lowwine tub. The highwine tub was a second hand one. It had a hole in the top twelve by fourteen inches, over which it was intended to place a glass plate through which the whisky could be seen. He tried to run the distillery at first with the glass on, but owing to the quantity of steam the apparatus would not work right and the plate had to be taken off. The highwines passed from the tub through a stop cock into a pipe, then to the received room, in which are two receiving cisterns. These cisterns are erected in a room built for the purpose, in accordance with the law. Mr. Totten, I think, did not go into the cistern room. The apparatus was inspected by the Collector, Assessor, and the former Surveyor. There was a Storekeeper at the distillery all the time we were running. The Storekeepers are appointed by the Government, but the distiller is taxed to pay him. When we run at night there was a night Storekeeper present. Whiskey might be extracted from the tub either with the glass on or off. Mr. Shannon and my son had charge of the high and low wine tubs, and it was their duty to turn off the low wines. The Storekeeper's office was in the distillery, opposite the highwine tub. The opening referred to was in full view of persons passing near the tub. It was on top of the tub. The highwine tub is for the purpose of retaining the whiskey to ascertain the quantity and quality. I never saw a distillery without a highwine tub for making rye and corn whiskey.

Cross-examined — The store-keeper keeps the keys of the bouded warehouse. The United States Gauger keeps the keys of the receiving room, and we have no access to it except when admitted by him. The plans were approved by the Revenue Department at Washington.

Samuel Shannon sworn—I was beer runner at McKim & Co's distillery; I ran the high and lowwine tubs; my place was near them all the time; there was a difficulty in the working of the apparatus, on account of the mash coming into the highwine tub, and spoiling the highwines. I am still employed at the distillery. Mr. Samuel McKim was employed with me. The glass plate was off the aperture about three weeks; it was afterwards put on and sealed with sealing wax. This was after the new still was put in. It was put on in the latter part of February.

Samuel McKim sworn—I am a son of Wm. McKim and was employed in the distillery; it was my duty to watch the proof of the wiskey and see that it was running right. There was a difficulty when we first started, on account of the mash being thrown up and rising into the highwines. The glass was put on about the 10th of February, after the new still was put in.

The testimony here closed.

Mr. Reed opened the argument to the Court and jury on the part of defendants. He held that the law or section of the law under which this action was brought, does not contemplate the construction of the apparatus, so that liquor could not be obstracted, but so that it could not be smuggled out without the knowledge of the government officers.

At the conclusion of Mr. Reed's argument the Court adjourned, and the case will be argued before the jury Thursday morning

District Court—Judge Kirkpatrick.

WEDNESDAY, June 9.—In the case of Bell vs. Stevenson, previously reported, verdict for defendant.

Irwin vs. Bleakly. Action on a contract to recover $20,000, alleged to have been paid by plaintiffs to defendants, after which the contract was violated. On trial.

TRIAL LIST FOR THURSDAY.

140. Beck, Phillips & Co. vs. Hespenheide.
46. Phillips et ux. vs. Phillips.
121. Rabenstein vs. P. F. & M. Turnpike Co.
117. McClurkan vs. Thompson.
114. Emmett vs. Kidd.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Stowe.

WEDNESDAY, June 9.—Thomas and Decoles Giles, indicted for assault and battery, John Williams, prosecutor, were placed on trial. Verdict not guilty, and each party to pay half the costs.

J. R. Larimer, indicted for larceny. was not placed on trial. Verdict of not guilty.

In the case of the Commonwealth vs. Jacob Martin, indicted for larceny, verdict of not guilty.

Commonwealth vs. W. O. Johns, indictment, larceny by bailee. Verdict of not guilty.

A number of surety cases were disposed of, after which Court adjourned.

TRIAL LIST FOR FRIDAY.

59. Com. vs. Joseph Samuels and Joseph Forker.
60. " Lenhart Hook.
61. " Gust Rholock.
62. " Wm. Howard, 2 cases.
64. " Samuel Carmer and Samuel Smith.
65. " Charles Bailey and Ross Smith.
66. " Stephen Blange.
26. " Wm. R. Jones.
30. " Hugh McLane.
31. " Geo. Gillespie.
35. " Mary Neno.
36. " Hugh Smith.
28. " Mich. Roedler,
27. " Elizabeth Roedler.

Common Pleas—Judge Mellon.

WEDNESDAY, June 9.—W. P. Stewart vs. Powell & Co. Action on a contract to recover the value of a quantity of lumber sold and delivered. Verdict for plaintiff in the sum of $110.63.

Christian Schute vs, Peter Bell. Action of trespass *vi et armis* to recover damages. The parties were employed in the steel works of Messrs. Anderson & Cook in 1868, and sometime during that year they got into a difficulty, when, it is alleged, Bell struck the plaintiff in the face with his fist, and broke his jaw bone. An information for assault and battery was made, and Bell was tried and convicted at a recent term of the Quarter Sessions, and sentenced to pay a fine of $100 and costs. The jury found for plaintiff in the sum of $117.

Wendell & Schutter vs. A. S. Goerhing. *Sci. Fa.* on a mechanics lien. On trial.

Michael Seigle vs. Catharine Seigle. Petition in divorce. He alleges that on the 14th of May she left his bed and board with one George Sichel, and has not yet returned. Petition received and subpœna awarded.

Jane S. Baker vs. Isaac Baker, petition in divorce. It is alleged by the petitioner that she was married to Baker in 1849, and that during that time his conduct has been so abusive as to render it impossible for her to live with him any longer. Petition received and subpœna awarded.

TRIAL LIST FOR THURSDAY.

December List.

75. Wible & Co. vs. Rill.
76. Coal Men's Trust Co. vs. Marshall.
77. Canon vs. Lloyd.
78. Dalzell vs. Snyder.
80. Lynch vs. Henry.
81. Graham vs. Reifey, et. al.
82. Ellsessor & Bro. vs. McMillan.
83. McMillan vs. Ellsessor.
87. Duffey vs. Sheriff.
90. Brul vs. Bracken.

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—The amusing burlesque and trick pantomime, entitled "Robinson Crusoe," was presented at the Opera House last evening by Maffitt and Bartholomew's troupe to a large and fashionable audience. It is decidedly the best burlesque that has been presented in this city during the present season, and is put upon the stage in a most excellent manner. Maffitt, as Robinson's man Friday is the funniest man alive. It will be repeated to-night, and we would advise all who love to laugh to go without fail.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.—Miss Nellie Maskel continues the favorite at the Old Drury. The entertainments at this establishment are of a versatile character and highly amusing. The company is one of the best that has occupied the boards this season.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—The accomplished tragedienne, Miss Jean Hosmer, will commence a brief engagement on the 10th inst., at the Academy of Music, which will be opened under the management of Victor Parton. For particulars see future announcements.

CHAMPION VELOCIPEDE RACES.—A very exciting contest is coming off at the Keystone Rink this evening. The race is for a magnificent gold medal and the championship of Western Pennsylvania. Our best velocipedists have entered for the contest. There will also be a slow race for a silver medal and the championship. Admission 25 cents.

Shadyside Property at Auction.

The beautiful residence and grounds of the late Orrin Newton will be sold by auction, on the premises, on Thursday, June 17th, at 3½ o'clock. This property fronts on Centre avenue and the Pennsylvania Railroad at Shadyside Station. There are four acres of well improved and beautifully ornamented grounds, and a large, substantial, comfortable and elegant residence. The situation, neighborhood, scenery, convenience and other requisites for a first class place are possessed in an eminent degree. A careful consideration of this property is solicited. For a business man it is unsurpassable. For keys of the house call at 118 Wood street. Immediate possession given. Train for the sale leaves the Union Depot at three o'clock, city time.

At five o'clock of the same day the residence of Mr. E. R. Wilson, on Highland avenue, East Liberty, will be sold. Lot 65 by 136 feet. House a two story brick of eight rooms. A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.

Periodicals, Magazines, Library Books and in fact everything in the book and stationery line, are being sold cheap at the well known book emporium of Col. J. D. Egan Sixth avenue, near Smithfield street.

THE TRUSS.

The truss is an instrument, or rather an appliance, employed to retain the bowels to their proper place, when they have been forced out of their natural position, and this forms a disease called a rupture or hernia. Hernia is reducable or not. When not reducable, it becomes strangulated or incarcerated, a condition of always more or less danger, and requiring, in most cases, a surgical operation before the intestines can be restored to their proper position. When not strangulated primarily, ruptures are liable to become so by accident or neglect, hence, the necessity of trusses to keep the intestines in their proper place, and if possible to cure the disease by closing the opening through which the bowels protruded. In times past trusses have been regarded as palliative remedies rather than the means of effecting a radical cure. Dr. Keyser, however, of this city, who has devoted a great deal of thought and reflection to the subject of hernia, and besides has had over twenty-five years of practical experience in the application of trusses, is of the opinion that a large portion of cases can be radically cured. He attributes the failure to cure, in most cases, to the inefficiency of the trusses used, or the want of proper adjustment. He maintains that there are few conditions of the human body requiring greater skill and capacity than those in which there is a protrusion of any part, and much more so when the part is so intimately connected with human health and life as are the intestines. Trusses of every kind and at prices suitable to all may be had in great variety at Dr. KEYSER'S GREAT MEDICINE STORE, 167 Liberty street, or at his private consulting rooms, No. 120 Penn street, from ten A. M. until four P. M. Every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday, at the store, for free consultation from one to six P. M., and eight to nine at night.

USEFUL INSTITUTION.—No more useful place can be found than the great medicine store of Dr. Keyser, at 167 Liberty street, where the Doctor gives three free days for consultation from 4 to 6 P. M. every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday. It is a matter of some moment to the afflicted that they should know this and avail themselves of an opportunity not often afforded.

CATARRH.—Dr. Keyser, at 120 Penn street, will undertake and cure the worst case of Catarrh, by an entirely new system, so as to completely eradicate it from the system. He does so by restoring the general health of the system. Let those interested inquire if this is true.

SCIENCE ADVANCES.

As soon as an article purporting to be of utility has been tested, and its merits endorsed by public opinion, unprincipled parties endeavor to replenish their depleted purses by counterfeiting, and substituting a spurious for the genuine article. Some time since, mercury, in the disguise of pills, powders, &c., was given for all diseases of the stomach and liver, while quinie was freely administered for the chills. At length HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS made its advent, and an entire new system of healing was inaugurated. The beneficial effects of this valuable preparation were at once acknowledged, and mineral poisons suffered to sink into that obscurity to which an enlightened age has consigned them. There have been many spurious Bitters palmed upon the community, which, after trial, have been found perfectly worthless, while HOSTETTER'S has proved a blessing to thousands, who owe to it their restoration to health and happiness.

For many years we have watched the steady progress of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS in public estimation, and its beneficient effects as a cure for all complaints arising from the stomach of a morbid nature, and we are free to say that it can be relied upon as a certain relief and remedy. Its proprietors have made the above preparation after years of careful study and sifting, and are now reaping the reward claimed by this valuable specific, and which they so richly merit. It is the only preparation of the kind that is reliable in all cases, and it therefore demands the attention of the afflicted.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OFFICE PITTS. & CONNELLSVILLE R. R. CO. {
PITTSBURGH, June 8th, 1869.

NOTICE TO BONDHOLDERS.

Notice is hereby given that Coupon No. 2, Pittsburgh & Connellsville Railroad Company First Mortgage Bonds, will be paid on and after JULY 1st NEXT upon presentation and delivery at the Merchants National Bank of Baltimore.

JOHN H. PAGE, Jr., Treasurer.

je10:k46-THST

AMERICAN BANK.

NO. 80 FOURTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH.

CASH CAPITAL - - - - - $200.000

Stockholders Individually Liable.

BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.

JOHN FLOYD, President. WM. FLOYD, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

Thos. M. Marshall, Wm. T. Shannon, Chas. W. Arnott, Chas. B. Leech, John Floyd, John M. Murtland, Archibald Wallace, Jas. D. Kelly, Wm. Floyd.

This Bank is now fully organized and prepared to do a general Banking business.

je10:k33

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, for the Western District of Pennsylvania.

ARTHUR EBERNBURGH, a Bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, having applied for a discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable under said Act, by order of the Court, notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the 26th day of JUNE, 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., before SAMUEL HARPER, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 93 Diamond street, Pittsburgh, Pa., to show cause, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to the said Bankrupt. And further notice is hereby given, that the Second and Third meetings of Creditors of the said Bankrupt required by the 27th and 28th sections of said Act, will be held before the said Register, at the same time and place.

S. C. McCANDLESS, Clerk.

je10:k43-TH

NEWSPAPER FILES,

Rubber Pens,
Copying Presses,
Violet Inks,
Maps of U. S. on Rollers,
Heavy Glass Bank Inkstands.

FOR SALE BY

W. S. HAVEN & CO.,

Corner Wood Street and Third Avenue.

je10:k45

IMPORTANT TO

MANUFACTURERS AND MERCHANTS.

It is a fact that

L. E. SUTTON & CO.

Cut Stencils at 3 Cents per Letter.

STEEL STAMPS

AT 20 CENTS PER LETTER.

At the Pittsburgh Stencil Works, No. 58 Market street. Don't forget the number. je10:k41

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, { PITTSBURGH, June 10, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessment for the Boardwalk on Cedar street, from Main to Laurel street, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until MONDAY, June, 2d, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

je10:k44

J. B. YOUNGSON & CO.,

FANCY CAKE BAKERY, CONFECTIONARY ICE CREAM and DINING SALOON,

83 Smithfield street, corner of Diamond alley, Pittsburgh.

☞ Parties and families supplied with Ice Cream and Cakes on short notice.

OLIVER

M'CLINTOCK

& COMPANY

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A

FINE SELECTION OF

BRUSSELS,

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS,

THREE PLY

AND

INGRAIN

CARPETS.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF

WHITE, CHECK & FANCY

MATTINGS,

FOR SUMMER WEAR,

IN THE CITY.

STOCK FULL IN ALL DEPARTMENTS

AT

OLIVER

M'CLINTOCK

& COMPANY'S,

23 FIFTH AVENUE.

je8

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SUMMER GOODS.

NEW LAWNS, PERCALES,

FRENCH JACONETS.

LACE POINTS, WHITE SHAWLS,

New Mixtures,

BLACK MOHAIRS. BLACK ALPACAS,

Striped Ginghams.

AT 37 1-2 CENTS,

FRENCH JACONETS.

Best Bargains of the Season.

AT 31 CENTS,

REAL FRENCH CHINTZ.

AT $1,00,

GOOD KID GLOVES,

Together with a Complete Stock of

PARASOLS, GLOVES,
HOSIERY, LACE HOOPS,
CORSETS, RUFFLED COLLARS,
&c., &c., &c.

AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

JAMES M. CARR,

118 FEDERAL STREET

ALLEGHENY CITY.

je10

NEW CARPETS.

FINE CARPETS.

CHEAP CARPETS.

OIL CLOTHS,

WINDOW SHADES.

Mattings.

BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,

21 FIFTH AVENUE.

my24:d&wT

MAY 18, 1869.

BARGAINS

IN

CARPETS.

WINDOW SHADES,

AND

LACE AND NOTTINGHAM

CURTAINS.

New Stock Just Received.

LOWEST PRICES EVER OFFERED.

McFARLAND & COLLINS,

No. 71 and 73 FIFTH AVENUE,

my19 (Second Floor).

BRUSSELS CARPETS, VELVETS, &C.

The Latest Arrival

FROM ENGLAND.

McCALLUM BROS.,

No. 51 FIFTH AVENUE,

Have received by steamers Samaria and Manhattan the VERY NEWEST STYLES of the ENGLISH MARKET.

They also offer a

Complete Line of

DOMESTIC CARPETING.

To which large additions are daily being made.

A Display of Goods Equal

To any ever presented in this market at LOWEST PRICES.

McCALLUM BROS.,

No. 51 FIFTH AVENUE,

(BET. WOOD & SMITHFIELD.)

ap23:h95

GRAY'S FERRY

PRINTING INK WORKS.

C. E. ROBINSON,

MANUFACTURER OF

Black and Colored Printing & Lithographic

INKS, VARNISHES, &C.

Gray's Ferry Road and 33d Street,

fe18:e60 PHILADELPHIA.

DUNDEE MARMELADE.

Keeler's celebrated Scotch Orange Marmelade; also, Gordon's Jellies and Jams, for sale by the dozen or single jar by

JNO. A. RENSHAW,

je8 Corner Liberty and Ninth streets.

CEMEMT—100 bbls Louisville Hydraulic Cement, for sale by

J. B. CANFIELD

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STOCK LARGELY REPLENISHED

WITH

NEW AND DESIRABLE GOODS

FOR

THIS WEEK'S SALES.

EXTRA GOOD BARGAINS

IN

ALPACAS, Choice Colors,

Silk Warp Poplins,

WASH POPLINS,

PLAID POPLINS,

PLAIN COLORED PERCALES,

Plain Colored Lawns,

FIGURED LAWNS,

WHITE MARSEILLES,

Chintzes, &c.,

HEAVY BLACK SILKS,

FINE BLACK MOHAIRS,

BLACK POPLINS,

BLACK ALPACAS, &c.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

AT

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

No. 180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

CITY OF ALLEGHENY. { TREASURER'S OFFICE, June 8, 1869.

ALLEGHENY TAXES.

Notice is hereby given that the Assessors have now placed in the Treasurer's office the Duplicates of City, Poor, City Business, School, School Building and Public Park Taxes, and of Water Rents for the year 1869, and that said taxes will now be received in pursuance of the Acts of Assembly of February 27th, 1860, and of April 14th, 1863, subject to the following regulations and allowances:

Five per cent. if paid on or before the first day of July. Four per cent. if paid on or before the first day of August. Two per cent. if paid on or before the first day of September. If paid after the first day of September, and on or before the first day of October, no deduction will be made. If paid after the first day of October, and on or before the first day of November, an addition of five per cent. shall be added to and payable on the same.

After the first of November warrants will be issued to enforce the collection of all taxes remaining unpaid, together with the percentage accrued thereon, and the costs.

D. MACFERRON

je8:k37 City Treasurer.

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Pronounced by

CONNOISEURS

TO BE THE

'Only Good Sauce'

And Applicable to

Every Variety

OF

DISH.

Extract of a letter from a medical gentleman at Madras, to his brother at Worcester, May, 1851:

"Tell Lea and Perrins that their sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome sauce that is made."

Put free on board at London or Liverpool, in parcels of twenty cases or more; each case two dozen large, five dozen middle, or ten dozen small. Parties who order through us have the advantage of a supply from our stock until the arrival of direct orders.

James Keiller & Son's celebrated Dundee Marmalade. Robert Middlemass's celebrated Albert Biscuit. J. & G. Cox's Gelatine. Crosse & Blackell's goods. Delangrenier's Racahout des Arabes. Guinness's Stout, Bass and Allsopp's Ales. Wm. Younger's Edinburgh Ales, and the Wines of France, Germany, Spain and Portugal.

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,

Union Square and 46 Beaver street, New York, Sole Agents for MESSRS. LEA & PERRINS.

je8:k31-WF

ELEGANT FURNITURE, HORSES, HARNESS, VEHICLES, &c., HIGHLAND AVENUE, EAST LIBERTY.—FRIDAY MORNING, June 11th at 9 o'clock, will be sold at the residence of S. R. McCleary, Esq., near head of Highland avenue, East Liberty, the entire elegant household furnishment of 10 rooms; every article almost new and of very fine quality, embracing finest Rosewood style furnishment in parlor; Walnut in sitting room; Oak in dining room, and the chambers furnished in Mahogany, Oil Walnut and Varnished Walnut and Plain Jet. All the rooms and hall covered with finest grades of Brussels and Ingrain Carpets, almost new. Also furnished with Oil Paintings, Bronze Figures, Engravings, Chandeliers, Lamps, China and Queensware, Kitchen Utensils, Parlor and Kitchen Stoves, Wheelbarrow, Farming Implements and everything usual in fitting up a country home.

Also, Horse and Pony, Barouche, Buggy, Harness, &c.

A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

je9

TO LOAN.

$10,000

ON FIRST CLASS MORTGAGE, CITY PROPERTY. Apply at

MORGAN & ROBERTS',

REAL ESTATE AGENTS,

114 FOURTH AVENUE.

je7:k31

PUMPS.

WOOD AND IRON WELL AND CISTERN PUMPS.

We are now sole agents for E. P. Smith's well known wood pump.

The trade will be supplied by us at factory prices in lots to suit.

A large and complete assortment always on hand. Families and all others in want of a good pump at a very low price, which we warrant, should see this. The best and cheapest pump in the market.

W. W. KNOX,

General Wholesale Agent,

137 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

my15:J22-SW

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

12 YARDS OF

FAST COLORED CALICO

FOR ONE DOLLAR.

Best Quality of Cloth.

EXTRA FINE

Yard Wide Undressed

BLEACHED MUSLIN,

AT 12 1-2 Cts. YARD.

LIGHT COLORED DELAINES,

AT 12 1-2 CENTS.

Good Styles and Quality.

BARGAINS IN

TABLE LINENS.

CASSIMERES,

TWEEDS,

JEANS, &c.,

AT

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

No. 180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

VALUABLE CITY LOTS FOR SALE.

The undersigned, as trustee in the partition of the real estate of

AGNES KNOX, Deceased,

By order of the District Court of Allegheny county, will sell at public sale, on the premises, on

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 30, 1869,

At 2 o'clock P. M., that very valuable property on Fifth avenue, city of Pittsburgh, consisting of TWO LOTS. First—A lot fronting on Market street 30 feet and extending, the same width, along the south side of Fifth avenue 101 feet to Market alley. Second—A lot on the opposite side of Market alley fronting on Fifth avenue 20 feet and running back, preserving the same width, along Market alley 30 feet. On the first mentioned lot are FOUR FRAME TENEMENTS, and on the other a THREE STORY BRICK BUILDING.

These lots are among the most valuable in the city of Pittsburgh, being on the principal street and in the centre of business. The attention of capitalists is particularly invited to them, as they are desirable chiefly for the value of the lots, the buildings not being of much consequence, and possession for building purposes can be obtained on 3 months' notice. The property now rents for over eight thousand dollars. The purchaser will receive the rents after July 1st.

THE TERMS OF SALE.

One-third cash, and the remaining two-thirds in two equal annual payments, with semi-annual interest from day of sale, secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

J. W. F. WHITE,

June 5, 1869. TRUSTEE.

je7:k29

HOLTZMAN & WIEDERHOLD

No. 100 Third Avenue,

Upholsters and Dealers in Curtain Goods.

Direct the attention of their friends and the public to their finely assorted stock of

Lace and Nottingham Curtains, Vestibule Laces, Damask Reps, Ferry's Mexican cloth, Satin, Delanes, Gilt Cornices, Gilt and Walnut Mouldings, Spring Beds of superior make, Hair Matrasses (pure white hair,) Pillows, Bolsters, and everything pertaining to a first class bed. The latest Paris and Berlin designs for Draperies at the inspection of their customers. Pure white Eastern Show Feathers always on hand.

HOLTZMAN & WIEDERHOLD,

NO. 100 THIRD AVENUE.

my8:193

FRESH SHAD RECEIVED daily at BENJAMIN PULPRESS popular Fish Stand, No. 45 Diamond Market, Pittsburgh, and at the Twin City, Allegheny City, corner of Ohio and Federal streets. Can be had all kinds of Sea and Lake fish, Halibut, Shad, Seak, Codfish, Haddock and Eel. Also, large supplies of White, Lake Fish, Salamon, Bass, Sturgeon, Herring and Mackinaw Trout, which enables us to sell at the lowest market prices, wholesale or retail. We invite all lovers of Fresh Fish to give us a call, and we will insure them a treat.

mh25

GARDENERS TAKE NOTICE.—FOR SALE.—The FOURTEEN MILE ISLAND, on the Allegheny River, and now used for gardening purposes; well improved and in a high state of cultivation, containing 40 or 50 acres, now offered at a bargain. Call soon.

Also, other Farms in good locations. Woolen Factory, two Houses, and twenty acres of land on the Central Railroad. Houses and Lots For Sale and To-let in both cities. For further particulars inquire of WILLIAM WARD,

fe26 110 Grant street, opposite Cathedral.

KEYSTONE POTTERY.

S. M. KIER & CO.,

Manufacturers of

QUEENSWARE, BRISTOL WARE &c.

office and Warehouse, 363 LIBERTY STREET

☞ All orders promptly attended to

NOTICE OF LOST CERTIFICATE.—Notice is hereby given that certificate No. 35, for 20 shares stock in the "Merchants and Manufacturers National Bank," at Pittsburgh, in the name of HANNAH THOMSON, has been lost or destroyed by fire, and that application has been made by the said Hannah Thomson for new certificate in the place of that lost or destroyed as aforesaid.

June 3, 1869. HANNAH THOMSON.

je3:k1-THS

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

CAPE MAY CITY, N. J.,

Will be opened for the season SATURDAY, May 29th. In all first class appointments, equal to any and yet affording to families all the comforts of a home. President Grant expects to visit Cape May this season and will stop at the "United States." Address,

my21:194 AARON MILLER, Proprietor.

SANDUSKY STREET PROPERTY FOR SALE.—A Three Story BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, arranged with hall, two parlors, marble mantles, dining room, kitchen, seven chambers, bath room, &c. Immediate possession. For price and terms apply to

S. CUTHBERT & SONS,

e2 39 Sixth Avenue.

A CHANCE TO MAKE MONEY.—Any person having a small capital wishing to engage in a profitable business can do so by calling at 51 Clark street.

FOR SALE—TYPE.—About 400 pounds MINION TYPE, nearly as good as new. Enquire at THIS OFFICE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

59

MARKET STREET.

J. W. BAR

WILL OFFER THIS WE

NEW DRE

A

REDUCE

Chintzes, Lawns,
Organdies, Grenadines.

These Goods have just been purchased and Customers will re

J. W. BAR

NO. 59 MARK

And No. 20 SIXTH, for

je9

TAGGART

& SIMEN,

RETAIL

BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS

AT

Wholesale Prices.

NO. 129 FEDERAL STREET,

Allegheny City.

ap15

OHIO RIVER IMPROVEMENT.

Proposals for Two steamers for Removing Obstructions.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the United States Engineers, in the Custom House Building, Pittsburgh, Pa., until 6 o'clock P. M. of WEDNESDAY, JUNE 16th, 1869, for furnishing Two Light Draught Steamers, Crane Boats and Flats, to be employed by contract by day's work in removing

Obstructions from the Ohio River,

Consisting of snags, trees, sunken logs, boats, barges, wrecks, &c. Bidders must specify the price per day for each day's work, for which they will agree to furnish everything necessary, and do the work under the superintendence of a person to be appointed by the said Engineer. Said price to cover the furnishing of a light draught steamer, one crane boat, two strongly decked flats, and the necessary screws, chains, ropes, levers, saws, axes, fixtures, &c., suitable for such work, and including the pay and expenses of a Captain, Pilot, Engineer and crew, besides one manager or working boss in addition and one gang of eight men each for doing the work, and having suitable accommodations for the Government inspector.

All expenses to be paid, and all risks borne by the party proposing, it being understood that the Government will not be responsible for the payment of anything more than the sum per day that may be agreed upon in the contract.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids if it shall be deemed for the interest of the Government so to do.

Specifications and a blank form of proposals will be furnished on application, from this office, either in person or by writing.

The proposals must be accompanied by the guaranty of two responsible sureties, signed on the printed form.

By order of

Brig.-General A. A. HUMPHREYS,
Chief of Engineers of the Army of the U.S.
W. MILNOR ROBERTS, U.S. Civil Engineer,
in charge Ohio River Improvement.

PITTSBURGH, PA., June 7, 1869. je8:k35

REDUCED.

A REAM

OF NOTE PAPER FOR 81.

INITIAL

NOTE PAPER PER BOX, 40c.

AT

JOSEPH HORNER'S,

Bookseller and Stationer,

129 Smithfield Street.

je1

$25,000 TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.

Books settled and accounts promptly collected. Houses and Lots in Pittsburgh and Allegheny. Cheap Houses and Lots in East Liberty and Birdsocks. Lots in Mansfield. A very desirable farm of 70 acres; splendid young orchard, good house, with store-room attached; spring of never failing water; near Economy, on the line of P. Ft. W. & C. R. W.; for sale very cheap.

Iowa, Missouri and Virginia land for sale. Enquire of

THOS. SIMPSON & R. M. HOLLAND

Brokers and Real Estate Agents,

89 GRANT STREET

my9 office back room.

JOHN H. STEWART.....ROBT. H. PATTERSON

ROBT. H. PATTERSON & CO.,

LIVERY, SALE AND

COMMISSION STABLES

COR. SEVENTH AVENUE & LIBERTY ST.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ap26:h4

FOR SALE.

Near Osborn Station, on the Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad,

TWO LOTS,

Containing About Two Acres Each.

ENQUIRE OF

W. MACKEOWN & BRO.,

195 Liberty Street,

mh15

EDMUND LARE, No. 124 Smithfield street, Sole Manufacturer of Warren's Ye Cement and Gravel Roofing. Material for

ja5:e90

HENDERSON J. & BROTHERS, 266 Liberty street, Dealers in Drugs, Paint and Patent Medicines. ja5:29

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20

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KER & CO.,

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Poplins, Colored Alpacas,
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☞ *NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES each will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.*

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WANTED—HELP.—AT EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, No. 1 St. Clair Street, BOYS GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

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WANTED.—Agents to take orders in the city and county for Doudnas' Patent Stone-Lid Holder. County rights for sale. Enquire for J. S. WILSON, at Morrison & Devol's, 75 Water street, Pittsburgh.

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TO-LET.—Room on 3d floor Dispatch Building. Rent very low for balance of year. Gas, water and stationary stand. Enquire at Potograph Gallery, Dispatch Building.

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FOR SALE.—DRUG STORE.— One of the best Drug and Prescription Stores in Pittsburgh is offered for sale at cost if applied for soon. Good reasons for selling. Address J. P. PEARSON & CO., 87 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

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FARM in Sewickly township, Allegheny county, situate about 3½ miles from Sewickly and 3 miles from Leetsdale Station, on P. Ft. W. & C. R. R., consisting 100 acres, 75 cleared and under good cultivation; balance in timber. On which there is erected a comfortable frame House, good Log Barn and all other necessary outbuildings. Large orchard of choice fruit. Everything in good order. Price $110 per acre.

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1,000 Fire Tile.
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Will open for Discount, Deposit and General Banking Business on JUNE 3d, 1869, at No. 195 Fifth avenue. Any sum received from one dollar upwards. Interest at the rate of six per cent. paid on time deposits.

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Corner of Irwin, now offer to the trade at low figures, strictly

Prime New Crop New Orleans Sugar and Molasses.

Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Sugars.
New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore Refined do.
Golden Drips, Loverings, Brunjis, Stuart's, Adams' and Long Island Syrups.
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Carolina and Rangoon Rice.
Java, Laguayra and Rio Coffees.
Tobacco, Lard Oil, Fish, Nails, Glass, Soaps, Cotton Yarns, &c., constantly on hand.

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IMPORTERS OF

Fine Brandies, Wines and Segars.

Rhenish, Moselle, and Sparkling Hock Wines of Hinkel & Co., in bottles.
Sparkling Moselle, Scharsberg and Johannisburg, Hockheimer, Burgundy, &c.
Brandenburg & Freres' Fine Olive Oil.
do do Clarets, imported in bottles.
do do White Wines, in bottles.
M. Work & Sons Sparkling Catawba.
Fine old Sherry, Madeira and Port Wines.
Free old Monongahela Rye Whiskies, pure,
do Very Superior Old Scotch do do.

ALSO,

Sole Agents for Moet & Chandon's Grand Vin Imperial.
Verzenay and Sellery Champagne.
Brandies of our own selection and warranted.

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GOLD,

SILVER AND COUPONS

Bought at Highest Prices.

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Cor. Wood and Fifth Streets.

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ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

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JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

Dealers in Government Bonds,

COR. FOURTH & WOOD STS.

my3:j25

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, June 9, 1869.

Money being exceedingly tight in New York, Government bond stocks and gold suffered a heavy decline. Gold opened at 139¼, declined to 139⅛, advanced to 139½ and closed firm at 138¾. The clique formed a few days ago to advance gold have tried their best, but could not sustain the market.

Governments opened firm at closing quotations of the previous day, but declined about one-quarter of one per cent. at the close.

Stocks were firm at the opening, but seemed to be on the upward move again, when some heavy sales were made by the principal bull operators and the market suffered a decline of from 2 to 4¼ per cent. The watered stocks suffered severely and New York Central sold from 189⅞ down to 186; Fort Wayne from 158 to 155¼; Cleveland at 94¼; Northwestern from 91 to 88; Reading from 98½ to 97; Old Southern sold down to 105¼, after having been at 121. The pressure does not seem to be over yet and a very panicky feeling has taken hold of all the small operators. The Fort Wayne men who thought that stock cheap at 159, in anticipation of scrip dividends on the 22d instant, are more desirous to sell out and await lower quotations.

Quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz: Gold, 138¾; Silver, 130; Eighty-one's, 121⅛; Five Twenties, 1862, 122⅝; do 1864, 117⅜; do 1865, 118½; do 1865, Consols, 119¾; do 1867, ——; do 1868, 119¾; Ten Forties, 108¾; New York Central, 86⅜; Erie, —; Reading, 97; Pittsburgh, —; Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad, 55¾; Ohio & Mississippi, 33½; Michigan Southern, 104¼; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 94¼; Chicago & Rock Island, 119½; Chicago & North Western, 88; Chicago & North Western Preferred, 99⅞; Adams Express Company, 58¼; Merchants Union Express, 14½; Pacific Mail, 84¼; Western Union Telegraph Company, 40; Gregory, ——; Quartz Hill, ——; Smith & Parmlee, ——; Am. Express, 39½.

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co. Gold, 139½; United Sates Sixes, 1881, 121½; Five-Twenties, 1862, 122⅝; do. 1864, 117⅜; do. 1865, 118½; Ten-Forties, 108⅜; Five-Twenties, January and July, 1865, 119¾; do. do. 1867, 119¾; do. do. 1868, 119¾; Seven-Thirties, par less, ¼; Due Compounds, 119; Union Pacific Railroad, 93½; Central do. do., par; Cy. Pacifics, 107.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, June 9.

The heavy decline in Michigan Southern and Mariposa securities within the past few days has impaired the capital of five or six stock brokers on the street, and to-day they were compelled to suspend. The names of Brown & Co., Desmarte & Robit and Woolberg & Co., are given. The bills of Sosat, Ursular & Co., of Canada, and Mercer & Co., of Havana, both houses in the sugar trade, have to-day gone to protest. These are important houses in the sugar trade. The increasing currency balance in the Treasury and shipments of money to the east and west, are beginning to affect seriously the working of our money market. The demand to-day was very urgent and continued until after bank hours, when there was a sharp rise in the rate of interest. The early transactions were at 7 per cent., but afterwards coin interest was paid, and after three o'clock as high as 7 per cent. currency, and ¼ per cent. commission. Discounts nominal. Sterling firm at 9¼@9½. Gold opened firmer, closed weak; prices opened at 139¼ and closed at 138¾. Carrying rate 6@9 per cent., or 1-32 per day. Clearances $56,000,000.

Governments are a fraction off but closed firm. The Assistant Treasurer bought $770,000 5-20's of '67, $130,000 do. '68, and $100,000 new, '65s, at about 119⅞. The following were the bidding prices at the time of closing: Coupons of '81, 121¾@122; do. '62, 122⅝@122¾; do. '64, 117⅜@117½; do. '65, 118⅝@118¾; do. new, 119¾@119¾; do. '67, 119¾@119⅞; do. '68, 119¾@119¾; 10-40s, 108¾@109; Pacifics, 107@107⅛.

State bonds are heavy and lower. Missouris, 92½; old Tennessees, 66@66¼; new do., 62½@62⅝; North Carolinas, 55½@55¾; Virginias, 61½@61¾.

The stock market is very much depressed, and prices declined heavily under the great pressure to sell. The bear movement in Mariposa, which carried the preferred stock down to 14 and the Trustee certificates to 35, seems to have affected the entire list and caused a general break-down in prices. The decline was most marked in Michigan Southern, Pittsburgh, Northwestern, St. Paul, and the Vanderbilt shares. At one time there was a gloomy feeling, and the market drifting towards a panic, but at the close it became steadier and rallied some from the lowest point.

Bidding prices at 5-30—Cumberland, 30; Wells Express, 30½; American, 40; Adams, 39; United States, 66¼; Merchants, 14½; Quicksilver, 15; Canton, 63½; Pacific Mail, 83¼; Western Union Telegraph, 40⅜; Mariposa, 6; do. preferred, 14½; New York Central, 187; Erie, 30¾; do. pref, 51¾; Hudson, 156; Harlem, 147; Reading, 97¼; Terre Haute, 58; do. preferred, 57; Wabash, 72½; do. preferred, 86; Fort Wayne, 155½; Ohio and Mississippi, 32¾; Michigan Central, 129; Michigan Southern, 106; Illinois Central, 143; Pittsburgh, 94¾; Lake Shore, 106; Rock Island, 119¾; Northwestern, 89; do. preferred, 100; Chicago and Alton, 155; C. C. & I., 73; St. Joe, 125; do. preferred, 120.

Mining shares quiet: Gregory, 280; Quartz Hill, 80; Smith and Parmlee, 280; Grass Valley, 50.

Copper stocks at Boston: Copper Falls, 8¼; Franklin, 17; Hecla, 85; Hancock, 4; Minnesota, 1¾; Quincy, 28; Calumet, 55.

Sub-Treasury receipts, $2,106,198; payments, $9,000,047; balance, $81,702,757. Disbursements coin interest $57,367.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, June 9, 1869.

Business, although dull, is nevertheless fully as active as is usual at this season of the year, as business men look for and expect dull times during June and July, and, possibly, August. With every prospect of big crops, we may look for brisk times in the fall, and it is a great consolation for the present to have strong hopes of good times in the future. Flour is dull and weak, with a drooping tendency, and the same is true in regard to Grain. Provisions are considerably firmer, under the influence of advices from the west. The demand for all of the leading articles is confined entirely to supplying immediate wants, and this is likely to continue so for some time.

APPLES—Fair to choice, $5@8.

APPLE BUTTER—75@$1,00, as to quality.

BUTTER—Prime Roll is in light supply, and we can report sales at 23@25.

BEANS—Dull at $2@2,50.

CARBON OIL—Is a shade easier and prices are tending downward.

CHEESE—Sales of Western Reserve, at 18@20; and New York Goshen at 23@24, and market steady.

DRIED FRUIT—Is dull and unchanged. Peaches, 14 for quarters: 15 for mixed and 18 for prime halves. Apples, 13@15.

EGGS—In steady demand with sales at 21, and some parties asking 22.

FEATHERS—Firm and in limited supply; we now quote live geese at 85@90 to the trade, and $1, in a retail way.

FLOUR—The market is quiet and devoid of anything new or important. Wheat is now down to a point that enables our millers to compete with some show of success, with the western mills, as Winter Wheat can be bought at about the same price that No. 1 Spring can be laid down here from Chicago: it is generally conceded that Winter Wheat Flour is better, particularly in hot weather, than Spring. We continue to quote Spring Wheat at $6@6,50 and Winter at $7@7,50. The Pearl Mill Prices for fresh ground flours are as follows: Pearl Mill three star, green brand, in barrels, $9,00 and in sacks $8,70; double extra of selected amber and white winter wheat, in barrels $7,90, and in sacks $7,60; choice selected red winter wheat flour, in barrels $7,30, and in sacks $7,00; choice spring wheat flour in barrels $6,60 and in sacks $6,30. The Pittsburgh City Mill prices are as follows: Choice white winter wheat flour in barrels, $8,00, and in sacks $7,75; choice red winter wheat flour in barrels $7,25, and in sacks $7,00; choice spring wheat flour in barrels $6,75, and in sacks $6,50 per barrel.

GRAIN—The offerings of Wheat although by no means heavy, are fully up to the demand, and prime Red is being sold at $1,30. Oats dull with sales to arrive, at 64@65; on spot at 67@68 and in store at 70@72. Rye dull and irregular; $1,15@1,20 seem to be the leading figures for small lots, although there was a sale of 600 bushels, the other day, at $1,25, delivered on wharf. Corn is quiet and dull, and may be quoted at 75@78, as to quality; for car load lots. Barley but little offering and not much wanted; some of the small brewers are buying small lots of prime Spring at $1,65@1,70.

HAY—Baled is offering pretty freely, and the market is dull but unchanged; we continue to quote on wharf, at $25@27, for good to strictly prime.

HOMINY—Dull; $5@525 per bbl.

HUSKS—Sales corn husks at 3½.

HEMP—Sales at $210.

LARD OIL—Sales of Extra No. 1 at $1,50 and No. 2 at $1,20.

LIME—Cleveland Lime is quoted at $2,50, per bbl, and Common White at $1,75.

MAPLE SYRUP—Sales in gallon jugs at $1,50.

POTATOES—Sales of old crop at 45@50 per bushel, and new crop at $3@3,50 per barrel.

PEANUTS—Small sales at 12c.

PROVISIONS—Market firmer and prices tending upward. We now quote Shoulders at 14@14¼; Sides 16¾@17 for Ribbed and 17¾@18 for Clear; Plain Hams 17½; Plain Canvassed 18½; Sugar Cured Canvassed 20@20¼. Breakfast Bacon 20. Beef Tongues, $8,50 per dozen. Mess Pork, $32. Dried Beef, 21.

SEEDS — Occasional small sales of Flaxseed at $2,45@2,50. No demand for Clover or Timothy.

SALT—Sales of car load lots at $1,83@1,85.

TALLOW—Nothing doing in this article of importance, and prices are nominal.

Live Stock Market.

NEW YORK, June 9.—The weather is cold and fine for meats, only strawberries were never so plenty and crowd other things by their cheapness, 8 to 12c per quart, still all of the 2,050 head of cattle were sold early at prices last reported, 13 to 16½c, and dealers have gone West on fast trains for more. They will probably overdo the thing. A drove of choice 8½ cwt. Illinois steers brought 15½ to 16½c; a drove of 6¼ cwt. Missouri cattle sold at 14@15c, with some 6¾ cwt. cattle at $100 each. Sheep are not quick but firm at frrmer rates; arrivals to-day of 2,300 head; sales of four cars Ohio, 81 lbs., at 6¾c; one car, 90 lbs., at 7⅛c; one car, 87 lbs., at 7¼c. Lambs are worth 12 to 14½c; a lot of 52-lbs. selling at the latter price. Hogs—receipts of 5,550; one car only was sold alive, viz: 187-lbs Ohio hogs, fat at $9,55 per cwt.; dressed are worth 11½ to 11¾c.

CHICAGO, June 9.—Cattle dull at $5,40@5,75 for cows and light steers; $4,37½@4,90 for fair to medium, and $7@7,65 for good to extra choice beeves. Hogs dull and 10@25c lower at $8,50@9 for fair to good, and 9,15@9,25 for choice to prime.

MEMPHIS, June 9.—Cotton firm; low middling held at 30c; receipts, 135 bales; exports, 370 bales. Flour dull; superfine $5@5,50. Corn 82½c. Oats 75c. Hay $25@26. Pork $32,75. Lard 19½@21c. Bacon firm; shoulders 14¼c; sides 18¼@20c.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

Washington Items.

Russell Jones, recently appointed Minister to Belgium, vice Sanford resigned, has received his papers and leaves for Europe on the 20th inst. Gen. Andrews, of Minnesota, appointed and confirmed to Copenhagen, has been transferred to the more important post of Stockholm, and also goes abroad the last of this month. The new Minister to Copenhagen has not yet been appointed.

The Bureau is satisfied that the incipient troubles in Kansas grow out of the hostility of the old Indian ring to the new Quaker policy being tried in that section, and expects like troubles for a few weeks in other parts of the country occupied by Quakers.

There is some talk here in official circles about the course which prominent men in England are pursuing in endeavoring to throw upon Napoleon and the French government most of the responsibility for the policy which Great Britain adopted and followed in reference to the late civil war in the United States. The object seems to be to create a hostile feeling among Americans towards France, and to divert attention as much as possible from holding England alone responsible for her course.

The administration is somewhat embarrassed in determining the political status of Georgia, as she was not included in the supplemental bill which passed Congress in the last hours of the session with the States of Virginia, Mississippi and Texas, and she is also not represented in both branches of Congress. The President has therefore submitted the question to the Attorney General for his opinion. If he shall decide the State is still out of the Union under the laws of Congress, it is not improbable, the President will assume that Georgia is in the condition of the other unreconstructed States, and recognize her only as under provisional government.

I notice some papers are giving currency to the statement that notwithstanding the recent large reduction of the debt, it is nevertheless eleven or twelve millions greater than on the 1st of June, 1868. This is an error, though if the face of the June statement of last year be taken as it stands it shows such a result. But to that statement should be added forty millions of accured interest, a liability which never appeared in the statements until Mr. Boutwell commenced to make them. This makes the debt now actually twenty-eight millions less than last year at the same time. It is not probable that there will hereafter be another decrease of the debt by so large an amount in any one month, but that the decrease will be gradual by small amounts each month, but nevertheless sure. The Secretary entertains the hope, founded upon the prospective character of revenue receipts and expenditures, that the expenses of the Goverement will not in any month of the immediate future exceed the receipts, but, on the contrary, will be within them by several millions per month.

An Ancient Ship.

Some years since, the frame of an ancient German ship, fifteen hundred years old, was dug out of the Nydam turf-moor in Schleswig-Holstein, and is now carefully preserved at Plensburg. It is thus described:

The vessel is made of oak, very well fashioned, and was found on the eighteenth of August, 1863. It is a slender galley for twenty-eight oars, seventy-five feet long, and the large planks are fastened together by strong iron nails. It did not carry a sail. The two ends, fore and aft, are built after the same style, running to a point, evidently with regard to the prevention of collision and to render the landing easier. The vessel is ten feet wide in the centre, and also deep, narrowing and shallowing towards the ends. It is made of eleven planks, five on each side, the ground plank and the keel. The latter is not more than an inch thick, and about eight inches wide in the centre of the boat. The caulking between the planks is effected by means of woollen stuff and a pitchy mass. The technic of this ancient Germanic shipbuild is much higher than it has been customary to assume for that period and people. Nevertheless the steering apparatus found near the vessel in the turf-moor has a very primitive character, it being of the oldest known form, as seen upon the earliest monuments, and is appended not to the stern of the vessel, but to the side. It has a length of nine feet and four inches. In regard to the movable articles belonging to the ship, dug up at the same time, there are many of them whose appointment and application are not at all clear or doubtful. A few water vessels, among otherthings compare very well with those in use at the present day. It appears to be undoubted that the vessel was purposely sunken in the primitive period, there being large holes of great age in the planks below the water line, throught which the water must have poured. The Nydan moor was formerly a bay of the sea.

The chronology is defined by a number of antiquities, arms, utensils, ornaments of iron, bronze and silver, which were dug up near the ship snd found in it. Thirty-four Roman imperial coins of silver found are from the period 69 to 217 years after the birth of Christ. The Danish naturalists, especially Englehardt, who were present at the time the vessel was discovered, and who have made elaborate reports upon it, place the sphip and its sinking as belonging to the third century of our era; a view with which Dr. Michelsen coincides. The date has been doubted by some of the German papers, though no grounds have been given therefor.

An amusing discussion recently took place at the meeting of the Poor Law Guardians of the English town of Oswestry, as to whether the girls in the workhouse should wear hats or bonnets. A proposal on the part of some benevolent persons to supply them with plain black straw hats, free of charge, excited the suspicion rather than the gratitude of the guardians. "It's like the altar cloth," exclaimed one of them, "and we shall be going on to Roman Catholicism." Another detected the germ of a social revolution. "I shall deprecate it very strongly," he said; "I know my 'missis' won't allow one of her servant girls to wear a hat. If the children are brought up to wear cock-a-lorum hats here, they'll want to wear them when they go away. They'll be wanting feathers next, and then you'd have young gentlemen coming courting after them." Finally one of the guardians moved that they should "stick to bonnets," which was agreed to.

The Fort Wayne Railway Lease.

The Philadelphia *Ledger* says: The Pennsylvania Railroad Company leases the road of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway, with all its branches, for nine hundred and ninety-nine years, commencing July 1, 1869. By the terms of the lease the former company agrees to pay the interest on the debt of the latter, and in addition thereto the sum of $1,380,000 per annum as rent for the property. It is understood that under this arrangement the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company maintains and defends all its own litigations. The Pennsylvania Company assumes none of them. The capital of the Fort Wayne Company is $11,500,000—consequently the sum of $1,380,000 named as the annual rent, is 12 per cent. on the capital. Its funded debt at the close of last year was $12,563,000, and by a resolution of the Board in March last was increased by a half million of 8 per cent. "equipment bonds." The Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Company are a re-organization and consolidation of three original companies, whose lines conjointly connected Pittsburgh and Chicago. It became involved in debt, and in 1861 was sold under foreclosure, the present company becoming the purchasers in 1862. The main line of road has a total length of 468 miles, with 33½ miles of second track and 96½ miles of sidings, giving a total of single track of 598 miles. The gross earnings in 1868 were $8,041,180, an increase on those of the previous year of $796,054. The increase has been steady each successive year for the last six years. The expenses in transacting the business of last year were $5,002,110, or about 62½ per cent. of the earnings. The company now pays quarterly dividends of 2½ per cent., or 10 per cent. per annum. It holds and works three branch roads, The "Akron Branch" what was originally the Cleveland, Zanesville and Cincinnati Railroad, is 61 miles in length, and extends from Hudson to Millersburg, Ohio, and crosses the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway at Orville, 124 miles from Pittsburgh. It cost at judicial sale $179,829 over and above a 7 per cent. mortgage of $200,000 which mortgage has been reduced to $153,000. It pays little over expenses and interest. The "New Castle Branch" consists of a road extending from Homewood to New Catle and a connecting road of 15 miles with the Erie and Pittsburgh Railroad, both operated under a ninety-nine years' lease, at an annual rent charge of 40 per cent. of gross earnings. The Lawrence Road to Youngstown, and its branch is operated under a similar lease. The business of these branch roads is inconsiderable, with little resulting profit. The Fort Wayne Company has now rented that portion of its railroad between Pittsburgh and Rochester to the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Company at $85,000 per annum. The entire cost of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway is put down in its last report at $26,887,076, since increased by a half million of 8 per cent. bonds. The road is a very productive one in itself, but is esteemed greatly more valuable worked in full interest with the Pennsylvania Railroad.

Abortive Spite.

The Democratic Legislature of Ohio passed a Visible Admixture Law, intended to exclude from the polls a citizen having colorable suspicion of African descent, and grossly insulting those even faintly suspected. The Supreme Court disposed of the iniquitous measure by declaring it unconstitutional. Another Visible Admixture Law, amendatary to the first, was passed, pronouncing extraordinary penalties on those who violated the law. Attorney General West, on the application of a citizen, has pulled the fangs of this last Democralic viper by showing that it cannot affect those already declared by the Constitution and the Supreme Court to be voters—the half white; that it has not and cannot change the status of a voter; and that consequently it is "mere sound and fury, signifying nothing." It is enough to move with compassion the bowels of a stone to see the Democratic legislators work so hard to accomplish so little.—*Cleveland Herald.*

George Earheart, turnkey of Franklin county, Ohio, jail, was assaulted on Monday morning, on entering the prison, by two prisoners, who struck him several severe blows, enveloped his head in a sheet, tied a handkerchief over his mouth, strapped his legs together, and, after taking away his pistol and keys, locked him in a cell, and then unlocked the other cells and invited the prisoners to come out. Eleven men answered to this call; they then opened the outer doors and made their escape. Pursuit was at once commenced. Five of the prisoners were overtaken near the County Infirmary, but drove off their pursuers by a vigorous show of revolvers. Some of them are desperate characters, and ten of the number are under indictment for burglary. The eleventh prisoner who escaped is a negro, indicted for murder in the first degree.

Detective Wetz, of the Fort Wayne railroad has been engaged during the last week in hunting up a seducer. He captured him in Greene county, Pennsylvania, after travelling nearly eighteen hundred miles. He was taken to Salem, Ohio, and placed under bonds of one thousand dollars to answer a charge of bastardy and seduction. The case is prosecuted by a prominent lawyer of Ohio, who assumes the guardianship of the young girl. She is only about sixteen years of age.

Of one hundred and fifty-one office holders in Milwaukee, one hundred and twenty-seven are of foreign birth, namely, the mayor, seven out of nine aldermen, fourteen out of eighteen members of Council, all of the nine constables, six of the nine justices, fourteen of the eighteen school commissioners, all the six assessors, thirty of the thirty-eight policemen, thirty-one of the thirty-four members of the fire department, the harbor master, the five weighers and measurers, and the three janitors.

The Point of Honor is the name of a new journal about to be published in Florence. It is the official organ of a society recently started in Italy for the purpose of abolishing duelling, by establishing a court of honor for the settlement of the disputes among gentlemen which are usually decided by an appeal to arms.

Salt, when mixed with manure, it is stated by a Belgian journal, will increase the natural productiveness of the soil to the extent of 250 per cent. Sea water is said to be equally efficient. These results were obtained from a series of experiments ranging over twenty-six years.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC AND MANDRAKE PILLS will cure Consumption, Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, if taken according to directions. They are all three to be taken at the same time. They cleanse the stomach, relax the livor and put it to work; then the appetite becomes good; the food digests and makes good blood; the patient begins to grow in flesh; the diseased matter ripens into the lungs, and the patient outgrows the disease and gets well. This is the only way to cure consumption.

To these three medicines Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, owes his unrivaled success in the treatment of pulmonary Consumption. The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs, nature throws it off by an easy expectoration, for when the phlegm or matter is ripe a slight cough will throw it off, and the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal.

To do this, the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver, so that the Pulmonic Syrup and the food will make good blood.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the ducts of the gall bladder, the bile starts freely, and the liver is soon relieved; the stools will show what the Pills can do; nothing has ever been invented except calomel (a deadly poison which is very dangerous to use unless with great care,) that will unlock the gall bladder and start the secretions of the liver like Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

Liver Complaint is one of the most prominent causes of Consumption.

Schenck's Seaweed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative, and the alkali in the Seaweed, which this preparation is made of, assists the stomach to throw out the gastric juice to dissolve the food with the Pulmonic Syrup, and it is made into good blood without fermentation or souring in the stomach.

The great reason why physicians do not cure Consumption is, they try to do too much: they give medicine to stop the cough, to stop chills, to stop night sweats, hectic fever, and by so doing they derange the whole digestive powers, locking up the secretions, and eventually the patient sinks and dies.

Dr. Schenck, in his treatment, does not try to stop a cough, night sweats, chills or fever. Remove the cause, and they will all stop of their own accord. No one can be cured of Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Canker, Ulcerated Throat, unless the liver and stomach are made healthy.

If a person has consumption, of course the lungs in some way are diseased, either tubercles, abcesses, bronchial irritation, pleura adhesion, or the lungs are a mass of inflammation and fast decaying. In such cases what must be done? It is not only the lungs that are wasting, but it is the whole body. The stomach and liver have lost their power to make blood out of food. Now the only chance is to take Dr. Schenck's three medicines, which will bring up a tone to the stomach, the patient will begin to want food, it will digest easily and make good blood; then the patient begins to gain in flesh, and as soon as the body begins to grow, the lungs commence to heal up, and the patient gets fleshy and well. This is the only way to cure Consumption.

When there is no lung disease and only Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are sufficient, without the Pulmonic Syrup. Take the Mandrake Pills freely in all bilious complaints, as they are perfectly harmless.

Dr. Schenck, who has enjoyed uninterrupted health for many years past, and now weighs 225 pounds, was wasted away to a mere skeleton, in the very last stage of Pulmonary Consumption, his physicians having pronounced his case hopeless and abandoned him to his fate. He was cured by the aforesaid medicines, and since his recovery many thousands similarly afflicted have used Dr. Schenck's Preparation with the same remarkable success. Full directions accompany each, making it not absolutely necessary to personally see Dr. Schenck, unless patients wish their lungs examined, and for this purpose he is professionally at his Principal Office, Philadelphia, every Saturday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. He is also professionally at No. 34 Bond street, New York, every other Tuesday, and at No. 35 Hanover street, Boston, every other Wednesday. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with his Respirometer the price is $5. Office hours at each city from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic each $1 50 per bottle, or $7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists. my19:151-d&F

DOCTOR WHITTIER CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES. That numerous class of cases resulting from self-abuse, producing unmanliness, nervous debility, irritability, eruptions, seminal emissions, and finally impotency, permanently cured. Persons afflicted with delicate, intricate and long standing constitutional complaints are politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. Experience, the best of teachers, has enabled him to perfect remedies at once efficient, safe, permanent, and which in most cases can be used without hindrance to business. Medicines prepared in the establishment, which embraces office, reception and waiting rooms; also, boarding and sleeping apartments for patients requiring daily personal attention, and vapor and chemical baths, thus concentrating the famed mineral springs. No matter who have failed, state your case. Read what he says in his pamphlet of fifty pages, sent to any address for two stamps in sealed envelope. Thousands of cases treated annually, at office and all over the country. Consultation free, personally or by mail. Office No. 9 Wylie street, (near Court House) Pittsburgh, Pa. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for *two stamps.* ap2

DOCTOR E. de F. CURTIS, of Baltimore and Washington, author of several medical works, &c &c., at the earnest solicitation of his Pittsburgh patients, has concluded to devote the following days in PHILADELPHIA to their interests: From

TUESDAY, JUNE 1st, TO SUNDAY,

JUNE 2d inclusive at his consulting rooms,

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Hours from 10 to 3 and 6 to 8 P. M.
SPECIALTY.—Treatment and Cure of Nervous and Physical Debility, the result of twenty years' successful practice. je2

ELECTRICITY AS A CURATIVE—Dr. A. H. STEVENS has been using Electricity as a SPECIAL REMEDY in curing chronic as well as acute complaints WITHOUT MEDICINE for more than TEN YEARS, with unbounded success. A PAMPHLET, including all particulars, with certificates and reliable references, will be sent to any inquirer.

A few furnished rooms vacant, for boarding patients in the Doctor's family, if applied for soon. Office and residence, 2,001 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA. my13:j22-d&F4

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world: the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful, *black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. my21:j102

EPILEPSY CAN BE CURED—Those having friends afflicted are earnestly solicited to send for a Circular Letter of References and Testimonials, which will convince the most skeptical of the *curability of the disease.* Address VAN BUREN LOCKROW M. D., 36 Great Jones street, New York. mh19:g28-d&F

THE MARRIAGE RING.—Essays on the ERRORS OF YOUTH, and the FOLLIES OF AGE, in regard to SOCIAL EVILS, with certain help for the erring and unfortunate. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Pa. my21:j63-d&F

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(Successors to W. H. McGEE & CO.,)

MERCHANT TAILORS,

Have just received their carefully selected stock of Spring and Summer Goods, and will be glad to show or sell them to old and new customers. The Cutting Department will still be superintended by Mr. C. A. MUHLANBRING.

I take pleasure in recommending the above firm to the liberal support of the public.
mh11:181 W. H. McGEE.

B. TIEGEL,

(Late Cutter with W. Hespenheide,)

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 53 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.
se26:y21

NEW SPRING GOODS.

A splendid new stock of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &C.,

Just received by HENRY MEYER.

sel4: Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield street.

NOTICES.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY,
TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT,
PHILADELPHIA, May 3d, 1869.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the capital stock of the Company, clear of National and State taxes, payable in cash on and after May 30 1869.

Blank powers of attorney for collecting dividends can be had at the office of the Company, No. 238 S. Third street.

The office will be opened at 8 A. M. and closed at 4 P. M. from May 30 to June 5, for the payment of dividends, and after that date from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

THOMAS T. FIRTH, Treasurer.

NOTE.—The Third Instalment on New Stock of 1868 is due and payable on or before June 15.
my8:198

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO.

TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT,
PHILADELPHIA, PA., April 2, 1869.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

All Stockholders, as registered on the Books of this Company on the 30th day of April, 1869, will be entitled to subscribe for TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. of their respective interests in New Stock, at par, as follows:

First. Fifty per cent. at the time of subscription, between the 15th day of May, 1869, and the 30th day or June, 1869.

Second. Fifty per cent. between the 15th day of November, 1869, and the 31st day of December, 1869; or, if Stockholders should prefer, the whole amount may be paid up at the time of subscription, and each instalment so paid up shall be entitled to a pro rata of the Dividend that may be declared on full shares.

Third. That every Stockholder holding less than four shares, shall be entitled to subscribe for one share; and those holding more than a multiple of four shares shall be entitled to subscribe for an additional share.

Fourth. All shares upon which instalments are yet to be paid under Resolution of May 13, 1868, will be entitled to their allotment of the Twenty-five per cent. at par, as though they were paid in full.

my8:198 THOMAS T. FIRTH, Treasurer.

NOTICE.

CITY TAXES, 1869.

In accordance with Section 6th, Page 268 of City Digest.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

TO THE

CITIZENS OF PITTSBURGH,

That the assessments for 1869 of City, City Building, Special, Poor, Business, City School and Ward School Taxes and City Water Rents have been returned to me for collection.

The above taxes are subject to a DEDUCTION OF FIVE PER CENTUM if paid on or before the FIRST DAY OF AUGUST, and TWO PER CENTUM if paid between the FIRST DAY OF AUGUST and the FIFTEENTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER.

No deduction will be allowed on taxes paid between september fifteenth and October first.

An addition of five per centum will be made to all taxes unpaid October first, and an additional five per centum will be added to all taxes remaining unpaid on November first.

STATE MERCANTILE LICENSES!

The State Mercantile Appraiser has returned to me for collection the appraisement for 1869. State Mercantile Licenses must be paid on or before July 1st, 1869.

All Licenses remaining unpaid at that date will be placed in the hands of Aldermen for collection.

A. J. COCHRAN,
CITY TREASURER, 4th AVENUE.
PITTSBURGH, June 1, 1869. je5:k88

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

J. L. DILLINGER.....A. E. STEVENSON

DILLINGER & STEVENSON,

DISTILLERS AND DEALERS IN

Pure Rye Whiskies.

IMPORTERS OF

BRANDIES, WINES, GINS, &C.,

No. 87 Second Avenue,

ap20 PITTSBURGH, PA.

ESTABLISHED BY A. & T. GORMLY, 1814.

W. M. GORMLY,

WHOLESALE GROCER,

No. 271 Liberty Street,

(DIRECTLY OPP. EAGLE HOTEL.)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

se 27:y16

M. STEELE.....J. A. STEELE

M. STEELE & SON,

Commission Merchants,

AND DEALERS IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, FEED, &c.

No. 95 OHIO STREET, near East Common, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

W. C. ARMSTRONG,

Successor to Fetzer & Armstrong,

PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT,

No. 25 MARKET STREET.

my18

PETER KEIL.....JAS. F. RICHART

KEIL & RITCHART,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, SEEDS, MILL FEED, &c.,

349 Liberty St., Pittsburgh,

my24:b37

L. J. BLANCHARD,

Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

No. 396 PENN STREET.

ap18:x89

LITTLE, BAIRD & PATTON,

Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants and Dealers in Produce, Flour, Bacon, Cheese, Fish, Carbon and Lard Oil, Iron, Nails, Glass, Cotton Yarns and all Pittsburgh Manufactures generally, 114 and 124 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

JOHN SHIPTON.....A. WALLACE.

SHIPTON & WALLACE, Wholesale GROCERS AND PRODUCE DEALERS, No. 6 SIXTH STREET, Pittsburgh.

ja12:r68

JOHN L. HOUSE. EDW. HOUSE. WM. H. HOUSE.

JOHN L. HOUSE & BROS., Successors to JOHN I. HOUSE & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Corner of Smithfield and Water Streets, Pittsburgh.

ICE.

ICE! ICE! ICE!

WM. KREBS,

ICE DEALER,

No. 55 Diamond Alley,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Orders addressed to W. KREBS, Eighth ward, Allegheny, will receive prompt attention. Wagons running in Pittsburgh and Allegheny.
my15:110

ICE FOR SALE

BY THE TON OR OTHERWISE,

At No. 64 Sandusky Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

my27:j86

INSURANCE.

THE IRON CITY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

Of Pennsylvania.

Office, 75 Federal St., Allegheny City.

DIRECTORS:

Hon. JAMES L. GRAHAM,
Rev. J. E. CLARK, D. D.,
Capt. R. ROBINSON,
Rev. A. K. BELL, D.D.,
Rev. S. H. NESBIT, D.D.,
W. A. REED, Cashier Allegheny Trust Co.
JACOB RUSH, Real Estate Agent,
SIMON DRUM, Mayor of Allegheny,
C. W. BENNY, Hatter,
A. S. BELL, Attorney-at-Law,
D. L. PATTERSON, Lumber Merchant,
D. SWOGER, Insurance Agent.

Capt. ROBT. ROBINSON, President,
Rev. J. B. CLARK, D. D., Vice President,
JACOB RUSH, Secretary,
C. W. BENNY, Treasurer.

M. W. WHITE, MEDICAL ADVISER.

DANIEL SWOGER, Gen'l Agent.

This is a home company, conducted on the mutual principle, each policy holder receiving an equal share of the profits of the Company. Policies will be issued on all the different plans of Life Insurance, and being conducted on an economical basis will afford a safe investment to each policy holder, and thereby retain the money at home to encourage home industry. mh29:g33

BEN FRANKLIN

INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF ALLEGHENY, PA.

OFFICE IN FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK BUILDINGS,

No. 41 Ohio St., Allegheny.

A HOME COMPANY, managed by Directors well known to the community, who trust by fair dealing to merit a share of your patronage.

HENRY IRWIN.....President.
GEO. D. RIDDLE.....Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

Henry Irwin, Geo. R. Riddle, Simon Drum, W. M. Stewart, Jos. Lautner, D. L. Patterson, Jacob Franz, J. B. Smith, Ch. P. Whilton, H. J. Zinkand, Wm. Cooper, Gottlieb Faas, Jacob Rush, Joseph Craig, Herc. Kohen.

R. E. HERON, GENERAL AGENT.

ap10:o35

CASH

INSURANCE COMPANY,

PHELAN'S BUILDING,

No. 22 Fifth Avenue, Second Floor,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Capital All Paid Up.

DIRECTORS.

N. J. Bigley, Dan'l Wallace, Jake Hill, Thomas Smith, H. W. Oliver, jr., S. H. Hartman, S. McClurkan, Jno. S. Willock, Capt. M. Bailey, A. Chambers, Jas. M. Bailey.

ROBERT H. KING, President.
JNO. F. JENNINGS, Vice President.
JOS. T. JOHNSTON, Secretary.
Capt. R. J. GRACE, Gen'l Agent.

Insures on Liberal Terms on all Fire and Marine Risks.

ap2:g67

PENNSYLVANIA

INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTTSBURGH.

OFFICE, No. 167½ WOOD STREET, BANK OF COMMERCE BUILDING.

This is a Home Company, and insures against loss by Fire exclusively.

LEONARD WALTER, President.
C. C. BOYLE, Vice President.
ROBERT PATRICK, Treasurer.
HUGH McKLHENY, Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

Leonard Walter, C. C. Boyle, Robert Patrick, Jacob Painter, Josiah King, Jas. H. Hopkins, Henry Sproul, George Wilson, Geo. W. Evans, J. C. Lappe, J. C. Fiehler, John Voegtley, A. Ammon.

jy4:

INDEMNITY

AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE.

FRANKLIN INSURANCE CO. OF PHILADELPHIA,

OFFICE, 435 & 437 CHESTNUT ST., near 5TH.

DIRECTORS.

Charles W. Bancker, Tobias Wagner, Samuel Grant, Jacob R. Smith, George W. Richards, Mordecai H. Lewis, David S. Brown, Isaac Lea, Edward C. Dale, George Fales.

CHARLES G. BANCKER, President.
EDW. C. DALE, Vice President.
W. C. STEELE, Secretary, *pro tem.*
J. GARDNER COFFIN, AGENT,
North West corner Third and Wood Streets.
mh29:w15

NATIONAL

INSURANCE COMPANY,

Cor. Federal St. and Diamond, Allegheny,

Office, in the SECOND NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

W. W. MARTIN, President,
JOHN BROWN, JR., Vice President,
JAMES E. STEVENSON, Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

John A. Myler, Jas. L. Graham, Jno. Brown, Jr., O. H. Williams, Jas. Lockhart, Robert Lea, George Gerst, Jno. Thompson, Jos. Myers, C. C. Boyle, Jacob Kopp, J. McNaugher.

ap6

WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.

ALEXANDER NIMICK, President.
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.
CAPT. GEORGE NEELD, General Agent.

Office, 92 Water street, Spang & Co.'s Warehouse, up stairs, Pittsburgh.

Will insure against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks. A home institution, managed by Directors who are well known to the community, and who are determined by promptness and liberality to maintain the character which they have assumed, as offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured.

DIRECTORS:

Alexander Nimick, R. Miller, Jr., James McAuley, Alexander Speer, Andrew Acklen, David M. Long, D. Ihmsen, John R. McCune, Chas. J. Clarke, William S. Evans, Joseph Kirkpatrick, Philip Reymer, Wm. Morrison,

no27

PEOPLES' INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE, N. E. CORNER WOOD & FIFTH STS.

A Home Company, taking Fire and Marine Risks

DIRECTORS:

Wm. Phillips, Joan Walz, John E. Parks, Capt. James Miller, Wm. Van Kirk, James D. Verner, Capt. John L. Rhoads, Samuel P. Shriver, Charles Arbuckle, Jared M. Brush, Wm F. Lang, Samuel McCrickart

WM. PHILLIPS, President.
JOHN WATT, Vice President.
W. F. GARDNER, Secretary.
CAPT. JAS. GORDON, General Agent.

ALLEGHENY INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.

OFFICE, No. 37 FIFTH STREET, BANK BLOCK.

Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.

JOHN IRWIN, JR., President.
T. J. HOSKINSON, Vice President.
C. G. DONNELL, Secretary.
CAPT. WM. DEAN, General Agent.

DIRECTORS:

John Irwin, Jr., T. J. Hoskinson, C. G. Hussey, Harvey Childs, Charles Ekys, Capt. Wm. Dean, B. L. Fahnestock W. H. Everson, Robert H. Davis, Francis Sellers, Capt. J. T. Stockdale, T. H. Nevin.

PIANOS, ORGANS, &C.

BUY THE BEST AND CHEAPEST PIANO AND ORGAN.

Schomacker's Gold Medal Piano,

AND ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN.

The SCHOMACKER PIANO combines all the latest valuable improvements known in the construction of a first class instrument, and has always been awarded the highest premium exhibited. Its tone is full, sonorous and sweet. The workmanship, for durability and beauty, surpass all others. Prices from $550 to $150, (according to style and finish,) cheaper than all other so-called first class Piano.

ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN

Stands at the head of all reed instruments, in producing the most perfect pipe quality of tone of any similar instrument in the United States. It is simple and compact in construction, and not liable to get out of order.

CARPENTER'S PATENT "VOX HUMANA TREMOLO" is only to be found in this Organ. Price from $100 to $550. All guaranteed for five years.

BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER,

No. 12 ST. CLAIR STREET.

PICKLES.—25 barrels prime Pickles, forsale by J. B. CANFIELD

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW OPERA HOUSE.

Lessee.....WM. HENDERSON.
Manager.....M. W. CANNING.

THURSDAY EVENING, June 10th, 1869, last night but three of

MAFFIT & BARTHOLOMEW,

And their celebrated Pantomime Troupe.

First time in this city of the new Burlesque and Trick Pantomime of

ROBINSON CRUSOE AND HIS MAN FRIDAY.

Robinson Crusoe.....Bartholomew.
Friday.....Maffit.

Their original characters, as played by them with great success in New York.

Friday Evening—Benefit of J. S. MAFFIT.

Farewell Matinee on Saturday.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

H. W. WILLIAMS, Lessee and Manager.

Thursday evening, June 10th, 1869, farewell benefit of the Great American Star Comique, GUS WILLIAMS. A splendid olio and the local drama called AN HUNDRED YEARS HENCE. Friday evening, benefit of F. A. TANNEHILL. Ladies' Matinee on Saturday. Saturday last night of the season.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

VICTOR PARTON - - - - Manager

MISS JEAN HOSMER,

THE ACCOMPLISHED TRAGEDIENNE,

ON

THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 10th.

je7:k34

FIFTH AVENUE HALL.—No. 65 Fifth avenue, opposite the Opera House, Pittsburgh, Pa.

W. H. STROUP.....Manager.

This house has one of the finest Billiard Rooms in the city. It is decidedly the coolest and most inviting place. The tables are all new and embrace all the modern improvements, and offers superior attractions to lovers of the game.

PROPOSALS.

TO SEWER CONTRACTORS.

The Sewer Commission of the city of Allegheny are prepared to receive PROPOSALS for the construction of the following sewers with their appurtenances, inlets, manholes, &c.:

CONTRACT NO. 1.

Comprising about 1,200 feet of 18 inch circular pipe sewer, on White Oak alley, between North avenue and Spring alley.

CONTRACT NO. 2,

Comprising about 200 feet of 18 inch circular pipe sewer, on North avenue, between Sandusky street and White Oak alley.

Drawings and specifications can be seen at the Engineer's office, City Hall. Bids must state the kind of pipe proposed to be furnished, (cement or vitrified clay pipe,) and must be endorsed "Sewer Proposals, Contract No. 1," (or No. 2, as the case may be,) and be delivered on or before 3 P. M. JUNE 14th, 1869.

Forms of proposal, on which forms alone bids will be received, will be furnished at the Engineer's office.

The Commission do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any bid.

By order of the Commission.

CHARLES DAVIS,
City Engineer.

je6:k73

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, June 7, 1869.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 3 o'clock P. M. on TUESDAY, June 15th, 1869, for grading and paving the following streets and alleys, viz.:

Montgomery alley, from North alley southward, 3d ward.

Market street from Washington avenue to Walnut street, reserving central space or forty feet, where width is ninety feet and over, 5th and 6th wards.

Fayette street from Fulton street to Beaver avenue, 5th ward.

Carpenters alley from Pine street to Union alley, 8th ward.

Also, for grading only, Evans alley, north of Nixon street, 6th ward.

Also, for paving only, Blossom alley, between O'Hara street and Peach alley, 3d ward.

Specifications can be seen in the office of Chas Davis, Esq., City Engineer

W. M. PORTER,
Controller.

je8:k28

SEALED PROPOSALS.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the Water Committee until 7 o'clock, TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 15th, 1869, for laying 20, 15, 12, 10, 8 and 6 inch pipes. Bids will be received for digging, filling and ramming the trenches for the pipe, by the cubic yard or by the lineal foot of pipe laid for the digging of trenches, laying pipe and making all connections at cross streets.

For setting and connecting fire plugs, separate bids will be received.

For further information apply to

JOSEPH FRENCH,
Superintendent.

je9:k39

SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

HOLMES, BELL & CO.,

ANCHOR COTTON MILLS.

PITTSBURGH.

Manufacturers of HEAVY MEDIUM and LIGHT

ANCHOR AND MAGNOLIA

SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

LEGAL.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA.

CONRAD C. SMITH, a Bankrupt, under the act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, having applied for a discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable under said Act, by order of the Court notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the 1st day of JULY, 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., before JOHN N. PURVIANCE, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 116 Federal street, Allegheny city, Pa., to show cause, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt.

je3:k29-TH S. C. McCANDLESS, Clerk.

WOOD TURNING,

SCROLL SAWING,

AND MOULDING

Done promptly to order at 161 Lacock street, Alleghedy City, by

P. LEBZELTER & CO.

The best attention will be given to all who want anything in our line. We always keep a large lot of turned work, such as Balusters, Newl Posts, Hubs, &c. Also, a good stock of dry Walnut, Cherry and other lumber on hand.

my11:j7 P. LEBZELTER & CO.

ROCK THE BABY

IN

EARNEST'S PATENT CRIB.

SOLD ONLY BY

LEMON & WEISE.

Practical Furniture Manufacturers, &c.,

118 FOURTH AVENUE.

Where may be found a full assortment of Parlor, Chamber and Kitchen Furniture. de25

FLOUR.

The celebrated WHITE ROSE is conceded by all who have tried it to be the best and cheapest flour in the city. Give it a trial. Sold by

By MEANOR & HARPER,

AT THE WH

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE GAZETTE *is furnished to the city the six days of the week for 15 cents per week; by mail, $8 per annum: 3 mos., $2.*

Gas Extension.—Gas pipe has recently been laid on Crawford street and lamps will soon be erected.

Sent to Dixmont.—William Pool, the insane man who has been in the lock-up for several days past, was sent to Dixmont yesterday morning.

Coming Down.—Strawberries were sold in market yesterday morning at fifteen cents per quart. When the season first opened they sold at about five cents apiece.

Wanted.—Situation by a young man as Rookkeeper or assistant Bookkeeper, good penman and several years experience in store and bank, can give good reference. Address box "A," GAZETTE office, or call at GAZETTE Counting Room.

Found Dead.—Yesterday evening an old lady occupying a house on Penn street, in the Twelfth ward, was found dead in her bed, and from the appearance of the body death must have ensued several days since, as it was in a state of decompesition.

An Impudent Visitor.—James Murther made information yesterday before Alderman Mullen against John McMans for assault and battery. The accused is charged with entering the house of Murther and acting in a disorderly manner, and attempting to whip his wife. Warrant issued.

Alleged Till Tapping.—Anthony Benninger alleges that while he was absent from his saloon, on Ohio street, Allegheny, yesterday, Frank Weis entered and robbed the drawer of a small amount of change contained therein. Alderman Bolster issued a warrant for the arrest of Weis upon an information for larceny.

Vacancy Filled.—The vacancy in the Select branch of the Allegheny Councils, caused by the resignation of John A. Myler, Esq., was filled by a special election on Tuesday. Messrs. David Gillmore and W. C. Coffin were the contestants, Mr. Gillmore being successful. The election was a very quiet one.

Virgin Alley Proceedings.—Mary Perkins and Carrie Vaughn, two virgin residents of Virgin alley, had a misunderstanding yesterday. Marv alleges Carrie struck her in the mouth with a parasol, injuring both the mouth and the weapon also. It is alleged Carrie proceeded further and threatened to inflict a terrible and possibly fatal injury upon Mary with a knife. Warrants for the arrest of the accused were issued.

Alleged False Pretence.—Patrick Sheefe appeared before Alderman M'Masters yesterday, and made information against Alexander Montgomery for false pretence, Patrick alleges he purchased a horse from the defendant for forty two dollars, which was warranted sound and perfect in every respect, but the reverse proved to be the case. The accused was arrested and gave bail for a hearing.

Misplaced Confidence.

An unsophisticated German was swindled out of ten dollars at the Union Depot, yesterday, by a confidence man, who made his acquaintance and induced him to walk down street. The twain met a third party, who asked the stranger to pay that little bill. The confidence man—supposed by the German to be a carpenter—pulled out a handfull of gold and persuaded his new companion to exchange greenbacks for the specie. Greeney invested ten dollars, and went back to the depot. There he discovered the "gold" pieces to be a good quality of brass, and himself swindled. He was on his way west with his wife, and was waiting for the train when picked by his agreeable friend who presented him with the specie.

Seriously Injured.

Edward Royder, a native of Ireland, who, it appears, has only been on this side of the "fish pond" about six weeks, was found at the Mercantile Library building on Penn street, yesterday evening, drunk, and unable to walk on account of an injury in his right foot and ankle. He was placed in a wagon and taken to the lock-up, when he stated that he had been employed at the building as a laborer, and that he had got drunk and quarreled with some person at the building, who knocked him down and jumped upon him. A physician was sent for, who, upon examining his injuries, stated that the ankle was dislocated and some of the small bones in the foot were broken. He was so drunk that he could not tell who injured him. He was sent to Mercy Hospital.

Alleged Larceny.

A Mr. Aigerman was arrested yesterday morning by officer McCready on a charge of larceny. It appears that Aigerman has been under the influence of liquor for several days, and yesterday afternoon was in the Cottage Saloon on Fifth avenue, where, after taking a drink, he seated himself on a chair against the wall behind the bar. Mr. Buckalew, the proprietor of the saloon, had left his vest hanging on a nail above the chair, and while Aigerman was sitting there he went to it, took out his pocket book to get some change and replaced it again. Shortly after Aigerman left the room, and when Mr. Buckalew went to get his vest he discovered that his pocket book, containing seventy-five dollars, had been taken. He asserts that there was no one except himself and Mr. Aigerman behind the counter during the interval between the time he replaced the pocket book in the vest pocket and its disappearance. Aigerman was locked up for a hearing.

Wholesale Larceny.

About two weeks since Mr. G. A. Whitney, residing on Resaca street, Second ward, Allegheny, being in need of female help, was applied to by one Ann Dugan, who had just been released from the Penitentiary, where she had been committed about two years since from Venango county, for larceny committed in Pleasantville, where she resided, and he concluded to employ her, an unwise conclusion, as the sequel will show. Yesterday about three o'clock Mrs. Whitney went across the street to see a neighbor, and was absent about half an hour. When she returned Ann was nowhere to be found, and on examination she discovered that three silk dresses and two other dresses, two sets of furs, two sheets, a pair of pillow cases and her best bonnet were also missing. The articles taken were worth about three hundred dollars. Some of the neighbors informed her that they had seen Ann going down the street shortly after three o'clock, with a bundle on her shoulder, and that is the last that has been heard of her.

EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.

Episcopal Diocese of Pittsburgh—Fourth Annual Convention—Second Day's Proceedings.

MORNING SESSION.

The Convention reassembled at nine o'clock.

Morning prayer was conducted by the Bishop, assisted by Rev. Mr. Brooke, of Christ Church, Allegheny, and Rev. Mr. Mackay.

After devotional exercises, the Convention proceeded with business, the Bishop presiding.

The Secretary read the minutes of the first day's proceedings, which after a few slight amendments were adopted.

The roll was called, when the following additional Lay delegates answered to their names: Dr. J. H. Grouard, Jas. C. Doane, Malcolm Hay and John Brian.

NEW PARISH.

The Bishop called attention to the fact that Trinity Parish, Conneatville, although connected with the Diocese of Pennsylvania, had not been represented in the Convention since 1865. He suggested that some action be taken in the matter by the Convention.

Mr. Brunot thought according to custom it would be necessary for the Parish to make formal application for admission, it not having been represented for three years.

Rev. J. F. Spaulding offered a resolution that the Parish be admitted to representation in the present Convention.

Rev. Mr. Eagar thought the matter could easily be settled by allowing the delegates from the Parish named to present their credentials to the Committee on Admission of Lay Deputies, who would report to the Convention their eligibility.

Several motions were here made in reference to the point in dispute, none of which, however, prevailed.

Mr. King finally moved to amend the original resolution by instructing the Secretaries to enroll Trinity Parish, Conneautville, upon the list of Parishes entitled to representation. Carried.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

The Bishop announced the next order of business to be the election of officers and standing committees for the ensuing year, the nominations for which had been made the previous day.

The Convention then proceeded to ballot, with the following result:

Standing Committee—Rev. T. Crumpton, D. D., Rev. J. Scarborough. Lay—J. H. Shoenberger, Gen G. W. Cass.

Finance Committee—Messrs. Malcolm Hay and E. S Golden.

Treasurer Episcopal Fund—Malcolm Hay.

Treasurer Convention Fund—George T. Van Doren.

Treasurer Christmas Fund—J. H. Hill.

Registerar—Rev. R. S. Smith.

Those above named were declared elected, and the Bishop announced that there were still two members of the Standing Committee—one clerical and one lay member—and three members of the Finance Committee to be elected. A second ballot was ordered, but the voting was postponed until the unfinished business of last Convention would be disposed of.

Reports from the various Committees were now called for.

Rev. Mr. Fuller, from the Committee on Unfinished Business, reported a statement of the resolutions referred to them by the last annual Convention. In referrence to a resolution adopted last year in the matter of the admission of all Saints Parish, Pittsburgh, and St. Johns, Erie, the Committee reported that the portion of the resolution related to St. Johns had been adopted.

The remainder, referring to All Saints Parish, had been laid over.

The other resolutions had not been acted upon, and were reported back to the Convention as unfinished business.

The report was accepted and laid over under the rules.

Rev. Mr. White presented the report of the Committee on Conference, with Advancement Society and Corporation for the Widows and Orphans of Deceased Clergymen in the State of Pennsylvania.

The report was accepted and laid over under the rules.

Mr. Josiah King presented a report of the Finance Committee in reference to the delinquent parishes, which was accepted.

ALL SAINTS PARISH.

Rev. M. A. Tolman offered the following:

Resolved, That All Saints Church, Pittsburgh, be admitted into union with this Convention as soon as the Bishop shall certify to the Convention that the worship in said church is in conformity with the doctrines, discipline and worship of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the United States of America.

Gen. Purviance moved to amend by adding the words, "and of this Diocese."

Mr. Brunot said he opposed the resolution. He had all confidence in the Bishop, and felt that he, in reference to the matter, would do right. But he had no confidence in a congregation which had departed so far from the customs, usages and doctrines of the Episcopal Church as the parish in question. They might for a time conform to the rules required, get admitted into union with the Diocese, and then resume their old practices. He therefore opposed the resolution.

Mr. M. A. Woodward said the Convention could not do away with the responsibility in this matter. It was their duty to act upon it and settle it themselves. They could not shirk their duty by placing the whole question in the hands of the Bishop, and thus compelling him to bear a burden which should be borne by the Convention itself. He had attended the services in All Saints Church, and could not have told that it was a Protestant Episcopal or any kind of Protestant Church had he not been so informed. He strongly favored the resolution.

Rev. B. F. Brown did not wish to vote merely on a sweeping assertion, that any parish was not eligible to union with the Diocese, because of non-conformity with its doctrines or usages. He wished the charges proven first, and then he could vote intelligently. If the worship and doctrines as alleged were not in accordance with the principles of the Protestant Episcopal Church he would as readily, as any member of the Convention, vote for its expulsion.

Mr. Hay rose to a point of order. He contended that the Rector of All Saints Church was a member of the Convention and was alone responsible for the doctrines taught in the Parish, and not the members of the Parish. The Convention, therefore, could not discuss this matter pending the admission of the Parish to the Diocese.

The Bishop ruled the entire question open to general discussion.

Mr. Howe moved an indefinite postponement of the whole matter. He said, by reference to the Bishop's address, it was found that all Saints Church was not only a recusant, but exceedingly contumacious church.

They had been requested to cease from the practices by the Bishop, and refused and further insisted upon their rights to continue the practices. Such being the status of the case, he was entirely opposed to any advancements being made by the Convention to bring this parish in union with the Diocese. It was rather the duty of the Parish to sue for admission.

Mr. Purviance asked that that portion of the Bishop's address in reference to All Saints Church be read for the information of those who were not present when it was first delivered.

Mr. King moved that in addition, the correspondence between the Bishop and Rector of All Saints Church upon the subject be read.

Rev. Mr. Wilson objected to the reading of the correspondence. That had nothing to do with the admission of the parish. The Convention could only say whether the lay delegates from All Saints Church would be admitted or not. The Convention, however, could not resolve itself into a court and try the Rector of the parish, who, by virtue of the constitution, was a member of the body.

Rev. Mr. Karch, of Kittaning, said he thought the Rector of "All Saints" Church should be allowed to speak in his own behalf. He believed the Convention had nothing to do with the parish but to admit it. He then reviewed at considerable length the service and practices followed in All Saints Church, as had been witnessed by himself, and said he had not observed any departure from the cardinal rules and ordinances of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

The only departures, so far as he had observed, were merely slight variations which were merely matters of taste, and not liable to condemnation. If, however, in teaching the doctrines there were heresies, the guilt did not rest upon the people but the Rector, and he was so surrounded by the Presbyters, whose duty it was promptly to report such misdemeanors, and demand a trial before a proper tribunal.

The gentleman continued at considerable length to examine the question in all its bearings, and finally, at one o'clock, gave way to a motion for adjournment, with the provision that he was entitled to the floor at the reassembling of the Convention.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Convention reassembled at three o'clock, Bishop Kerfoot presiding.

DISCUSSION RESUMED.

Rev. Mr. Karcher, who had the floor at the adjournment of the morning session, resumed his remarks in relation to the difficulty of All Saints Church. He said during the intermission he had had further time to consider the question, and the more he reflected the more fully convinced he became that the resolution offered, referring to All Saints Church, would not meet the issue, and that the shortest way was to receive the lay deputies from the Church, and then if any connected, either clerical or lay, had offended, let them be promptly brought to trial before a proper tribunal. Let us look at this question in the light of pure and simple justice. He contended that in settling the question, it was but proper to refer to the usages and practices in the apostolic churches, and compare those earlier churchs customs with those of the present day. He then read selections from Kurtz's, Mosheim's, Hagenbaugh, and other church histories in support of the idea that the early church was far in advance of the present organization in inculcating and conducting their government by the practices now so strongly condemned, and if the sentence of heresy were written upon the parishes now persisting in these practices, then the same sentence must be written on the church of the early fathers. In recapitulation the speaker said he had been charged with being a ritualist, a charge which he emphatically denied.

Mr. Cooper now obtained the floor, but yielded it to Rev. J. S. Miller, Rector of All Saints Parish, who said he wished to make a few statements in order to close the discussion, which was already protracted at too great a length. He then reviewed the act of a previous Convention in admitting the Parish, which came before them with the same charter, the same government, the same usages and practices as on the last Sunday morning. He was willing now to conform to the law of the church when that law was properly and legally expressed. He did not wish the laity of the parish to suffer at all. They were not at all responsible for his acts, and upon him rested the responsibility of departing, if there were any departures, from the Church law. He did not, however, on this point concede the right of the Convention to try him on his doctrines or beliefs. In the matter of the services he contended that was simply following out the principles and practices of the early Church, and expressly denied that any such services had been conducted or any such doctrine taught in All Saints Parish as had been charged. In conclusion, he asked the Convention to disconnect him with the Parish and take a direct vote on the question of admitting the Parish.

Mr. Cooper, resuming the floor, moved that in all future discussions the speeches be limited to ten minutes, and that the discussion relevant to All Saints Church be closed at five o'clock, the vote to be then taken. The motion was amended, limiting the speeches to five minutes, and carried.

Mr. Purviance again called for the reading of the Bishops address in reference to the matter in dispute.

Rev. Mr. Thorp next obtained the floor, and corroborated the arguments used by Rev. Karcher, in reference to the practices in the early church, by quoting the example and teachings of some of the most revered names in the past history of Christianity. If these men were heretics, he expressed a wish to be forever classed with them.

Mr. Hay moved that the portion of the address referring to Christ Church, Meadville, be also read. Lost.

Rev. Mr. Karcher moved for the reading of the correspondence relative to All Saints Church between the Rector of the same and the Bishop. Ruled out of order.

Mr. Purviance's motion was then taken up and carried.

The Bishop then read the portion of his address as desired.

Rev. Mr. Eagar thought the question rested simply upon a question as to admission of the Parish, not upon the doctrines or anything else taught in the church. The Parish applied for admission with a proper charter, agreeing to abide by all the rules of the Protestant Episcopal Church, and in every respect conforming to the constitution of the church organization.

Rev. Mr. Ten Broeck said the arguments had thus far been made on a wrong basis. The charge of false practices had been made against both the Rector and the laity, and that the Church could not after an admission into the Diocese, reach the parish unless by expulsion. In such a case he contended that the only method of action was to compel All Saints Church to desist from the practices now, before granting it admission.

Rev. Mr. White held that the Rector, Mr. Miller, was himself responsible. The Church had no way of reaching the laity of a Parish except through the Rector, and he thought this point should be considered in the case.

Mr. Wilson said the Rector was not on trial. If so, then the Parish was held by the throat by the Rector. They ask for admission, and are told that they do not conform to the rules of the Church, and the Rector, according to some of the arguments advanced, was alone responsible for this state of affairs. This might be law, but he certainly did not want it called the law of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

Mr. Tolman thought there was a discrepancy in the two resolutions offered thus far in the matter. The first in substance declared that the All Saints Church was not wanted in the Diocese. In making his resolution he had endeavored to so word it that this difficulty might be avoided, by granting authority to the Bishop to admit the Parish as soon as he was satisfied that it conformed in all respects to the discipline of the church.

Mr. Brunot thought the Parish asked for admission as a corporation—Rector, Warden and vestry—and that as such, where the corporation in some of its provisions did not meet with the proper constitutional requirements, he thought the Convention might very consistently, and without injuring any one, decide upon the question at once.

Mr. E. S. Golden distinguished between the Rector and laity of a parish, and he thought the parish should not be convicted for the irregular usages and practices in doctrine of its Rector. When the parish as a corporation asked for admission, and presented a charter which was found to be in accordance with the Constitution, the request should be granted, in all justice. He was in favor of conducting things in an orderly and lawful manner. If the Rector of All Saints was on trial now, it was a very informal proceeding, and he did not wish to sit on such a case.

Rev. Mr. Miller again claimed the floor, and stated that he had refused to obey the Bishop, because he regarded it in the light of a penal punishment.

The Bishop stated that no official admonition, in the sense of a penal punishment, had been served. The admonition was simply a requirement for the future, and had no reference to the past.

Mr. Thos. M. Howe closed the debate with a few remarks, in which he stated that his objection to the admission of All Saints Church was that the Rector had manifested a contumacious spirit in refusing to receive the admonition of the Bishop. While that was the relation of the parish, for the Rector was a part of the parish, towards the constitutional authorities, it would be wise to postpone the matter indefinitely.

THE BALLOTING.

The hour of five o'clock having arrived, the Bishop announced the order of the day to be the vote on the question of postponement of the subject according to Mr. Purviance's amendment. The yeas and nays were called, with the following result: Clerical, yeas 17, nays 17; Lay, yeas 22, nays 5.

The motion to postpone indefinitely was declared lost.

The question then occurred on Mr. Tolman's resolution to admit the Parish at the discretion of the Bishop.

The yeas and nays were again called, with the following result: Clerical, yeas 8, nays 26; Lay, yeas 3, nays 25.

The resolution was accordingly declared lost.

The vote then recurred on the resolution as presented at the Convention in 1868, and which now came up as unfinished business. The resolution read

Resolved, That All Saints Parish, Pittsburgh, be admitted into Union with this Diocese.

The yeas and nays were: Clerical, yeas 7, nays 24; Lay, yeas 2, nays 24.

The question was accordingly decided in the negative. So the matter ended, the Parish not being admitted.

Mr. Cooper moved that when the Convention adjourn, it do so until half-past seven o'clock in the evening. Carried.

Mr. Hay moved that the Treasurer of the Convention be designated by that title, instead of Treasurer of the Convention Fund. Carried.

Adjourned.

EVENING SESSION

Convened at 7½ o'clock. On motion the reading of the minutes was dispensed with.

Rev. Wm. White presented the report of the Committee on Parishes, recommending the admission of Emanuel Emporium Parish.

Report accepted and the recommendation agreed to.

UNFINISHED BUSINESS.

Business remaining over from last year, and presented by the appropriate Committee, was next taken up.

The amendment to Rule 3d in the Constitution was the first in order, proposing to insert in the rule the words "for more than one year." The rule would then read, "No Parish shall be entitled to representation in the Convention which shall have failed for more than one year to pay the assessment made by the Convention."

After some discussion, Mr. James M. Cooper moved to lay the amendment on the table. Carried unanimously.

The second item was relative to a preamble and resolutions offered by Rev. Mr. White, at the last Convention, instructing the Finance Committee to assess the interest on the sums, rated to the non-contributing Parishes, as long as those sums remained unpaid, and that the deficiency needed for the maintenance of the Episcopate be assessed upon all the Parishes. After a lengthy discussion the resolutions were withdrawn by Mr. White.

FINANCIAL MATTERS.

Mr. Hay called up the special report of the Finance Committee in relation to Parishes in arrears for assessments.

After the reading of the report Mr. Hay offered a substitute for the resolutions accompanying it.

The substitute provided for the representation of those Parishes in arrears provided they agreed to pay their assessments as soon as possible. The Finance Committee were further granted power to amend and correct any assessment.

The substitute was adopted.

The regular report of the Finance Committee was then called up. The report referred to the purchase of a house for the use of the Bishop at a price of $7,500, reviewed the matter of assessments at length, and contained a schedule of them for the ensuing year, showing the amount necessary to be raised to be $3,600, or about one dollar and twenty cents per communicant.

The report was adopted.

Mr. Hay moved that one-half of the assessments made by the Committee be paid immediately, and the remainder before the first day of December next. Carried.

Mr. Purviance offered a resolution instructing the ministers of the several parishes to report at the next Convention the amount of assessments paid, and the amount in arrears, together with the cause of the non-payment of the full amounts when a deficit occurs. Lost.

Rev. Mr. Egar offered as a substitute, an amendment to Rule third in the Constitution, which covered the same ground. Laid over under the rules.

Rev. Mr. Scarborough moved to amend Rule three in relation to the Board of Missions, as suggested by the Bishop in his annual address. Carried.

MISSIONARY REPORT.

Rev. Mr. Smith, from the Board of Missions, read the Annual Missionary Report, which exhibited an encouraging condition of affairs in this department of the church's work. Seventeen Missionaries were employed at various times during the year, and eleven are now engaged in the work. There is however a sufficient field for twenty laborers, could they be obtained and supported. The receipts during the year were $4,489.29; disbursements $4,388.53; balance in Treasury $60.72.

About $2,000 more was raised in Pittsburgh and Erie for local purposes; $6,000 are needed to enable the Committee fully to meet all the proposed demands upon them during the ensuing year. During the past year a sufficient amount has been realized to meet all demands, and all the missionaries employed were fully paid in advance.

The report was unanimously adopted.

The report of the Treasurer was also accepted and ordered to be printed.

The following Board of Missions were then elected for the ensuing year:

Pittsburgh—Rev. John Scarborough, Rev. H. F. Hartman, John H. Shoenberger, Esq., James M. Cooper, Esq.

Erie—Rev. M. A. Tolman, B. B. Vincent, Esq.

Kittanning—Rev. Wm. White, E. S. Golden, Esq.

Brownsville—H. H. Loring, W. W. Smith.

Rev. Mr. White presented a series of resolutions recommending to the consideration of Vestries the matter of taking out policies of life insurance for their Rectors. Adopted.

Adjourned to meet this morning at nine o'clock.

"Piano Buying Made Easy."

Charlotte Blume, 43 Fifth avenue, has adopted the system of selling pianos very low, for strict cash; or will, at less than catalogue prices, take part cash and the balance in monthly or quarterly installments, with interest on unpaid parts until settled. Thus, none need deprive their children of at once the greatest accomplishment, as well as the easiest, the most profitable, and most genteel means of providing for their own means of support. Mrs. Blume sells nothing but first-class pianos from the celebrated factories of Wm. Knabe & Co., and Haines' Brothers; also, organs and melodeons made by George A. Prince & Co., Prescott Bros., George Cook & Co., Loring & Blake, Treat, Linsley & Co., and others. Persons living at a distance will be furnished with an illustrated catalogue with prices marked from $50 to $200 less than agents generally sell for, by sending their address to Charlotte Blume, 43 Fifth avenue. 5

Unrivaled.

The reputation of Pittsburgh restaurants and dining saloons is equal to that of any city in the United States, not alone on account of our excellent Market facilities, but because we have a few establishments in the city, the proprietors of which take a special pride in their business and endeavor to conduct it in such a manner as receives the approval of their patrons; and the others, if they desire to do a living business, must approximate to something near the standard established by these men. Our friend Holtzheimer, of the Continental, Fifth avenue, next door to the Postoffice, is one of the leading spirits in the business, and the Continental is *the* leading establishment.

Wanted to Fight.

Martin Gilmarten and John McManns, neighbors and residents of the Third ward, Allegheny, have been on unfriendly relations for some time past, which cropped out more noticeably yesterday in the case of John, who, according to Martin's statement, manifested an exceedingly anxious desire to chastise him. Animated by this spirit John is said to have made divers fierce threats of his intentions, which so alarmed Gilmartin that he hastened to seek the protection of the law. Hence, the information for surety of the peace before Alderman Mullen yesterday, in which Gilmartin appears as prosecutor, and John as defendant. A warrant for John's arrest was issued.

Queensware and Pottery.

The demand for the celebrated Keystone Pottery queensware has so rapidly increased during the past year that unless the manufacturing facilities of the establishment are increased the firm will be unable to supply the trade in a few years. The reputation of this ware is rapidly spreading through the entire country, and its fine finish, strength and durability, combined with its cheapness, makes it a most desirable article. Messrs. S M. Kier & Co., the proprietors, No. 363 Liberty street, have a large assortment on hand, to which they invite the attention of purchasers. It is as white as alabaster, hard as adamant, and as strong as ironstone china.

To the Trade.

Mr. John Megraw, wholesale and retail dealer in tobacco, segars, pipes, &c., No. 45 Hand street, respectfully calls the attention of the trade, as well as the consumer, to his fine brands of segars and tobacco, which he is selling at prices which defy competition. All the best brands of Navy, Cavendish and other chewing tobaccos, as well as the choicest foreign and domestic segars, can be obtained at this establishment. His stock of pipes and segar tubes is unsurpassed in this city, as any one may readily ascertain by a purchasing visit.

Elegant Furniture, horses, vehicles, harness, &c., Highland avenue, East Liberty. The entire, large and elegant furnishment of rosewood, mahogany, oil and varnished walnut, oak and plain cabinet ware, &c., at the residence of S. R. McClean, Highland avenue, East Liberty, will be sold, to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock, by A. McIlwaine, auctioneer. Also finest grades of Brussels and ingrain carpets, oil paintings, bronze statuary, &c. This is an unusual sale of the complete furnishment, all nearly new, embracing everything usual to an elegant country home. Also a horse, pony, barouche, buggy, harness &c.

The Munson Lightning Rod.—Munson's Lightning Rod has been indorsed by over five hundred Professors in Colleges, and other scientific men, as the best rod ever invented, and possessing all the elements necessary to protect buildings from lightning. It is manufactured by Lockhart & Co., 234 Penn street, Pittsburgh,

Pianos sold from $75 to $200 each below regular prices, by Charlotte Blume, 43 Fifth avenue, sole agent for Wm. Knabe & Co.'s and Haines Bros' unrivaled Pianofortes. 5

Second hand Books bought and sold at Colonel J. D. Egan's book and stationery store, Sixth avenue, near Smithfield street.

Hoop Skirts and Corsets, closing out at very low prices. No. 52 St. Clair street. J. M. Burchfield & Co.

Printed P. K's, worth one dollar, closing out at 50 cents. J. M. Burchfield & Co., No. 52 St. Clair street.

Hoop Skirts at 38c, 50c and 75c, at Bates & Bell's.

Spun Silk, Cashmere, Lama and White Shawls, of every make, at Bates & Bell's.

Black Silk Suits.—Bates & Bell's.

It is Seldom that we use the columns of this paper to "puff" or notice the "thousand and one" articles known as "Patent Medicines." We, however, vary from our rule in the present case, that we may call attention to the article known as "S. T.—1860—X., Plantation Bitters." We desire it understood that we do so without any solicitation or promise of benefit from the proprietor or other interested parties. We simply do it as an act of duty towards those who are laboring under physical disabilities, weakness, and the various complaints arising from impurities of the blood. Having used the Bitters at the instigation of a friend, (and, we confess, with some misgivings at the out set.) we found them a most valuable medical compound, and to our great satisfaction, accomplished the object for which they were used.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price. TH.S.T.F.

The Great Circus is Coming to Town.—Beggs & M'Graw have now on hand a well selected stock of table ware, excelled by none in the market. We would have one and all call and examine our stock of dishes. Do not forget the place, No. 10 West side Diamond, Allegheny.

White Marseilles Suits.—New goods. Bates & Bell's.

3,000 Yards real French Jaconets, choicest styles and best goods made, only 37½ cts, worth 62½ cts. Ladies are invited to examine them at J. M. Carr's, 118 Federal street.

Thibet Shawls, in every variety. Bates & Bell.

Black Mohairs.—Special bargains just opened from the New York auction rooms, much under price, at J. M. Carr's, 118 Federal street.

50 Dozen Gents' hemmed handkerchiefs, *by the dozen* 25 per cent. under usual price, at J. M. Carr's, 118 Federal street.

Linen Suits.—Eastern patterns. Bates & Bell's.

Parasols.—The most complete stock in the city at J. M. Carr's, 118 Federa street.

The place to get White Lime, Calcined Plaster, Hydraulic Cement, is at Ecker & Caskey's, 13 Smithfield street.

Remnants of dress goods, silks and poplins and wool goods, cheap at J. M. Burchfield & Co.'s.

Constitution Water is a certain cure for Diabetes and all diseases of the Kidneys. For sale by all Druggists. TTHS:T.

MARRIED.

LANGFITT—DAWSON—On Tuesday, June 8th, 1869, at the residence of the bride's mother, by Rev. Charles Thorn, Dr. W. J. LANGFITT, of Allegheny City, and Miss LOU DAWSON, of Beaver county, Pa.

DORRINGTON—McDONALD—On Tuesday evening, June 8th, 1869, in the First United Presbyterian Church, Steubenville, Ohio, by Rev. A. M. Reid, M. A., Principal of the Female Seminary, assisted by Revs. J. R. Kerr and John Douglas, D.D., J. B. DORRINGTON, Esq., P. C. & St. L. R. R., Pittsburgh, and Miss AGNES J. McDONALD, of the former place.

DIED.

GARBER—On Tuesday morning, June 8th, 1869, at half past seven o'clock, JACOB GARBER, in the 42d year of his age.

The funeral will take place at 2 o'clock THIS AFTERNOON from his late residence, No. 170 Smithfield street. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

McINTOSH—On Wednesday, June 9th, WILLIAM McINTOSH, aged 30 years, brother of Lewis McIntosh.

Funeral at 2 o'clock THIS AFTERNOON from No. 48 Sandusky street, Allegheny.

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished.

REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D.D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob H Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner of SANDUSKY STREET AND CHUECH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $12 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

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SIMON JOHNSTON,

Corner Fourth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

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HENRY G. HALE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that his

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No. 50 SIXTH STREET, (late St Clair,) have just received from the East the best lot of New Goods for Spring Suits ever brought to the market. The firm warrant to cut and fit and make Clothes cheaper and better than any first-class house in this city. A new and splendid assortment of GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS are at all times to be found at this house. Our Number is 50 SIXTH STREET.